बेष्ट फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड को वार्षिक साधारण सभा सम्बन्धी सचना

श्री शेयरधनी महानुभावहरु

यस वेष्ट फाईनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेडको २४ औं वार्षिक साधारण सभा मिति २०७८/०१/३१ गते गर्ने भनी सूचना जारी भएको तर कोभिड–१९ रोगको महामारीको नियन्त्रणको लागि नेपाल सरकारवाट जारी निषेधाज्ञाको कारण उक्त मितिको साधारण सभा स्थगित गरिएकोमा मिति २०७८ श्रावण २८ गते विहिबारका दिन बसेको सञ्चालक समितिको ४२८ औं बैठकको निर्णयानुसार पुन : यस वित्तीय संस्थाको चौविसौं वार्षिक साधारण सभा देहायका बिषयहरुमा छलफल गर्नका लागि निम्न मिति, स्थान र समयमा बस्ने भएको हुँदा कम्पनी ऐन २०६३ को दफा ६७ एवं वित्तीय संस्थाको नियमावलीको नियम ४ अनुसार सम्पूर्ण शेयरधनी महानुभावहरुको जानकारी एवं उपस्थितिको लागि यो सूचना प्रकाशित गरिएको छ ।

सभा सञ्चालन हुने स्थान, मिति र समय

मिति : २०७८ साल भाद्र ३० गते बुधबार (तदनुसार १४ सेप्टेम्बर, २०२१)

स्थान : केन्द्रीय कार्यालय, कमलादी, काठमाडौं

समय : विहान १९:०० बजे

छलफलका विषयहरु

क) सामान्य प्रस्ताव

- १. यस बेष्ट फाइनान्स कम्पनी लि. को आ. ब. २०७६∕०७७ को सञ्चालक समितिको प्रतिवेदन उपर छलफल गरि पारित गर्ने ।
- यस वेष्ट फाईनान्स कम्पनी लि.को आ.ब.२०७६/०७७ को लेखा परिक्षणको प्रतिवेदन सहितको बार्षिक वित्तीय विबरणहरु छलफल गरि पारित गर्ने ।
- ३. लेखापरिक्षकको प्रतिवेदन सहितको आ.ब.२०७६/०७७ को बार्षिक वित्तीय विवरण (२०७७ आषाढ मसान्तको वासलात, नाफा नोक्सान हिसाब र सोही अवधिको नगद प्रवाह विवरण, नाफा नोक्सान बाँडफाँड हिसाब लगायत बार्षिक वित्तीय विवरणसंग सम्बन्धित अनुसूचीहरु समेत) छलफल गरी पारित गर्ने ।
- ४. लेखापरिक्षण समितिको सिफारिस बमोजिम आ.ब.२०७७/०७८ को लागि बाह्य लेखापरिक्षक नियुक्ती गर्ने र निजको पारिश्रमिक निर्धारण गर्ने ।
- ४. यस बेष्ट फाइनान्स कम्पनी लि.को संचालक समितिबाट सस्थापक शेयरधनीको तर्फबाट मनोनीत महिला संचालक नियुक्तीको अन्मोदन गर्ने ।
- ६. संचालक समितिको लागि संस्थापक तथा सर्वसाधारण समुहको संचालकहरुको निर्वाचन गर्ने ।

ख) बिशेष प्रस्ताव

9. यस वित्तीय संस्थाले भविष्यमा अन्य उपयुक्त बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थासंग एक आपसमा गाभ्ने/गाभिने (Merger) तथा प्राप्ति (Acquisition) गर्ने सम्बन्धी समभदारी पत्रमा हस्ताक्षर गर्न, चल अचल सम्पति र दायित्व मुल्याङ्घन (Due Diligence Audit) गर्नको लागि मान्यता प्राप्त मुल्याङ्घन कर्ता नियुक्त गर्न, निजको पारिश्रमीक तोक्ने लगायत मर्जर सम्बन्धि अन्य आवश्यक प्रक्रिया प्रा गर्न सञ्चालक समितिलाई अख्तियारी प्रदान गर्ने ।

ग) <u>विविध</u>

सञ्चालक समितिको आज्ञाले (कम्पनी सचिव)

साधारण सभा सम्बन्धी अन्य जानकारी

- 9. यस बेष्ट फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेडको चौविसौ साधारण सभा प्रयोजनको लागि मिति २०७८/०५/०८ गते एक दिन शेयरधनी दर्ता किताब बन्द (Book Close) रहने छ । उक्त मिति भन्दा अघिल्लो दिन सम्म नेपाल धितोपत्र बिनिमय बजार लिमिटेडमा कारोबार भई वित्तीय संस्थाको शेयर रजिष्ट्रार प्रभु क्यापिटल लिमिटेड, कमलादी काठमाण्डौंबाट शेयर दाखिल खारेज भई शेयरधनी दर्ता किताबमा कायम भएका शेयरधनीहरुले साधारण सभामा भाग लिन तथा मतदानमा सहभागी हन योग्य मानिने छन् ।
- २. वार्षिक प्रतिबेदन तथा साधारण सभामा छलफल हुने बिषयहरु सहितको सूचना शेयरधनी महानुभावहरुलाई उपलब्ध घर ठेगानामा पठाइने छ । वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन प्राप्त हुन नसकेमा संस्थाको प्रधान कार्यालय कमलादी काठमाण्डौं, शाखा कार्यालय मिलन चोक बुटवल तथा संस्थाको शेयर रजिष्ट्रार प्रभु क्यापिटल लिमिटेड, कमलादी काठमाण्डौंमा सम्पर्क राखी शेयरधनी प्रमाणपत्र प्रस्तुत गरी वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन प्राप्त गर्न सक्नुहुनेछ ।
- ३. विश्वव्यापी रुपमा फैलिएको कोभिड–१९ को संक्रमण रोकथाम र नियन्त्रणको लागि नेपाल सरकारले जारी गरेको स्वास्थ्य सुरक्षा सम्बन्धी मापदण्डको पालना गरी संस्थाको साधारण सभामा सम्पन्न गर्न विद्युतीय भर्चुअल (Virtual) माध्यमवाट सभामा सहभागी भई दिनुहुन अनुरोध छ ।
- ४. साधारणसभा शुरु हुनभन्दा १ घण्टा अगावै विद्युतीय भर्चुअल (Virtual) प्रणाली खुल्ला गरिनेछ । सो समय अगावै सभामा सहभागी हुन चाहने शेयरधनीहरुले संस्थावाट प्रदान गरिएको Username / Password को माध्यमवाट Login गरी आफनो परिचय, शेयरधनी नं. / हितग्राही खाता नं. र शेयर संख्या सहित उपस्थितिको जानकारी सभा समक्ष गराउनु पर्नेछ । विद्युतीय भर्चुअल (Virtual) माध्यमवाट साधारणसभाको बैठकमा भाग लिने शेयरधनीहरुको भर्चुअल सहभागितालाई कम्पनी ऐन २०६३ को दफा ७३ बमोजिमको गणपुरक संख्या गणना गर्दा उपस्थितिमा समावेश गरी गणना गरिनेछ ।
- ४. विद्युतीय भर्चुअल (Virtual) माध्यमवाट आफनो मन्तव्य राख्न चाहने शेयरधनी महानुभावहरुल raj.shrestha@bestfinance.com.np मा ईमेल गरी साधारणसभा शुरु हुनुभन्दा ४८ घण्टा अगावै आफनो नाम टिपाउनुपर्ने छ ।
- ६. साधारण सभामा भाग लिन शेयरधनी महानुभावहरुले आफनो प्रतिनिधि (प्रोक्सी) नियुक्त गर्न चाहेमा सभा शुरु हुनभन्दा ४८ घण्टा अगाडी वित्तीय संस्थाको प्रधान कार्यालय, कमलादी काठमाण्डौंमा प्रोक्सी फारम दर्ता गराईसक्न पर्नेछ ।
- ७. नावालक वा विक्षिप्त शेयरधनीको तर्फबाट कम्पनीको शेयरधनी दर्ता कितावमा संरक्षकको रुपमा नाम दर्ता भएको ब्यक्तिले मात्र सभामा भाग लिन वा प्रोक्सी नियुक्त गर्न सक्नुहुनेछ । आफु संरक्षक भएको शेयरवालाको बाहेक अरु शेयरधनीको प्रतिनिधि (प्रोक्सी) भै सभामा भाग लिन सक्नु हुने छैन ।
- ८. एक भन्दा बढी व्यक्तिहरुको नाउँमा सयुक्त रुपमा शेयर ग्रहण गर्ने शेयरधनीहरुको हकमा शेयरधनीको लगत कितावमा पहिले नाम उल्लेख भएको व्यक्तिले वा सर्वसम्मतबाट आफु मध्ये नियुक्त गरिएको एक जना शेयरधनीले वा सर्वसम्मतबाट नियुक्त प्रतिनिधिले मात्र सभामा भाग लिन र मतदान गर्न पाउनेछ ।
- ९. प्रोक्सी दिईसकेका शेयरधनी स्वयं उपस्थित भै सभामा भाग लिन चाहेमा सभा शुरु हुन अगावै कम्पनी सचिव मार्फत सञ्चालक समितिका अध्यक्षलाई लिखित सूचना दिई निजले उक्त सभामा भाग लिन एवं मतदान गर्न पाउनेछन्। यस्तो अवस्थामा निजले नियुक्त गरेको प्रतिनिधि (प्रोक्सी) को अख्तियारी पत्र स्वतः बदर हुनेछ।
- 90. छलफलका बिषयसूची मध्ये विविध शिर्षक अर्न्तगत छलफल गर्न इच्छुक शेयरधनीले सभा हुनु भन्दा सात दिन अगावै छलफलको बिषय कम्पनी सचिव मार्फत सञ्चालक समितिको अध्यक्षलाई लिखित रुपमा दिनु पर्नेछ । तर यसलाई छलफल र पारीत हुने प्रस्तावको रुपमा समावेश गरिने छैन ।
- 99. साधारण सभा सम्बन्धी थप जानकारीको लागि यस संस्थाको प्रधान कार्यालय, कमलादी काठमाण्डौंमा कार्यालय समय भित्र सम्पर्क राख्न सकिने छ । वार्षिक साधारण सभा सम्बन्धी बिस्तृत जानकारी वित्तीय संस्थाको प्रधान कार्यालय, कमलादीको सूचना पाटीमा तथा वित्तीय संस्थाको वेभसाईट www.bestfinance.com.np मा राखिने छ ।

बेष्ट फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेडको चौबिसौं वार्षिक साधारण सभामा सञ्चालक समितिका अध्यक्षद्वारा प्रस्तुत प्रतिबेदन

आदरणीय शेयरधनी तथा आमन्त्रित महानुभावहरु,

बेष्ट फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेडको चौबीसौं वार्षिक साधारणसभामा उपस्थित सम्पूर्ण आदरणीय शेयरधनी एवं अतिथी महानुभावहरुलाई हार्दिक स्वागत गर्दछ ।

संस्थाले हाल मुलुकका विभिन्न शहरहरुमा संचालनमा रहेका चौध वटा शाखा कार्यालयहरुबाट वित्तीय सेवा प्रदान गर्दे आइरहेको छ । संस्था संचालनमा आइपर्ने अनेकन उतार चढावलाई पार गर्दै आदरणीय शेयरधनी महानुभाव तथा सम्बद्ध निकायहरुवाट प्राप्त सुभाव, मार्ग निर्देशनलाई आत्मसात गर्दै अगाडी बढिरहेकोले यस वित्तीय संस्थाले उल्लेखनीय सफलता हासिल गर्दै गइरहेको छ, साथै ग्राहकवर्ग तथा आम नागरिकहरुबाट प्राप्त सहयोग, सद्भाव तथा हामीप्रति देखाइएको विश्वासले हामीलाई अगाडि बढ्न थप प्रेरणा मिलेको छ ।

शेयरधनी महानुभावहरु,

यस साधारणसभाका अवसरमा संस्थाको २०७६⁄०७७ को वित्तीय विवरणहरु, वासलात, नाफा- नोक्सान हिसाव र नगद प्रवाह विवरण सहितको वित्तीय प्रतिवेदन छलफल गरी पारित गर्न यस गरिमामय सभामा यहाँहरुसमक्ष प्रस्तुत गरेका छौं ।

विश्वभर फैलिरहेको कोरोना भाइरस (कोभिड–१९) रोगका कारण लाखौं मानिसहरुको मृत्यु भइसकेको र लाखौं मानिसहरु संक्रमित भई उपचार गराईरहेको अवस्था छ । यस रोगको कारण उत्पन्न परिस्थितिले मानिसको जीवनयापनमा प्रत्यक्ष रुपमा प्रभाव परेको छ भने विश्व अर्थतन्त्र शिथिल अवस्थामा पुगेको छ । कोभिड– १९ रोगको संक्रमणबाट हुन सक्ने जोखिमलाई नियन्त्रण गर्न २०७६ चैत्र ११ गते देखि नेपाल सरकारले गरेको बन्दाबन्दीपछि बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरुमा कर्जा लगानी अत्यन्त न्युन भएको र निक्षेपमा क्रमश: बृद्धि हुँदै गईरहेको छ । यसरी कर्जाको प्रभावकारी माग बढ्न नसक्दा ब्याज आम्दानीमा उल्लेख्य मात्रामा संकुचन आउन सक्ने देखिन्छ भने निक्षेप संकलन निरन्तर बढ्दै गई बैंकिङ क्षेत्रमा अत्यधिक तरलता व्यवस्थापन थप चुनौतीपुर्ण हुन जाने देखिन्छ । कर्जाको बृद्धिदर कम र अधिक तरलताको अवस्था लामो समयसम्म रहिरहंदा वित्तीय संस्थाको संचालन मुनाफामा समेत असर पर्न जाने कुरा निश्चित छ । यस किसिमको परिस्थितिमा संस्थाले आवश्यक रणनीति अवलम्बन गरी अगीड बढिरहेको ब्यहोरा जानकारी गराउन चाहन्छौं ।

विगत वर्षको कारोबारको सिंहावलोकनः

बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरु बीच रहेको तीब्र प्रतिस्पर्धा, समय समयमा वित्तीय बजारमा देखिने अस्थिरता, लगानीका क्षेत्रहरुको सीमितता, देशभित्रको राजनैतिक अवस्था आदिलाई विचार गरी हामीले संस्थाको कारोबारलाई सन्तुलित रुपमा अगाडि बढाइरहेका छौं। आर्थिक वर्ष २०७५ ⁄ ०७६ र २०७६ ⁄ ०७७ र २०७८ आषाढ मसान्तमा संस्थाको महत्वपूर्ण वित्तीय सूचकाङ्कहरु देहायबमोजिम रहेका छन्। रह. हजारमा

विवरण	प्रतिइकाइ	आ.ब. ०७७७∕७८ चौथो त्रैयमास सम्म	आ.ब. ०७६∕७७	आ.ब. ०७१∕७६	परिवर्तन प्रतिशतमा (७४् ⁄ ७६ र ७६ ⁄ ७७ को तुलना)
चुक्तापूँजी	रु. हजारमा	८,२८,९१४	८,२८,९१४	८ ,१०,०१६	२.३३
निक्षेप दायित्व	रु. हजारमा	३१,४४,१८६	२४,९८,६२७	२३,⊏३,३०२	४.८४
कर्जा तथा सापटी	रु. हजारमा	ર૧,૧૬,≍૧૧	२१,३२,४१९	१८,४०,०८१	१४.२६
संचित मुनाफा	रु. हजारमा	(३,१४,४२४)	(३,४२,१००)	(३,४१,६१४)	(୧.७१)
खुद नाफा	रु. हजारमा	<i>५२,३</i> ५३	૭७,३२६	६२,७२४	२३.२८
प्रतिशेयर नेटवर्थ	रु. हजारमा	११३.१४	१०२.५३	९२.४६	१०.८९
निष्कृय कर्जा (NPA)	प्रतिशतमा	१२.८३	१४.००	१८.४६	(१८.७४)
पूँजीकोष पर्याप्तता %	प्रतिशतमा	२४.४८	२९.२२	३२.३४	९.६४
शाखा	संख्यामा	१४	१४	१४	-

संस्थाको बिकी गर्न बाँकी रहेको हकप्रद शेयरको लिलाम बिकी पश्चात् चुक्तापूँजी बृद्धि भई हाल रु. ⊆२ करोड ⊆९ लाख १४ हजार कायम हुन आएको छ। वित्तीय बजारको बिद्यमान तीव्र प्रतिस्पर्धाको अवस्थामा समेत तुलनात्मक रुपमा संस्थाको निक्षेप परिचालन २०७७ असार मसान्तमा ४.⊆४ प्रतिशतले बृद्धि भएको छ र आर्थिक वर्ष २०७७ /७८ को चौथो त्रयमाससम्म ३१४ करोड पुगेको छ। बजारमा सुरक्षित लगानीका क्षेत्रको सीमितता एवम वित्तीय संस्थाहरु बीचको तीव्र प्रतिस्पर्धाको बाबजुत २०७७ असार मसान्तमा १४.२६ प्रतिशतले कर्जा प्रवाहमा बृद्धि भएको छ र आर्थिक वर्ष २०७७ /७८ को चौथो त्रेयमास २. २११ करोड रहेको छ। कारोबारमा भएको बृद्धि संगै नाफामा समेत केही सुधार भएको छ। आर्थिक वर्ष २०७७ /७८ को चौथो त्रयमासमा संस्थाको खुद नाफा रु. ⊆ करोड २३ लाख ⊆३ हजार रहेको छ। संस्थाको आ.ब. २०७४/७६ मा रु. ३४ करोड १६ लाख १४ हजारले ऋणात्मक रहेको संचित मुनाफामा सुधार हुनगई आ.ब. २०७६/७७ मा संस्थाको संचितमुनाफा रु.३४ करोड २१ लाख ऋणात्मक हुन पुगेको छ।

संस्थाको कारोबार बृद्धि संगै पूँजी पर्याप्तता गत बर्षको तुलनामा कम हुन गएता पनि नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट निर्धारित न्यूनतम १९ प्रतिशत भन्दा बढी २९.२२ प्रतिशत कायम रहेको छ । गत आर्थिक बर्षको चौंथो त्रयमासमा संस्थाको निष्कृय कर्जाको अंश १८.४६ प्रतिशत रहेकोमा आर्थिक वर्ष २०७७/७८ चौथो त्रयमासमा १२.८३ प्रतिशत मात्र रहन गएकोले कम्पनीको जोखिम सम्पत्तिको गुणस्तरमा सुधार हुँदै गैरहेको देखिन्छ । हाल वित्तीय संस्थाहरु बीचको तीव्र प्रतिस्पर्धाको अवस्थामा पनि संस्थाको चुस्त व्यवस्थापनको कारण कर्जा लगानीमा लिने र निक्षेपमा दिने ब्याज दरको अन्तर सन्तोषजनक सीमामा राख्न संस्था सफल भएको छ ।

२) राष्ट्रिय तथा अर्न्तराष्ट्रिय परिस्थितिबाट कारोबारमा पर्न सक्ने असर :

विश्वभर फैलिरहेको कोरोना भाइरसका कारण उत्पन्न स्वास्थ्य अवस्थाले सिर्जना गरेको आर्थिक संकट नेपालको लागि पनि अर्थतन्त्रको विस्तार र व्यवस्थापन गर्न थप चुनौतीपूर्ण बनेको छ । आन्तरिक आर्थिक क्रियाकलापमा देखिएको शिथिलता, वैदेशिक रोजगारीमा परेको समस्या तथा आपूर्तिमा परेको असहजताका कारण वस्तु, बजार, श्रम बजार तथा वित्तीय बजारको सन्तुलन प्रभावित भएको छ । विश्व बैंक, अर्न्तराष्ट्रिय मुद्रा कोष, एसियाली विकास बैंक लगायतका संस्थाहरुले कोभिड– १९ रोगको महामारीको कारण विश्व आर्थिक मन्दीतर्फ उन्मुख भएको बताएका छन् ।

३) सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व :

संस्थाले ग्राहकहरुलाई प्रदान गर्ने वित्तीय सेवाको संगै मुलुकको समाज सेवामा पुऱ्याउनु पर्ने योगदानप्रति दायित्व बोध गरी संस्थागत सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व (Corporate Social Responsibility- CSR) अन्तर्गत केही सामाजिक कार्यक्रमहरुमा योगदान गर्दै आएको छौं । संस्थाको नाफा रकमबाट छुट्टयाइएको सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व कोषको रकमलाई प्रभावकारी रुपमा उपयोग गर्ने नीति अवलम्बन गरिएको छ । संस्थाले स-सानो आर्थिक सहयोगबाट समेत समाजमा उत्कृष्ट योगदान पुग्ने गरी गरिएका सामाजिक कार्यक्रमहरु, जस्तै नेपाल रेडक्रस सोसाईटी, काठमाण्डौं, कमलपोखरी च्यापटरसंगको सहकार्यमा स्वास्थ्य शिविर संचालन , रक्तदान कार्यक्रम संचालन, सामुदायिक विद्यालयहरुमा छात्राहरुका लागि सेनिटरी प्याड वितरण लगायतका कार्यक्रमका लागि वार्षिक रुपमा सम्भौता गरी सहभागिता जनाइएको, वुटवल भूगोलपार्कस्थित दुर्गा मन्दिरमा फर्निचर तथा डष्टविन वितरण गरिएको, नवलपरासी, वर्दघाटस्थित शिवमन्दिरमा डप्टविन वितरण गरिएको तथा काठमाण्डौ कपनस्थित सरस्वतीनगरमा रहेको सरस्वती मन्दिरमा फर्निचर तथा डष्टविन वितरण गरिएको लगायतका सामाजिक कार्यहरुमा सहभागिता जनाई आर्थिक वर्षमा गरिएका सामाजिक कार्यहरुको स्मरण गराउन चाहन्छौं । नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट मिति २०७७/०४/१२ को निर्देशन बमोजिम सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व कोषमा रहेको रकम रु. १७,३४९,१४९.१७ नेपाल सरकारले स्थापना गरेको कोरोना संक्रमण, रोकथाम, नियन्त्रण र उपचार कोषमा जम्मा गरीसकिएको छ ।

- ४) चालू आर्थिक वर्षको उपलब्धि र भावी योजनाको सम्बन्धमा संञ्चालक समितिको धारणा :
 - क) शाखा स्थानान्तरण (Branch Relocation) सम्बन्धमा :

संस्थाले केन्द्रिय कार्यालयसहित मुलुकका विभिन्न शहरमा संचालनमा रहेका चौधवटा शाखा कार्यालयबाट कारोबार गर्दै आइरहेकोमा आफ्नो कारोबार ऋमशः विस्तार गर्दै लैजाने उद्देश्य अनुरुप आर्थिक कारोबारको राम्रो संभावना रहेका विभिन्न प्रदेशका सम्भाव्य स्थानहरुमा शाखा संजाल बिस्तार गर्दै लैजाने योजना रहेको छ । सोही अनुरुप काठमाण्डौ जिल्ला का.म.न.पा वडा नं. २२ को खिचापोखरी स्थित न्यूरोड शाखा कार्यालयलाई काठमाण्डौ जिल्ला का.म.न पा वडा नं. २२ स्थित न्यूरोड पीपलबोटमा रहेको रमागृहको पहिलो तल्लामा स्थानान्तरण गरिसकेको तथा ललितपुर जिल्ला ललितपुर म.न.पा वडा नं.१२, ठटी चोक अवस्थित लगनखेल शाखा कार्यालयलाई ललितपुर जिल्ला कै ललितपुर म.न.पा वडा नं. १२, ठटी चोकबाट करिब ४० मिटर दक्षिण (लगनखेल बसपार्क तर्फ) मा शाखा स्थानान्तरण गरी कारोबार संचालन गरिने छ।

ख) सूचना प्रविधि (Information Technology) विकाश:

संस्थाको कारोबारको लागि आवश्यक सम्पूर्ण विवरणहरु सफ्टवेयरमा अभिलेख गरी सुरक्षित कारोबार गर्न नेपालमा अन्य बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरुले समेत प्रयोगमा ल्याएको (Banking Software) पुमोरी प्लस (Pumori Plus) प्रयोगमा ल्याइएको छ । यसै सफ्टवेयरको माध्यमबाट हाल सञ्चालनमा रहेका सबै शाखा कार्यालयहरुलाई एउटै संजाल (Network) मा आबद्ध गरी ABBS बैंकिङ सेवा, विप्रेषण (Remittance) आदि बैंकिङ सेवा प्रदान गर्दे आइरहेको छ । संस्थाले चिप बेस्ड ए.टी.एम. कार्ड सेवा काठमाण्डौ बनस्थली खरीबोट शाखा, बुटवलको अमरपथ तथा मिलनचोक शाखा परिसरमा ए.टी.एम.जडान गरि जम्मा ३ वटा ए.टी.एम. बाट सेवा प्रदान गर्दे आइरहेका छौं । जन्य सम्भाव्य र आवश्यक स्थानहरुमा समेत ATM जडान गरी सेवा थप गर्दै जाने लक्ष्य लिएका छौं । त्यसैगरी संस्थाले Mobile Banking, Connect IPS, QR Code सेवाको समेत सुरुवात गरिसकेको छ । साथै आर. टी.जी. एस., कर्पोरेट पे, लगायतका डिजिटल कारोवार विस्तार गर्दे लैजाने योजना रहेको छ । संस्थाको हरेक गतिविधि तथा सूचना आफ्नै वेबसाइट www.bestfinance.com.np मार्फत् प्रवाह गर्दे आइरहेका छौ ।

ग) संस्थाको स्तरोन्नति तथा अन्य संस्थासंग गाभ्ने / गाभिने (Upgradation and Merger) सम्बन्धमाः

यस संस्थाले राष्ट्रिय स्तरको 'ग' वर्गको वित्तीय संस्थाका लागि आवश्यक न्यूनतम पूंजी पूरा गरी काराबार संचालन गरिरहेको भएता पनि अन्य बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थालाई प्राप्ति गरी वा अन्यसँग गाभिएर स्तरोन्नति हुनका लागि ढोका खुल्ला राखेको छ । यसर्थ, संस्थाले निश्चित मापदण्डका आधारमा अन्य बैंक/ वित्तीय संस्थासंग गाभिएर वा प्राप्ति गरेर राष्ट्रिय स्तरको "ग" बर्गको वित्तीय संस्थाबाट स्तरोन्नति भई राष्ट्रिय स्तरको विकास बैंकमा स्तरोन्नति हुने लक्ष्य लिएर सोही अनुसार विकास बैंकका लागि आवश्यक पूर्वाधारको विकास गरिरहेको छ । अन्य बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थासंग गाभ्ने /गाभिने (Merger) प्रक्रिया अगाडि बढेमा शेयरधनी महानुभावहरुलाई गाभ्ने/गाभिने (Merger) प्रक्रिया सम्बन्धी आवश्यक जानकारी गराउँदै लगिने छ ।

घ) निक्षेप तथा कर्जा कारोबार (Credit and Deposit Transaction) :

विश्वभर फैलिरहेको कोभिड १९ रोगका कारण हाल व्यवसायको प्रकृति तथा मानिसका आवश्यकताहरुको प्राथमिकता तथा आम ग्राहकहरुको बानी ब्यहोरा (Consumer Behavior)मा परिवर्तन हुन सक्ने परिस्थितलाई मध्यनजर गरी कर्जा लगानीमा हुन सक्ने जोखिमलाई सूक्ष्म विश्लेषण गरी कर्जा लगानीलाई निरन्तरता दिइएको ब्यहोरा अवगत गराउन चाहन्छों। विगतमा कर्जा लगानीका कममा भएको असावधानीका कारणले संस्थामा खराव कर्जाको मात्रा अधिक रहेकोमा हाल खराब कर्जा असुलीमा अवलम्बन गरेका विभिन्न रणनीतिका कारण केही खराव कर्जाहरु चुक्ता भइसकेको तथा अन्य बाँकी कर्जाहरु असुलीको कममा रहेको हुनाले खराव कर्जाको मात्रा कम गर्ने तर्फ प्रभावकारी कदम चालिरहेको ब्यहोरा जानकारी गराउँदछौं। साथै संस्थाको सञ्चालन मुनाफामा बृद्धि गर्ने र सञ्चालन खर्च न्यूनीकरणका लागि प्रयत्नशील रहेको जानकारी पनि गराउन चाहन्छौं।

निक्षेप परिचालन र कर्जा लगानी विस्तारमा शाखा कार्यालयहरुलाई थप चुस्त र गतिशील बनाउँदै लगिएको छ । फलस्वरुप निक्षेप तथा कर्जामा बृद्धि भई आर्थिक वर्ष २०७७/०७८ को चौथो त्रैमास अर्थात् २०७८ आषाढ मसान्तमा निक्षेप रु. ३ अर्ब १४ करोड र कर्जा तथा सापट रु. २ अर्ब ११ करोड हुन पुगेको छ ।

४) मानव संसाधन विकास (Human Resource Development):

संस्थाको व्यावसायीक लक्ष्य पूरा गर्न मानव संसाधनको महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका हुने कुरालाई मध्यनजर गर्दै संस्थामा कार्यरत सबै तहका कर्मचारीहरुको कार्य क्षमता तथा दक्षता विकाशका लागि समय समयमा विभागीय जिम्मेवारी अनुसारको तालीममा सहभागी गराउने गरिएको छ ।

संस्थाको कारोबारमा ऋमशः बृद्धि भएता पनि कर्मचारीहरुको उत्पादकत्वमा भएको बृद्धिले गर्दा कर्मचारी संख्या थप नगरिएकोले गतब वर्षको अन्त सम्ममा जम्मा १२० जना कर्मचारीहरु रहेकोमा हाल कर्मचारीको संख्या १२० जना रहेका छन् । संस्थाको कारोबार विस्तारसंगै थप कर्मचारी आवश्यक भएमा थप गर्दै जाने नीति रहेको छ । यसैगरी कर्मचारीहरुको मनोबल उच्च राख्दै संस्थाप्रति बफादार तथा समर्पित भई कार्य गरिरहने वातावरणको निर्माण गर्न कर्मचारीहरुलाई प्रदान गरिने तलवभत्ता तथा अन्य सुविधामा समयानुसार बृद्धि गर्दै लैजाने र कर्मचारीहरुलाई दिइएको जिम्मेवारी अनुसारको कार्य सम्पादनको मूल्याँकन गरी आवश्यकता अनुसार बढुवा गर्ने नीति रहेको छ । सो बाहेक समय समयमा कर्मचारीको दक्षता र क्षमता विकासका लागि अतिरिक्त तालिम तथा सेमिनारहरुमा समेत सहभागी गराउने गरिएको छ ।

६) संचालक समितिमा भएको हेरफेर र सोको विवरण:

संस्थाको सञ्चालक समितिमा संस्थापक शेयरधनीको तर्फबाट प्रतिनिधित्व गर्ने ३ जना सञ्चालक, सर्वसाधारण शेयरधनीहरुको तर्फबाट प्रतिनिधित्व गर्ने २ जना संचालक तथा १ जना व्यावसायिक बिशेषज्ञ संचालक समेत गरी जम्मा ६ जनाको सञ्चालक समिति रहेकोमा मिति २०७७ कार्तिक २८ गतेको संचालक समितिको ५०७ औं बैठकले श्री शुशिला खनाललाई सर्बसाधारण शेयरधनीहरुको तर्फबाट प्रतिनिधित्व गर्नेगरी महिला संचालक पदमा नियुक्त गरेको ब्यहोरा जानकारी गराउंदछौं । वर्तमान सञ्चालक समिति देहायबमोजिम रहेको ब्यहोरा जानकारी गराउदछौं ।

٩.	श्री अमिरध्वज प्रधान	अध्यक्ष	सर्वसाधारण समूह
ર.	श्री कृष्णहरी श्रेष्ठ	सञ्चालक	संस्थापक समूह
₹.	श्री मिलन थापा	सञ्चालक	संस्थापक समूह
۲.	श्री सुरज क्षेत्री	सञ्चालक	संस्थापक समूह
X.	श्री दिपक ढकाल	सञ्चालक	सर्वसाधारण समूह
۶.	श्री विमल प्रसाद ढकाल	सञ्चालक	व्यावसायिक विशेषज्ञ
७ _.	श्री शुशिला खनाल	सञ्चालक	संस्थापक समूह

आर्थिक बर्ष २०७६/०७७ को अवधिमा सञ्चालक समितिको बैठक जम्मा २२ पटक बसेको थियो ।

७) नाफा नोक्सान हिसाब र बाँडफाँड :

संस्थाको आर्थिक बर्ष २०७६/०७७ मा भएको सञ्चालन नाफा रु. ६ करोड ४१ लाख , करअघिको नाफा रु ६ करोड ४४ लाख करपछिको खुद नाफा रु ७ करोड ७३ लाख रहेको छ । करपछिको खुद नाफा रु ७ करोड ७३ बाट २० प्रतिशत अर्थात् रु. १ करोड ४४ लाख साधारण जगेडा कोषमा छुट्याइएको छ । नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन बमोजिम संस्थागत सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व कोषमा (Corporate Social Responsibility Fund,CSR) मा छुट्टयाउनु पर्ने रकम रु ७ लाख ७३ हजार CSR Fund मा छुट्टयाई बाँकी रकम रु. ६ करोड १० लाख संचित मुनाफा तथा अन्य कोषहरुमा छुट्टयाइएको ब्यहोरा जानकारी गराउँदछौं ।

त) लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदन सम्बन्धमा सञ्चालक समितिको राय:

बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरुले त्रैमासिक रुपमा प्रकाशन गर्नुपर्ने वित्तीय विवरणको ढाँचामा परिवर्तन गरी नेपाल वित्तीय प्रतिवेदनमान (Nepal Financial Reporting Standard, NFRSs) अनुसार प्रकाशित गर्न नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट दिएको निर्देशन बमोजिम आ.व. २०७६ / ७६ को चौंथो त्रयमासदेखि संस्थाको त्रैमासिक वित्तीय विवरण NFRSs को ढाँचामा प्रकाशन गर्ने गरिएको छ । संस्थाको वित्तीय परिसूचकहरुको जानकारी गराउने तथा कर्जा लगानी तथा नगद कारोबारमा हुन सक्ने जोखिमलाई न्यूनिकरण गर्ने उद्देश्यले संस्थाले नियमित रुपमा लेखा परीक्षकद्वारा लेखापरीक्षण गराउने गरिएको छ । आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६ / ०७७ को लेखापरीक्षणको क्रममा संस्थाको कारोबारमा देखिएको छैन । आगामी दिनमा लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा नोक्सानी पुग्ने किसिमका टिप्पणी लेखा परीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा देखिएको छैन । आगामी दिनमा लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा औंत्याइएका सल्लाह तथा सुभाव अनुसार संस्थाको कारोबारलाई आवश्यक सुधार गर्दे लगिने छ । साधारणसभा प्रयोजनका लागि आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६ / ०७७ को वित्तीय विवरण नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट राष्ट्र वैंकवा र राष्ट्र उपर सञ्चालक समितिको प्रतिक्रिया यसै वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन पुस्तिकामा संल्पन गरिएको छ । आर्था क्र त्यक्ष रुपमा नोक्सानी पुग्ने किसिमका टिप्पणी लेखा परीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा देखिएको छैन । आगामी दिनमा लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा औंत्याइएका सल्लाह तथा सुभाव अनुसार संस्थाको कारोबारलाई आवश्यक सुधार गर्दै लगिने छ । साधारणसभा प्रयोजनका लागि आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६ / ०७७ को वित्तीय विवरण नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट स्वीकृत गर्दा प्राप्त टिप्पणी तथा निर्देशनहरु र सो उपर सञ्चालक समितिको प्रतिक्रिया यसै वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन पुस्तिकामा संलग्न गरिएको छ ।

हार्दिक आभार तथा धन्यवाद :

संस्थाका सरोकारवालाहरु तथा शुभचिन्तक एवम आम नागरिकहरुबाट पाएको अपार सहयोग तथा विश्वासले संस्था संचालनमा

हामीलाई सँधै उत्साहित बनाइरहेको छ । संस्थाको सुदृढीकरण एवम कारोबार विस्तारका लागि प्रत्यक्ष तथा अप्रत्यक्ष रुपमा सहयोग पुऱ्याउनु हुने ग्राहक महानुभावहरु, शेयरधनी महानुभावहरु, नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक, कम्पनी रजिष्ट्रारको कार्यालय, नेपाल धितोपत्र बोर्ड, नेपाल स्टक एक्सचेन्ज लिमिटेड, शेयर रजिष्ट्रार श्री प्रभु क्यापिटल लिमिटेड तथा नेपाल सरकारका सम्बन्धित निकायहरुवाट पाएको सहयोग र सद्भावप्रति संचालक समितिको तर्फवाट हार्दिक आभार प्रकट गर्दछु । संस्थालाई आइपर्नसक्ने बिभिन्न किसिमका जोखिम न्यूनिकरणका लागि महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका निर्वाह गर्नु हुने संस्थाका आन्तरिक लेखापरीक्षक आर.एच.के.एण्ड एसोसिएट्सका चार्टर्ड एकाउन्टेन्ट श्री राम हरी कडेल तथा वाह्य लेखापरिक्षक बि.आर.एस.न्यौपाने एण्ड कंम्पनीका चार्टर्ड एकाउन्टेन्टस श्री अनुप कुमार श्रेष्ठ, कानूनी सल्लाहकारहरु अधिवक्ता श्री अरुण पौडेल तथा अधिवक्ता श्री श्यामकुमार खत्रीलाई हार्दिक धन्यवाद दिन चाहन्छु । संस्थाको उन्नति तथा प्रगतिका लागि अहोरात्र खटिने प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत, व्यवस्थापन तह तथा संस्थामा कार्यरत सम्पूर्ण कर्मचारीहरुलाई हार्दिक धन्यवाद व्यक्त गर्दछ । साथै आजको प्रतिस्पर्दी युगमा संस्थाको कारोबार बृद्धिका लागि सहयोगी कर्मचारीहरु उच्च मनोबलका साथ आफ्नो जिम्मेवारी कुशलतापूर्वक पूरा गरी संस्थाको लक्ष्य परिपूर्ति गर्नमा महत्वपूर्ण योगदान गर्नुहुनेछ भन्ने पूर्ण विश्वास लिएको छु । त्यसैगरी यस संस्थाप्रति सकारात्मक धारणा राखी संस्थाको विकासका लागि सहयोगी भूमिका निर्वाह गर्नहुने सञ्चार माध्यम तथा सम्पूर्ण शुभचिन्तकहरुप्रति हार्दिक आभार प्रकट गर्दछु । र, अन्तमा सञ्चालक समितिका तर्फबाट यस साधारणसभामा प्रस्तुत प्रस्तावहरु पारित गरिदिनु हुन हार्दिक अनुरोध गर्दछु ।

धन्यवाद ।

अमिरध्वज प्रधान अध्यक्ष

मितिः २०७८ साल भाद्र ३० गते बुधबार

धितोपत्र तथा निष्कासन नियमावली २०७३ को नियम २६ को उपनियम (२) सँगै सम्बन्धीत थप विवरणहरु

सञ्चालक समितिको प्रतिवेदन यसै बार्षिक प्रतिवेदनमा संलग्न गरिएको छ ।

- लेखापरीक्षकको प्रतिवेदन
 यसै बार्षिक प्रतिवेदनमा संलग्न गरिएको छ ।
- लेखापरीक्षण भएको वित्तीय विवरण यसै बार्षिक प्रतिवेदनमा संलग्न गरिएको छ ।

४. कानुनी कारवाही सम्बन्धी विवरण

- (क) त्रैमासिक अवधिमा संगठित संस्थाले वा संस्थाको विरुद्ध कुनै मुद्दा दायर भएको भए ।
 यस सम्बन्धमा कुनै मुद्दा दायर नभएको ।
- (ख) संगठित संस्थाको संस्थापक वा सञ्चालकले वा संस्थापक वा सञ्चालकको विरुद्धमा प्रचलित नियमको अवज्ञा वा फौज्दारी अपराध गरेको सम्बन्धमा कुनै मुद्दा दायर गरेको वा भएको भए । यस सम्बन्धमा कम्पनी लाई कुनै जानकारी नभएको ।
- (ग) कुनै संस्थापक वा संचालक विरुद्ध आर्थिक अपराध गरेको सम्बन्धमा कुनै मुद्दा दायर गरेको भए ।
 यस सम्बन्धमा कम्पनीलाई कुनै जानकारी नभएको ।

५. संगठित संस्थाको शेयर कारोबार तथा प्रगतिको विश्लेषण

- (क) धितोपत्र बजारमा भएको संगठित संस्थाको शेयरको कारोबार सम्बन्धमा व्यवस्थापनको धारणाः
 धितोपत्र बजारमा संस्थाको शेयर कारोबार नियमानुसार सामान्य प्रकृतिबाटै भएको छ ।
- (ख) गत वर्षको प्रत्येक त्रैमासिक अवधिमा संगठित शेयरको अधिकतम, न्युनतम र अन्तिम मूल्यका साथै कुल कारोबार शे यर संख्या र कारोबार दिन ।

विवरण	प्रथम त्रैमासिक	दोस्रो त्रैमासिक	तेस्रो त्रैमासिक	चौथो त्रैमासिक
अधिकतम मूल्य रु.	१०४	900	११६	९६
न्युनतम मूल्य रु.	ک ر کم	حو	९२	د لا
अन्तिम मूल्य रु.	९४	९८	९४	९६
कुल कारोबार शेयर संख्या	૧૨૬,૪૭૪	१२३,७२९	४२९,४१४	२४,२८२
कुल कारोबार दिन	દ્વ	XO	لاح	१४

६. समस्या तथा चुनौती

संस्थाले तोकिए बमोजिम एक सवल वित्तीय संस्थामा परिणत गर्न विद्यमान मानव तथा अन्य साधनहरुको यथोचित ब्यवस्थापन गरि कुशलता पुर्वक अधि वढन पर्ने स्थिती रहेको छ । यसका लागि आईपर्ने समस्या तथा चुनौति समाधानका उपायहरुबारे संस्थाले समय समयमा समिक्षा गरि रणनिति समेत बनाइ सो को सहजिकरणको उपाय अवलम्वन गर्ने गरेको छ ।

७. संस्थागत सुशासन

संस्थाले नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक तथा अन्य नियमन निकायहरुद्वारा जारी गरिएका संस्थागत सुशासन सम्बन्धी व्यवस्थाको पालन गरेको छ । संस्थागत सुशासन अभिबृद्धिका लागि समय समयमा संस्थाको कर्मचारीहरुलाई आन्तरीक र बाह्रय प्रशिक्षण तथा तालीम गर्ने गराउने गरिएको छ । संस्थागत सुशासन पालना सम्वन्धी क्रियाकलापको लेखापरीक्षक समिति लगायतका अन्य उपसमितिहरु बाट गर्ने गरिएको छ ।

कम्पनी ऐन २०६३ को दफा १०५ उपदफा ४ बमोजिमको अतिरिक्त विवरण

- क. विगत वर्षको कारोवारको सिंहावलोकन :
 संचालक समितीको प्रतिबेदनमा विस्तत रुपमा उल्लेख गरिएको छ ।
- ख. राष्ट्रिय तथा अन्तराष्ट्रिय परिस्थितिबाट कारोबारमा परेको असर : संचालक समितीको प्रतिबेदनमा विस्तृत रुपमा उल्लेख गरिएको छ ।
- ग. चालु आर्थिक बर्षको उपलब्धी र भावी योजनाको सम्बन्धमा संञ्चालक समितिको धारणा : संचालक समितीको प्रतिबेदनमा विस्तृत रुपमा उल्लेख गरिएको छ ।
- घ. औद्योगिक तथा व्यावसायिक सम्बन्ध :
 संचालक समितीको प्रतिबेदनमा विस्तृत रुपमा उल्लेख गरिएको छ ।
- ड. संचालक समितिमा भएको हेरफेर र सोको बिबरण : संचालक समितीको प्रतिबेदनमा विस्तृत रुपमा उल्लेख गरिएको छ ।
- च. कारोवार लाई असर पर्ने मुख्य कुराहरु :
 - (क) बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरुको शाखा विस्तार हुने ऋम जारी रहे देखी यी संस्थाहरु बीच प्रतिस्पर्धा बाट हुनसक्ने संभावित जोखिमहरु ।
 - (ख) संस्था बाट प्रदान गरिने कोष तथा गैरकोषमा आधारित सेवाहरु उपलब्ध गराउदा हुन सक्ने सम्भावित जोखिमहरु ।
 - (ग) नेपाल सरकार, नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक तथा अन्य नियमनकारी निकाय ले नीति निर्देशनमा परिवर्तन गर्दा हुन सक्ने सम्भावित नीतिगत जोखिमहरु ।
 - (घ) वित्तिय संस्थाहरु बिच देखिएको अस्वस्थ प्रतिस्प्रधाको कारणबाट निक्षेपमा दिईने ब्याजदरमा अस्वभाविक बृद्धि गरिनु बाट उत्पन्न हनसक्ने जोखिम ।
 - (ङ) राष्ट्रको आर्थिक, मौद्रिक तथा वित्तीय नीति परिवर्तनबाट सूर्जना हुनसक्ने सम्भावित जोखिमहरु ।
 - (च) निक्षेप तथा कर्जा लगानी व्याजदरमा हुने परिवर्तन बाट असर गर्न सक्ने जोखिमहरु।
 - (छ) यथा समयमा कर्जा अस्लि नभई उत्पन्न हुनसक्ने जोखिमहरु ।
 - (ज) कर्जा तथा लगानीको दायरा साँघ्रिएर उत्पन्न हुन सक्ने जोखिमहरु ।
 - (भ) देशको आर्थिक अवस्थामा आउने उतार चढाव बाट हुनसक्ने जोखिमहरु ।
 - (ज) अन्तर्राष्ट्रिय रुपमा हुने आर्थिक तथा वित्तीय क्षेत्रको शिथिलता बाट नेपाली बजारमा पर्न सक्ने आर्थिक जोखिमहरु आदि।

छ. लेखापरिक्षण प्रतिवेदन सम्बन्धमा सञ्चालक समितिको राय : साधारण सभा प्रयोजनको लागि आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६/०७७ को वित्तिय विवरण नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट स्विकृत गर्दा प्राप्त टिप्पणी तथा निर्देशनहरु र सो उपर सञ्चालक समितिको प्रतिक्रीया यसै बार्षिक प्रतिवेदन पुस्तिकामा संलग्न गरिएको छ ।

- ज. लाभांश वांडफांड गर्न सिफारिश गरिएको रकम : सो कुनै नभएको ।
- भ. शेयर जफत भएको भए जफत भएको शेयर संख्या, त्यस्तो शेयरको अंकित मुल्य, त्यस्तो शेयर जफत हुनु भन्दा अगावै सो वापत कम्पनी ले प्राप्त गरेको जम्मा रकम र त्यस्तो शेयर जफत भए पछि सो शेयर विक्री गरि कम्पनीले प्राप्त गरेको रकम तथा जफत भएको शेयर वापत रकम फिर्ता भए सोको विवरण : संस्थाको हाल सम्म कुनै पनि शेयर जफत भएको छैन् ।
- ज. विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनी र यसको सहायक कम्पनीको कारोवारको प्रगति र सो आर्थिक वर्षको अन्तमा रहेको
 स्थितिको पुनरावलोकनः हाल सम्म संस्थाले कुनै पनि सहायक कम्पनी स्थापना गरेको छैन ।
- ट. संस्था तथा त्यसको सहायक कम्पनीले आर्थिक वर्षमा सम्पन्न गरेको प्रमुख कारोवार र सो अवधिमा संस्थाको

कारोवारमा आएको कुनै महत्वपूर्ण परिर्वतन : आ.ब.२०७६/०७७ को अन्तमा बैकले सम्पन्न गरेको प्रमुख कारोवार र कारोवारमा आएको परिवर्तन सम्लग्न वासलात, नाफा /नोक्सान हिसाव,नगद प्रवाह विवरण तथा लेखा परिक्षण सम्वन्धी प्रतिवेदनले प्रष्ट पार्दछ ।

- **ठ.** विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा संस्थाको आधारभूत शेयरधनीहरुले संस्थालाई उपलब्ध गराएको जानकारी : हाल सम्म संस्थालाई त्यस्तो कुनै पनि जानकारी उपलब्ध गराएको छैन् ।
- ड. विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा संस्थाका संचालक तथा पदाधिकारीहरुले लिएको शेयरको स्वामित्वको विवरण र संस्थाको शेयर कारोवारमा निजहरु संलग्न रहेको भए सो सम्बन्धमा निजहरुवाट संस्थाले प्राप्त गरेको जानकारी : विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा संस्थाका संचालक तथा पदाधिकारीहरुले लिएको शेयरको स्वामित्वको विवरण

ऋं.सं	नाम	पद	धारण गरेको शेयर संख्या
٩	अमिर ध्वज प्रधान	अध्यक्ष	9,900
२	कृष्णहरी श्रेष्ठ	संचालक	१८२
२	मिलन थापा	संचालक	१,४५,५८६
8	सुरज क्षेत्री	संचालक	१८२
X	दिपक ढकाल	संचालक	१२४
L.	शुशिला खनाल	संचालक	६००
७	बिमल प्रसाद ढकाल	स्वतन्त्र संचालक	_

अन्य जानकारी प्राप्त नभएको ।

- G. विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा संस्थासंग सम्बन्धित सम्भौताहरुमा कुनै संचालक तथा निजको नातेदारको ब्यक्तिगत स्वार्थका वारेमा उपलब्ध गराइएको जानकारीको व्यहोरा : यस संस्थालाई हाल सम्म त्यस्तो कुनै पनि जानकारी उपलब्ध नभएको ।
- ण. कम्पनीले आफनो शेयर आफै खरिद गरेको भए त्यसरी आफनो शेयर खरिद गर्नको कारण, त्यस्तो शेयर संख्या र अंकित मुल्य तथ त्यसरी शेयर खरिद गरे वापत कम्पनीले भुक्तानी गरेको रकम : यस संस्थाले हाल सम्म त्यस्तो कुनै शेयर खरिद नगरेको ।
- त. आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणाली भएको वा नभएको र भएको भए सोको विस्तृत विवरण : नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको मार्गदर्शन वमोजिम संस्थाले संस्थागत शुसासन कायम गर्न तथा आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणाली व्यवस्थित गर्नका लागि विभिन्न विभागहरु गठन गरेको छ । संस्थामा हरेक कार्यको नियन्त्रणका लागि आन्तरिक विनियम, नीति, नियम तथा निर्देशनहरु तर्जुमा गरि लागु गरिएको छ ।

थ. विगत आर्थिक वर्षको कुल व्यवस्थापन खर्चको विवरण :

विगत आ.व.२०७६/०७७ को कुल व्यवस्थापन खर्चको विवरण देहाय बमोजिम रहेको छ । कर्मचारी खर्च रु. ७४,४८८८,३७९<u>/</u>-कार्यालय संचालन खर्च <u>रु. ४४,२९४,८७६/</u>-जम्मा खर्च रु. ११८,७०३,२४४/-

द. लेखापरीक्षण समितिका सदस्यहरुको नामावली, निजहरुले प्राप्त गरेको पारिश्रमिक, भत्ता, तथा सुविधा , सो मितिले गरेको काम कार्वाहीको विवरण र सो समितिले कुनै सुभाव दिएको भए सोको विवरण :

आ.व. २०७६/०७७ मा संस्थाको लेखापरीक्षण समितिका सदस्यहरुको नामावली तपसिल वमोजिम रहेको छ ।

- (क) संचालक, श्री बिमल प्रसाद ढकाल संयोजक
- (ख) संचालक, श्री दिपक ढकाल सदस्य
- (ग) सहायक प्रबन्धक, श्री हेबेन्द्र शाक्य सदस्य सचिव

लेखापरीक्षण समितीका सदस्यहरूलाई बैठकमा उपस्थित हुंदा संयोजक र सदस्य लाई प्रति बैठक भत्ता रु.३,४००/- दिने गरिएको छ । सदस्य सचिव कर्मचारी भएको कारण कुनै भत्ताको व्यवस्था गरिएको छैन । कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ को दफा 9६४ बमोजिम नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक, बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था नियमन विभागले जारी गरेको निर्देशन नं ७/७३/७४ को दफा ६ बमोजिम संस्थाले गरेका कामहरू नीति नियम बमोजिम भए नभएको निरीक्षण तथा अनुगमन गर्ने गरिएको छ । हाल तपसिल वमोजिमको लेखापरीक्षण समिति रहेको छ ।

(क) संचालक, श्री बिमल प्रसाद ढकाल	_	संयोजक
(ख) संचालक, श्री दिपक ढकाल	_	सदस्य
(ग) सहायक प्रबन्धक, श्री राजेश प्री	_	सदस्य सचिव

- ध. संचालक, प्रवन्ध संचालक, कार्यकारी प्रमुख कम्पनीका आधारभुत शेयरधनी वा निजका नजिकका नातेदार वा निज संलग्न रहेको फर्म, कम्पनी वा संगठित संस्थाले बैंक लाई कुनै रकम वुभाउन बांकि भए सो कुरा : नरहेको ।
- न. संचालक, प्रवन्ध संचालक, कार्यकारी प्रमुख तथा पदाधिकारीहरुलाई भुक्तानी गरिएको पारिश्रमिक, भत्ता तथा सुविधाको रकम :

सञ्चालकहरूलाई प्रदान गरेको बैठक भत्ता तथा प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृतलाई भुक्तानी गरेको पारिश्वमिक तथा भत्ता निम्न अनुसार रहेको छ ।

आ.व. २०७६/०७७ मा सञ्चालकहरूलाई प्रदान गरेको बैठक भत्ता तथा अन्य खर्च रकम रू. १,०५१,२४० रहेको छ ।

प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृतलाई आ.व.२०७६∕०७७ मा प्रदान गरेको पारिश्वमिक तथा भत्ताहरु गरि जम्मा रकम रू. ३,४९७,२७० रहेको छ ।

प. शेयरधनीहरुले बुभितिलन वांकि रहेको लाभांशको रकम :

यस आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६/०७७ को अन्त्य सम्ममा शेयरधनिहरुलाई दिन बांकी लाभांश रु.४,९४,४६३/- रहेको छ ।

- **फ. दफा १४१ वमोजिम सम्पत्ति खरिद वा बिकी गरेको कुराको विवरण** : यस सस्थाका लागि अति आवश्यक सम्पत्ति खरिद वा बिकी गरेको कुराको विवरण यसै साथ संलग्न वित्तीय विवरणको अनुसुचि ४.१३ र ४.१४ मा उल्लेख गरिएको छ ।
- ब. दफा १७५ वमोजिम सम्वद्ध कम्पनी विच भएको कारोवारको विवरण: यस बैंकको क्नै सम्बद्ध कम्पनी नरहेको ।
- भ. यस ऐन तथा प्रचलित कानून वमोजिम संचालक समितिको प्रतिवेदनमा खुलाउनु पर्ने अन्य कुनै कुरा : यस आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६/०७७ मा रु. ४४२,४१२.३४ कर्जा अपलेखन गरिएको छ ।

म. अन्य आवश्यक कुराहरु

कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ को दफा ७८ मा भएको व्यवस्थाहरुको विवरण सहितको प्रतिवेदन : यस प्रतिवेदनले १ साउन २०७६ देखी आषाढ मसान्त २०७७ सम्मको आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६।७७ को अवधिलाई प्रतिनिधित्व गर्दछ। यो प्रतिवेदन संचालक समितिको मिति २०७७।०८८ मा बसेको ४१३ (क) औं बैठकले स्विकृत गरेको छ।

- (क) बाँडफाँड भएको शेयर संख्या : ८२८,९१४ कित्ता (प्रति कित्ता रु.१०० का दरले) रहेको छ ।
- (ख) बाँडफाँड भएको शेयर मध्ये चुक्ता भएको र चुक्ता नभएको शेयर संख्या :

बाँडफाँड भएको शेयर मध्ये सम्पुर्ण शेयर चुक्ता भई सकेको छ ।

- (ग) कम्पनीको संचालक, प्रवन्ध संचालक, लेखापरीक्षकको विवरण र निजहरुलाई भुक्तानी गरिएको पारिश्रमीक, भत्ता तथा सुविधाहरुको रकम :
 - (9) संचालक समितीका अध्यक्षलाई प्रति बैठक भत्ता रु. ४,००० र अन्य संचालकहरुलाई रु. ३,४०० मा ९४ प्रतिशत कर कट्टा गरी प्रति बैठक बैठक भत्ता प्रदान गरिएको र सम्पूर्ण संचालकहरुलाई पत्रपत्रिका खर्च बापत रु.९४०० प्रति महिना उपलब्ध गराईएको छ।
 - (२) लेखा परीक्षकको विवरण दफा ७८ (ग) बमोजिम (आ.व.२०७६/०७७)

ऋ.स.	लेखा परीक्षकको नाम	ठेगाना	शैक्षिक योग्यता	प्रमाणपत्र नं.	नियुक्त मिति	पारिश्रमिक (मुल्य अभिवृद्धि कर समेत)	कैफियत
٩	बि.आर.एस. न्यौपाने एण्ड कंम्पनि (श्री अनुप कु. श्रेष्ठ)	नक्साल, काठमाण्डौं	चार्टर्ड एकाउण्टेण्ट		२०७७/०३/१८	रु. ३,३९,०००∕−	

(घ) कम्पनिको चुक्ता पुँजीको पाँच प्रतिशत वा सो भन्दा बढि शेयर खरिद गरि लिने व्यक्ती वा संगठित संस्थाको नाम निजहरुको नाममा रहेको शेयर वा डिबेन्चरको बिवरण :

नाम	साधारण शेयर संख्या	रकम	प्रतिशत
श्री राजेन्द्र कुमार शर्मा	૬३૧,૭૪૧	रु.६३,१७४,१००	७.६२

- (ङ) शेयर बिकी बाट प्राप्त भएको जम्मा रकम र सम्बन्धित आ.व.मा कम्पनीले खरिद गरेको तथा जारि गरेको नयाँ शेयर तथा डिबेन्चरको बिवरण : नरहेको ।
- (च) संचालक वा आधारभुत शेयरधनी वा निजका नजिकका नातेदारले कम्पनीलाई बुभाउन बांकि रहेको रकम: छैन ।
- (छ) बैक तथा बित्तीय संस्थाहरुबाट लिएको ऋण तथा बुभाउन बाँकी रहेको साँवा तथा व्याजको रकम : छैन ।
- (ज) कम्पनीले भुक्तानी लिनु पर्ने वा कम्पनीले अन्य व्यक्तीलाई भुक्तानी गर्नु पर्ने भनि दाबी गरिएको रकम वा यस बिषयमा मुद्धा मामिला चलिरहेको भए त्यसको बिवरण : रु. ९,४७,६४,७७०.१४ बराबरका २८ मुद्दा विभिन्न अदालतहरुमा विचाराधिन रहेको ।
- (भ) कम्पनीको व्यवस्थापनमा कार्यरत तथा अन्य स्तरमा कार्यरत कर्मचारी वा कामदारको संख्या:

व्यवस्थापनमा कार्यरत कर्मचारी संख्या : १३

अन्य स्तरका कर्मचारि संख्या : १०९

- (ञ) कम्पनीको व्यवस्थापनमा कार्यरत तथा अन्य स्तरमा कार्यरत बिदेशीहरुको संख्या तथा निजहरुलाई भुक्तानि गरिएको पारिश्रमीक, भत्ता तथा सुबिधा : छैन ।
- (ट) कम्पनी र कुनै बिदेशी निकाय वा व्यक्तीहरु बिच लगानी व्यवस्थापन वा प्राविधीक सेवा वा अन्य बिषयमा एक बर्ष भन्दा बढि अवधिको लागि कुनै सम्भौता गरिएको भए सोको बिवरण र सम्बन्धित आर्थिक बर्षमा त्यस्तो सम्भौता अनुसार भुक्तानि गरिएको लाभांश, कमिशन, शुल्क दस्तुर रोयल्टि आदिको बिवरण : छैन ।
- (ठ) कम्पनीले यस ऐन तथा प्रचलित कानुनको पालना पुर्ण रुपमा पालना गरेको भन्ने उदघोषणा गर्दछु :

कम्पनिले यस ऐन तथा प्रचलित अन्य कानुनको पुर्ण रुपमा पालना गर्ने छ। यस ऐन तथा अन्य प्रचलित ऐन कानुनको बरखिलाफ गरेमा सोहि ऐनमा व्यवस्था भए बमोजिम हुनेमा मंजुरी रहेको उदघोषणा गर्दछु।

(ड) अन्य आवश्यक कुराहरु : नभएको ।

B.R.S. Neupane & Co.

B.R.S. Neupane & Co. Chatered Accountants Kumari Marg, House No. 43 P.O.Box 8137, Naxal Kathmandu, Nepal

 Tel
 : 977-1-4411314

 Fax
 : 977-1-4420572

 E-mail
 : chartered@brs.com.np

 Web
 : www.brs.com.np

Independent Auditor's Report To the Shareholders of Best Finance Company Limited

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statement of Best Finance Company Limited, Which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as at 31st Ashad 2077, and Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Cash Flows, Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and Notes to the Financial Statement, including a summary of Significant Accounting Policies .

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Statements present fairly, in all material respects the Financial Position of the Company as at 31st Ashad 2077, and its financial performance and its Cash Flows for the year then ended in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS).

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Nepal Standards on Auditing (NSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. we are independent of the Company in accordance with Code of Ethics issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal together with ethical requirement that are relevant to the audit of the Company under the Provisions of Company Act, 2063 and the rules there under, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirement and the Code of Ethics. we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that ,in our professional judgment ,were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statement for the financial year ended 31st Ashad 2077. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below ,our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the Matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement's section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly ,our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the Matters below, provide the basis for the audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Key Audit Matters	How our Audit addressed the Key Audit Matters				
Identification of Non-performing Advances and Provisioning of Advances					
(Refer Schedule 4.6 & 4.7 read with Note3.13 of Notes to Fina	ancial Statement)				
Loans and Advances include, Overdrafts Loan Repayable on Demand, Terms Loans and Other Loans, These Advances are covered by movable/ immovable assets, guarantees and other collaterals.	es NRB Directives and other circulars / notifications issue				
Loans and Advances constitute 61.90 % of total assets (Gross of Loan Loss Provision) of the Company. They are governed by Nepal Rastra Bank (NRB) Directives and other circulars , notices and directives issued by NRB from time to time which provides the guidelines related to the classification of Loans and Advances into performing and non-performing assets (NPAs).	 The accuracy of the data input in the system for income recognition, classification into performing and non-performing Loans, advances and provisioning in accordance with the NRB Norms The design and operating effectiveness of key control, including IT Based Controls, focusing on periodic internal audits conducted by the Company, periodic valuation of collateral for loans and advances and assessment of adequacy of NPA 				
The Provisioning for identified NPAs is estimated based on	provisions .				
ageing and classification of NPAs, recovery estimates, value	We have examined the efficacy of various internal controls				



of security and other qualitative factors and is subject to the minimum provisioning norms specified by NRB and amount described as per Para 63 of NAS 39 adopting Incurred Loss Model. Identification of performing and non- performing advances involves establishment of proper mechanism. The Company accounts for all the transactions related to Loans and Advances in its Information Technology System (IT System) viz. Core Banking System (CBS) which also provides information to identify whether the advances are performing	over advances to determine the nature, timing and extent of the substantive procedures and compliance with the observations of various audits conducted as per the monitoring mechanism of the Company. In carrying out substantive procedures at the branches sampled by us, we have examined selected / sampled loans which also included the review of valuation reports of independent valuators approved against the collateral security by the Company's management . Our Result : we considered the identification of Non-
or non- performing. Considering the nature of transactions, regulatory requirements, existing business environment, estimation / judgment involved in valuation of securities, it is a matter of high importance for the intended users of this Financial Statements. Considering these aspects, we have determined this as a Key Audit Matter.	Performing Advances and their provisioning to be acceptable .
Investment Valuation, Identification and Impairment (Refer Schedule 4.8 read with Notes 3.4 of Notes to Account) Investment of the Company comprises of investment in Government Bonds, T- Bills, Investment in quoted and Unquoted Equity Instruments. The Valuation of these instruments has been done in compliance with Nepal Accounting Standards (NAS) 39 read with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) 9 and NRB Directive No.8/076. The investment in the government and NRB Bonds and T- Bills have been done on Amortized Cost and rest have been through Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI). Given there are different methods recommended for the treatment of recognition, valuation and measurement of investment based on the nature of cash flow, the business model adopted, complexity of calculations and the significance of amount involved, we have considered Investment to be our Key Audit Matter.	 Our audit approach regarding verification of process of investment valuation, identification and impairment included : Review of the investment of the Company and its valuation having reference to NFRS and NRB Directives. For Investment valuation that are done at amortized cost, we checked the effective interest rate (EIR) and Amortization Schedule on Test Check Basis. For the investment valuation has been done at the closing transaction rate in Nepal Stock Exchange (NEPSE) as on 15th July 2020. Income and Bonus received have been verified through DEMAT statement maintained by the Company wherever applicable. Our Result : We agreed with the recognition, disclosures and valuations made by the Company.
Impact of COVID -19 on the Company and Compliance with c	ircular issued by NRB
On 11 th March, 20202 the COVID -19 outbreak was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization . On 24 th March 2020, Nepal Government announced a strict nation – wide lockdown which continued till 21 st July 2020.	Our audit approach regarding the impact of COVID-19 outbreak and the mitigation approach by the Company is based on the various circulars issued by NRB on various dates till the date of our review.
Due to lockdown, the Profitability of the Company was highly impacted and NRB issued various circulars for the benefit of the loanee and other stakeholders of the Company. This included rebate for fines and penalties that would be normally imposed by the Company in case of non- payment	Provisions like 10% discount on interest paid till 12 th April 2020 for the fourth quarter and relaxation of the penal charges (interest and penalties) to the customers during the pandemic period were verified on a test –sample basis.
of dues by the Customers.	Our Result : We did not find any instances of non –compliance

Since, the impact of COVID-19 is significant on the performance of the Company, we have determined this as a Key Audit Matter.	during the course of our audit in relation to rebate provided by the Company .
Information Technology Systems and Controls Impacting Fina	ancial Reporting
The Information Technology of the Company is satisfactory considering its level of operation and involves use of independent and inter- dependent IT Systems used in the operations of the Company for processing and recording the transactions. As a result, there is a high degree of reliance and dependency on such IT Systems for the financial reporting process of the Company . Appropriate IT General Controls and application controls are required to ensure that such IT systems are able to process the data, as required, completely, accurately and consistently for financial reporting . We have considered this as key audit matter as any control lapses, validation failures, incorrect input data and wrong extraction of data may result in wrong reporting of data to management, stakeholders and regulators .	 Our audit approach regarding Information Technology of the Company is based upon the Information Technology Guidelines, 2012 issued by NRB and it also included : Verification of the interest income and expense booking regarding loan and deposits on test check basis with the CBS of the Company. Reliance on the IT audit conducted by the Company. Verification of the provisioning of the loan and advances based on ageing on test check basis. Our Result : We considered the information technology systems and their relevant controls to be satisfactory.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the preparation of other information . The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon .

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon .

Our responsibility is to read the Other Information and , in doing so , consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated . If , based on the work we have performed , we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information , we are requirement to report that fact , We have nothing to report in this regard .

Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the Preparation and fair presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with NFRS. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for the safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of the appropriate accounting policies ; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent ; and the design , implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls ,that are operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records relevant to the preparation and presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement , whether due to fraud or error .

In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intended to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express and opinion on these Financial Statements based on our audit . We conducted our audit in accordance with Nepal Standards on Auditing and Nepal Financial Reporting Standards . Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirement and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial Statements are free of material misstatement . Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance ,but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Nepal Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists . Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if , individually or in the aggregate ,they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimate and related disclosures made by the directors ;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors ' use of the going concern basis of accounting and , based on the audit evidence obtained , whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern . if we conclude that a material uncertainty exists , we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or , if such disclosures are inadequate , to modify our opinion . Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report . However , future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair Presentation.
- Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the Group's Activities to express an opinion on Financial Statements.

We Communicate with those charged with governance , regarding , among other matters , the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings , including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit .

Reporting on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

We have obtained all the information and explanations ,which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit and we did not come across any fraudulence in the accounts, so far as it appeared from our examination of the books of accounts . The accounts and records of the Company has been maintained as required by law and financial Statements are in agreement with the Books of Account maintained by the Company . In our opinion , so far as appeared from our examination of books of the books , the Company has maintained adequate capital funds and adequate provisions for possible impairment of assets in accordance with the Directives of Nepal Rastra Bank .

To the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the Board of Directors, the representative or any employee of the Company has not acted in Contrary to the provision of the law relating to accounts nor caused direct loss or damage to the Company deliberately or acted in a manner that would jeopardize the interest and security of the Company and the Company has not acted in a manner to jeopardize the interest and security of the depositors and the investors.

CA Anup K. Shrestha Managing Partner UDIN210112CA00028 zxo9P Place : Kathmandu ,Nepal Date 12th January 2021

Best Finance Company Limited

Statement of Financial Position As on 31 Ashadh 2077 (15 July 2020)

Amount in NPR

Particulars	Note	31 Ashad 2077	31 Ashad 2076
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalent	4.1	904,518,338	785,599,274
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	4.2	102,913,577	132,577,050
Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions	4.3	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	4.4	-	-
Other trading assets	4.5	-	-
Loan and advances to B/FIs	4.6	198,157,801	86,648,612
Loans and advances to customers	4.7	1,934,361,232	1,763,432,002
Investment securities	4.8	241,421,666	199,718,848
Current tax assets	4.9	41,133,513	48,469,502
Investment in susidiaries	4.10	-	-
Investment in associates	4.11	-	-
Investment property	4.12	69,254,942	41,319,893
Property and equipment	4.13	144,255,121	147,532,618
Goodwill and Intangible assets	4.14	993,734	628,512
Deferred tax assets	4.15	12,375,729	-
Other assets	4.16	10,114,728	44,266,984
Total Assets		3,659,500,381	3,250,193,295
Liabilities			
Due to Bank and Financial Instituions	4.17	238,508,000	90,903,000
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	4.18	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	4.19	-	-
Deposits from customers	4.20	2,498,627,416	2,292,399,494
Borrowing	4.21	-	-
Current Tax Liabilities	4.9	-	-
Provisions	4.22	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	4.15	-	5,702,192
Other liabilities	4.23	72,514,571	112,264,912
Debt securities issued	4.24	-	-
Subordinated Liabilities	4.25	-	-
Total liabilities		2,809,649,987	2,501,269,598
Equity			
Share capital	4.26	828,913,789	810,015,789
Share premium		3,025,356	3,010,926
Retained earnings		(342,099,561)	(351,615,021)
Reserves	4.27	360,010,810	287,512,003
Total equity attributable to equity holders		849,850,394	748,923,697
Non-controlling interest		-	-
Total equity		849,850,394	748,923,697
Total liabilities and equity		3,659,500,381	3,250,193,295
Contingent liabilities and commitment	4.28	83,384,287	20,437,287
Net assets value per share		102.53	92.46

Rajeev Kumar Yadav Chief Financial Officer Suraj Kshetri Director Umesh Singh Bhandari Chief Executive Officer Bimal Prasad Dhakal Director Amir Dhoj Pradhan Chairman Dipak Dhakal

Director

Krishna Hari Shrestha Director Sushila Khanal

Director

Milan Thapa

Director

As per our report of even date FCA Anup K Shrestha

Managing Partner BRS Neupane & Co. Chartered

Accountants

Director

Date: 12 January, 2021 Place: Kathmandu, Nepal

Best Finance Company Limited

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss For the year ended 31 Ashadh 2077 (15 July 2020)

			Amount in NPF
Particulars	Notes	Current Year	Previous Year
Interest Income	4.29	382,420,591	370,614,999
Interest Expenses	4.30	232,376,166	213,205,495
Net interest income		150,044,425	157,409,504
Fees and Commission Income	4.31	13,597,048	18,614,661
Fees and Commission Expense	4.32	587,577	-
Net fee and Commission income		13,009,471	18,614,661
Net interest fee and commission income		163,053,896	176,024,165
Net Trading Income	4.33	-	-
Other Operating Income	4.34	1,127,250	74,697,419
Total Operating Income		164,181,146	250,721,584
Impairment charge/(reversal) for loans and other losses	4.35	(19,637,826)	(74,576,628)
Net Operating Income		183,818,972	325,298,212
Operating expenses			
Personnal Expenses	4.36	74,488,379	78,520,104
Other Operating Expenses	4.37	37,871,555	52,546,538
Depreciation & Amortisation	4.38	7,343,321	13,192,842
Operating Profit		64,115,717	181,038,727
Non operating income	4.39	926,204	-
Non operating expenses	4.40	542,512	1,573,641
Profit before income tax		64,499,409	179,465,086
Income tax expenses	4.41	(12,826,297)	116,740,929
Current Tax		7,302,291	17,274,696
Deferred Tax		(20,128,588)	99,466,233
Profit for the period		77,325,706	62,724,157
Profit attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Bank		77,325,706	62,724,157
Non-controlling interest		-	-
Profit for the period		77,325,706	33,373,634
Earnings per share			
Basic earnings per share		9.38	8.02
Diluted earnings per share		9.38	8.02

Rajeev Kumar Yadav Chief Financial Officer Suraj Kshetri Director

Umesh Singh Bhandari Chief Executive Officer Bimal Prasad Dhakal Director

Amir Dhoj Pradhan Chairman Dipak Dhakal

Director

Sushila Khanal

Director

Krishna Hari Shrestha Milan Thapa Director Director

As per our report of even date

Amount in NPR

FCA Anup K Shrestha Managing Partner BRS Neupane & Co. Chartered Accountants

Date: 12 January, 2021 Place: Kathmandu, Nepal

Best Finance Company Limited Consolidated Statement of Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 Ashadh 2077 (15 July 2020)

Particulars	Notes	Current Year	Previous Year
Profit for the year		77,325,706	62,724,157
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax			
a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Gains/ (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value		2,478,863	(170,659)
Gains/ (losses) on revaluation			
Actuarial gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans		4,356,691	-
Income Tax relating to above items		(2,050,666)	51,198
Net other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		4,784,888	(119,461)
b) Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss			
Gains/ (losses) on cash flow hedge		-	-
Exchange gains/ (losses) (arising from translating financial assets of foreign operation)		-	-
Income tax relating to above items		-	-
Reclassify to profit or loss		-	-
Net other comprehensive income that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
c) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted as per equited method		-	-
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of income tax		4,784,888	(119,461)
Total comprehensive income for the period		82,110,594	62,604,696
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Bank		82,110,594	62,604,696
Non-controlling interest			-
Total comprehensive income for the period		82,110,594	62,604,696

Rajeev Kumar Yadav Chief Financial Officer Umesh Singh Bhandari Chief Executive Officer Amir Dhoj Pradhan

Krishna Hari Shrestha

Director

Milan Thapa Director As per our report of even date

FCA Anup K Shrestha Managing Partner BRS Neupane & Co. Chartered Accountants

hief Financial Officer Suraj Kshetri Director

Date: 12 January, 2021 Place: Kathmandu, Nepal

Bimal Prasad Dhakal Director Chairman **Dipak Dhakal** Director Director Sushila Khanal

Particulars	Share Capital	Capital Adjustment Fund	Share Premium	General Reserve	Exchange Equalisation Reserve	Regulatory Reserve	Fair Value Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Retained Earning	Other Reserve	Total
Balance at 1 Shrawan 2075	297,513,000		2,488,558	48,945,909	1	-		I	(131,817,164)	5,181,805	222,312,108
Adjustment/Restatement	'		1	'	1	-	•	1	'	1	'
Adjusted/Restated balance at 1 Shrawan 2075	297,513,000		2,488,558	48,945,909	1		1	1	(131,817,164)	5,181,805	222,312,108
Comprehensive income for the year											
Profit for the year									62,724,157		62,724,157
Other comprehensive income, net	1	1	1	'	1	1	(119,461)	1			(119,461)
Gains/(losses) from investment in											
equity instruments measured at fair							(119,461)				(119,461)
Gains/(losses) on revaluation											•
Acturial gain/(losses) on defined benefit plans											
Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge											1
Exchange gains/(losses)(arising from translating financial assets of foreign operation)											
Total comprehensive income for							(110-101)				10100
the year	I	1	I	I	I	-	(119,401)	I	02,724,157	I	62,604,696
Transfer to Reserves during the year			I	12,544,831		I		I	(12,544,831)	I	I
Transfer to Regulatory Reserves during the year Due to NBA						26,031,533			(26,031,533)		
Transfer to Regulatory Reserves during the year Due to AIR						11,250,631			(11,250,631)		,
NFRS of merged entity directly charged into equity									57,549,752		57,549,752
Transfer From Merger	474,408,989		522,368	108,215,475					(307,211,683)	93,594,786	369,529,935
Transfer Deferred Tax Reserve to Retained Earnings during the year									92,417,583	(92,417,583)	1
Creation of CSR Fund									(627,242)	627,242	1
Creation of Training Fund									1	I	I
Utilization of Training Fund										(511,419)	(511,419)
Utilization of CSR Fund										(177,370)	(177,370)
Transfer from Retained earining to Regulatory Reserve						877,526			(877,526)		
Transfer from Retained earining to Regulatory Reserve against Bargain Purchase						73,468,098			(73,468,098)		
Transfer from Reserves during the year										'	'
Transactions with owners, directly recognised in equity											1
Amount transferred from premium to share capital	'		1								
Share Issued	38,093,800										38,093,800
Share Based Payments											-

BEST FINANCE COMPANY LTD. बेष्ट फाइनान्स कम्पनी लि. BFC

Share Issued Expenses-Tax Impact Dividend to Equity-Holders Bonus Shares Issued Cash Dividend Paid Cash Dividend Paid Gain on Disposal of Share Classified into OCI Current Tax on Gain on Disposal of Share Classified into OCI Other Total contributions by and Gistributions Balance at Ashadh end 2076 Balance at I Shrawan 2076 Balance at I Shrawan 2076								204,773		204,773
nd to Equity-Holders Shares Issued Dividend Paid n Disposal of Share Classified CI assified into OCI Share Classified into OCI assified into OCI assified into OCI sy and titons by and the et at Ashadh end 2076 git Particulars Sh Particulars ce at I Shrawan 2076 e at I Shrawan 2076 ment'Restatement ment'Restatement										
Shares Issued Dividend Paid CI CI Tax on Gain on Disposal of Classified into OCI contributions by and titons e at Ashadh end 2076 Particulars Particulars e at 1 Shrawan 2076 e at 1 Shrawan 2076								'		
Dividend Paid n Disposal of Share Classified CI ti Tax on Gain on Disposal of Classified into OCI contributions by and utions e at Ashadh end 2076 Particulars Particulars e at 1 Shrawan 2076 men'Restatement									Ì	
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tributions by and shadh end 2076 810 Particulars Sh Shrawan 2076 Restatement										
shadh end 2076 810 Particulars Sh Shrawan 2076 Restatement										
Sh -		- 3,010,926.00	169,706,214.86	1	111,627,787.99	(119,461.30)	1	(351,615,020.53)	6,297,460.69	748,923,697.09
		I Share premium	General reserve	Exchange equalisation reserve	Regulatory reserve	Fair Value Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Retained earning	Other reserve	Total
<u> </u>										
	.789	3,010,926	169,706,215	'	111,627,788	(119,461)	'	(351,615,021)	6,297,461	748,923,697
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						119,461		708,666	1	828,128
Adjusted/Restated balance at 1 810,015,789 Shrawan 2076	;,789	- 3,010,926	169,706,215		111,627,788	1	'	(350,906,354)	6,297,461	749,751,825
Comprehensive income for the year										
Profit for the year								77,325,706		77,325,706
Other comprehensive income, net of tax										I
Remeasurements of defined benfit liability (assets)									3,049,684	3,049,684
Fair value reserve (Investment in						1,735,204				1,735,204
Net change in fair value										
Net amount transferred to profit or loss										
Net gain (loss) on revalution										
Cash flow hedges:										
Effective portion of changes in fair value										ı
Net Amount reclassified to profit or loss										
Total comprehensive income for										
the year										
Iransfer to reserve during the year Transfer from reserve during the year			15,465,141		52,280,514			(68 518 012)	(024 455)	08,518,912 (753 243 367)
								(71,01,00)	(001,120)	(100,000,00)
I ransactions with owners, directly recognised in equity										
Shares Issued 18,898,000										18,898,000
Share Premium		14,430								14,430
Share based payments										
Dividends to equity holders										-
Bonus shares issued										
Total contributions by and 18,898,000		14,430	15,465,141		52,280,514	1,735,204		8,806,794	2,898,486	100,098,569
Balance at Ashadh end 2077 828,913,789	6	3,025,356	185,171,356	-	163,908,302	1,735,204	,	(342,099,561)	9,195,947	849,850,394





Best Finance Company Limited

Consolidated Statement of cash flows For the year ended 31 Ashadh 2077 (15 July 2020)

		Amount in NPR
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	329,275,727	375,087,665
Fees and other income received	14,205,247	18,614,661
Dividend received	519,051	1,120,343
Receipts from other operating activities	926,204	(3,890,128)
Interest paid	(221,391,962)	(200,911,842)
Commission and fees paid	(587,577)	
Cash payment to employees	(64,405,812)	(37,016,229)
Other expense paid	(36,530,846)	(42,586,216)
Operating cash flows before changes in operating assets and liabilities	22,010,031	110,418,254
(Increase)/Decrease in operating assets	(159,576,685)	501,178,166
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	29,663,473	391,288,345
Placement with bank and financial institutions	-	
Other trading assets	-	
Loan and advances to bank and financial institutions	(111,509,189)	(56,943,577)
Loans and advances to customers	(113,119,967)	98,463,873
Other assets	35,388,999	68,369,525
Increase/(Decrease) in operating liabilities	267,702,829	(259,094,378)
Due to bank and financial institutions	147,605,000	65,645,000
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	-	-
Deposit from customers	206,227,922	89,040,999
Borrowings	_	
Other liabilities	(86,130,093)	(413,780,377)
Net cash flow from operating activities before tax paid	130,136,175	352,502,042
Income taxes paid/received	7,131,215	(61,746,407)
Net cash flow from operating activities	137,267,391	290,755,635
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		, ,
Purchase of investment securities	(36,917,930)	60,000,000
Receipts from sale of investment securities	_	
Purchase of plant and equipment	_	(7,894,947)
Receipt from sale of property and equipment	(3,783,077)	108,978
Purchase of intangible assets	(649,750)	(96,032)
Receipt from sale of intangible assets	_	(* *,***=)
Purchase of investment properties	_	(2,970,000)
Receipt from the sale of investment properties	4,090,000	(_,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Interest received	_	
Dividend received		
Net cash used in investing activities	(37,260,757)	49,147,999
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(01,200,101)	,,,
Receipt from issue of debt securities		-
Repayment of debt securities	_	
Receipt from issue of subordinated liabilities		
Repayment of subordinated liabilities		
Receipt from issue of shares	18,912,430	38,093,800
Dividend paid	10,712,+50	50,075,000
Interest paid	-	-
Other receipt/payment		
Net cash from financing activities		38,093,800
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	118,919,063	377,997,433
Cash and cash equivalents at Shrawan 1, 2076	785,599,274	260,304,991
A ·	/85,599,274	
Transfer from Merger		147,296,850
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents held	-	
Cash and cash equivalents at Ashadh end 2077	904,518,338	785,599,275

Umesh Singh Bhandari Rajeev Kumar Yadav Chief Financial Officer Chief Executive Officer Suraj Kshetri Bimal Prasad Dhakal Director Director Date: 12 January, 2021 Place: Kathmandu, Nepal

Amir Dhoj Pradhan Chairman Dipak Dhakal Director

Krishna Hari Shrestha Director Sushila Khanal Director

FCA Anup K Shrestha Managing Partner BRS Neupane & Co. Chartered Accountants Milan Thapa

Director

As per our report of even date

२४ औं वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन २०७६/७७

1. Reporting Entity

Best Finance Company Limited (referred to as 'The Financial Institution" hereinafter) is a National level finance company domiciled in Nepal, registered as a Public Limited Company under Companies Act, 2063 & Bank and Financial Institution Act, 2073. The Financial Institution is licensed by Nepal Rastra Bank as a Class "C" financial institution. During the financial year 2075/76, the financial institution has merged with Synergy Finance Limited and started joint operation from 2075.04.17. The registered office of the financial institution is located in Kamaladi, Nepal. Best Finance Company Limited network now includes 14 branches and 4 ATM's across 5 districts.

The Company has a primary listing on the Nepal Stock Exchange Limited as "BFC".

2. Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on accrual basis of accounting in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) as published by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB) Nepal and pronounced by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN) and as per the format issued by Nepal Rastra Bank in Directive No. 4 of NRB Directives, 2076.

The financial statements comprise the Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit or Loss and Statement of Other Comprehensive Income shown differently, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows and the Notes to the Accounts.

2.1 Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared and approved by the Board of Directors in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) and as published by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB), Nepal and pronounced by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN) subject to the notice dated 20 September 2018 regarding the Carve-outs in NFRS with Alternative Treatment and in the format issued by Nepal Rastra Bank in Directive No. 4 of NRB Directives, 2076.

2.2 Reporting Period and Approval of financial statement

The Company has, for the preparation of financial statements, adopted the NFRS pronounced by ASB during the fiscal year 2075/76. To comply the NFRS provisions following dates have been considered for the reporting time period.

Relevant Financial Statement	Nepalese Calendar	English Calendar
Comparative SFP* Date	31 Ashad 2076	16 July 2019
Comparative reporting period	1 Shrawan 2075 -31 Ashad 2076	17 July 2018 -16 July 2019
NFRS SFP* Date	31 Ashad 2077	16 July 2020
NFRS reporting period	1 Shrawan 2076- 31 Ashad 2077	17 July 2019-15 July 2020

*SFP- Statement of Financial Position

2.3 Functional and Presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Nepalese Rupees (NPR) which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in NPR has been rounded to the nearest rupee except where indicated otherwise.

2.4 Use of Estimates, assumption and judgments

The Company, under NFRS, is required to apply accounting policies to most appropriately suit its circumstances and operating environment. Further, the Company is required to make judgments in respect of items where the choice of specific policy, accounting estimate or assumption to be followed could materially affect the financial statements. This may later be determined that a different choice could have been more appropriate.

The accounting policies have been included in the relevant notes for each item of the financial statements and the effect and nature of the changes, if any, have been disclosed.

The NFRS requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that will affect the assets, liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and profit or loss as reported in the financial statements. The Company applies estimates in preparing and presenting the financial statements and such estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed periodically. The revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and are applied prospectively.

Disclosures of the accounting estimates have been included in the relevant sections of the notes wherever the estimates have been applied along with the nature and effect of changes of accounting estimates, if any.

2.4.1 Going Concern

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, as the Board of the Company is satisfied that the Company has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. In making this assessment, the Board of Directors have considered a wide range of information relating to present and future conditions, including future projections of profitability, cash flows and capital resources.

2.5 Changes in Accounting Policies

The Company is required to adopt and apply the accounting policies in conformity with Nepal Financial Reporting Framework (NFRS). The accounting policies are applied consistently with changes, if any and are disclosed with the financial impact to the extent possible. When policies are not guided by the reporting framework, NFRS, other reporting standards and generally accounting principles are followed.

2.6 Reporting Pronouncements

The Company has, for the preparation of financial statements, adopted the NFRS pronounced by ASB as effective on September 13, 2013. The NFRS conform, in all material respect, to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

However, the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN) vide its notice dated 20 September 2018 has resolved that Carve-outs in NFRS with Alternative Treatment and effective period shall be provided to the Banks and Financial Institutions regulated by NRB on the specific recommendation of Accounting Standard Board (ASB). Details of carve out are provided as follows.

2.6.1 NAS 34: Interim Financial Reporting

In para 2, if an entity's interim financial report is described as complying with NFRSs, it must comply with all of the requirements of this Standard. Paragraph 19 requires certain disclosures in that regard. However, an entity shall not require to restate its corresponding previous interim period balance if it is impracticable to restate.

The carve out is optional and has been provided for the FY 2018-19 and 2019-20. Accordingly, the Company has opted the carve out.

2.6.2 NAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

a) Impairment

In para 58, an entity shall assess at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets measured at amortized cost is impaired. If any such evidence exists, the entity shall apply paragraph 63 to determine the amount of any impairment loss unless the entity is bank or financial institutions registered as per Bank and Financial Institutions Act, 2073. Such entities shall measure impairment loss on loan and advances as the higher of amount derived as per norms prescribed by Nepal Rastra Bank for loan loss provision and amount determined as per paragraph 63; and shall apply paragraph 63 to measure the impairment loss on financial assets other than loan and advances. The entity shall disclose the impairment loss as per this carve-out and the amount of impairment loss determined as per paragraph 63.

The carve out is not optional and has been provided for the FY 2018-19 to 2019-20.

b) Impracticability to determine transaction cost of all previous years which is the part of effective interest rate

In para 9, The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, an entity shall estimate cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, call and similar options) but shall not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received, unless it is immaterial or impracticable to determine reliably, between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate (see NAS 18 Revenue), transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts. There is a presumption that the cash flows and the expected life of a group of similar financial instruments can be estimated reliably. However, in those rare cases when it is not possible to estimate reliably the cash flows over the full contractual term of the financial instruments), the entity shall use the contractual cash flows over the full contractual term of the financial instruments).

The carve out is optional and has been provided for the FY 2018-19 and 2019-20. Accordingly, the Company has opted the carve out.

c) Impracticability to determine interest income on amortized cost

In para AG 93, once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an

impairment loss, interest income is thereafter recognized using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Interest income shall be calculated by applying effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset unless the financial asset is written off either partially or fully.

The carve out is optional and has been provided for the FY 2018-19 to 2019-20. Accordingly, the Company has opted the carve out.

2.7 New Standards in issue but not yet effective

For the reporting of financial instruments, NAS 32 Financial Instruments, Presentation, NAS 39 Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurements and NFRS 7 Financial Instruments – Disclosures have been applied. NRFS 9 has been complied for the classification of Financial Instruments.

A number of new standards and amendments to the existing standards and interpretations have been issued by IASB after the pronouncements of NFRS with varying effective dates. Those become applicable when ASB Nepal incorporates them within NFRS.

2.8 New Standards and Interpretations Not adapted

The following amendments are not mandatory for 2019/20 and have not been early adopted by the Company. The Company is still currently assessing the detailed impact of these amendments.

2.8.1 IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'-Impairment

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' was issued by the IASB in July 2014 and effective internationally for the financials beginning on or after 1 January 2018. Accounting Standard Board of Nepal endorsed NFRS 9 Financial Instruments with some exceptions, mainly in the Impairment. Currently, Incurred Loss Model as specified in NAS 39 is used. The requirement of IFRS 9 is Expected Credit Loss Model.

Expected Credit Loss Model (ECL) of Impairment

The Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model is a forward-looking model. The ECL estimates are unbiased, probability-weighted, and include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Under the general approach, IFRS 9 recognizes three stage approach to measure expected credit losses and recognized interest income.

Stage 1: 12-month ECL – No significantly increased credit risk Financial instruments that have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition require, at initial recognition a provision for ECL associated with the probability of default events occurring within the next 12 months (12-month ECL). For those financial assets with a remaining maturity of less than 12 months, a Probability of Default (PD) is used that corresponds to the remaining maturity. Interest will be calculated on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset before adjusting for ECL.

Stage 2: Lifetime ECL – Significantly increased credit risk in the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a provision is required for the lifetime ECL representing losses over the life of the financial instrument (lifetime ECL).

Interest income will continue to be recognized on a gross basis.

Stage 3: Lifetime ECL – Defaulted Financial instruments that move into Stage 3 once credit impaired and purchases of credit impaired assets will require a lifetime provision. Interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset less ECL

The management is still assessing the potential impact on its financial statements, if Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model is introduced.

2.8.2 IFRS-15: Revenue from contract with customers:

The IASB issued a new standard for revenue recognition which overhauls the existing revenue recognition standards. The standard requires the following five step model framework to be followed for revenue recognition:

- Identification of the contracts with the customer
- Identification of the performance obligations in the contract
- Determination of the transaction price
- Allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract (as identified in step ii)
- Recognition of revenue when the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The new standard would be effective for annual periods starting from 1 January 2018 and early application is allowed. The management is assessing the potential impact on its financial statements resulting from application of IFRS 15.

IFRS 15 Revenue from contract with customers has not yet been adopted by the Accounting Standard Board of Nepal.

2.8.3 IFRS 16 'Leases'

IFRS 16 'Leases' is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. IFRS 16 is the new accounting standard for leases and will replace IAS 17 'Leases' and IFRIC 4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease'. The new standard removes the distinction between operating or finance leases for lessee accounting, resulting in all leases being treated as finance leases. All leases will be recognized on the statement of financial position with the optional exceptions for short-term leases with a lease term of less than 12 months and leases of low-value assets (for example mobile phones or laptops). A lessee is required to recognize a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. The main reason for this change is that this approach will result in a more comparable representation of a lessee's assets and liabilities in relation to other companies and, together with enhanced disclosures, will provide greater transparency of a lessee's financial leverage and capital employed. The standard permits a lessee to choose either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective transition approach.

IFRS 16 Leases has not yet been adopted by the Accounting Standard Board of Nepal.

2.9 Discounting

Discounting has been applied where assets and liabilities are non-current, and the impact of the discounting is material.

2.10 Limitation of NFRS implementation

Wherever the information is not adequately available, and/or it is impracticable to develop the, such exception to NFRS implementation has been noted and disclosed in respective sections.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

3.1 Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except for the following material items in the statement of financial position:

- financial instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI) are measured at fair value
- investment property is measured at fair value.
- liabilities for cash-settled share-based payment are measured at fair value
- the liability for defined benefit obligations is recognized as the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the net total of the plan assets, plus unrecognized actuarial gains, less unrecognized past service cost and unrecognized actuarial losses.

3.2 Basis of Consolidation/Acquisition

a. Business Combination

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method as at the acquisition date i.e. when control is transferred to the Company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, the Group takes into consideration potential voting rights that currently are exercisable.

The Company measures goodwill at the acquisition date as;

- the fair value of the consideration transferred, plus
- the recognized amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquire, plus
- if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the preexisting equity interest in the acquire, less
- the net recognized amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.
- When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognized immediately in profit or loss.
- The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognized in profit or loss.
- Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Bank incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.
- Any contingent consideration payable is measured at fair value at the acquisition date. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, then it is not re-measured, and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise, subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognized in profit or loss.

3.3 Cash & Cash Equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, balances with B/FIs, money at call & short notice and highly liquid financial assets with original maturities of three months or less from the acquisition dates that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value and are used by the Company in the management of its short-term commitments.

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at amortized cost in the statement of financial position.

A. Recognition

The Company initially recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only when, it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company initially recognize loans and advances, deposits and debt securities/ subordinated liabilities issued on the date that they are originated which is the date that the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Investments in equity instruments, bonds, debenture, Government securities, NRB bond or deposit auction, reverse repos, outright purchase are recognized on trade date at which the Company commits to purchase/ acquire the financial assets. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are recognized on trade date at which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

B. Classification

I. Financial Assets

The Company classifies the financial assets as subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value on the basis of the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The two classes of financial assets are as follows;

i. Financial assets measured at amortized cost

The Company classifies a financial asset measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

a) Financial asset measured at fair value

Financial assets other than those measured at amortized cost are measured at fair value. Financial assets measured at fair value are further classified into two categories as below:

• Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets are classified as fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) if they are held for trading or are designated at fair value through profit or loss. Upon initial recognition, transaction cost is directly attributable to the acquisition are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.

• Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading and at the initial recognition, the Company makes an irrevocable election that the subsequent changes in fair value of the instrument is to be recognized in other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value though other comprehensive income. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

II. Financial Liabilities

The Company classifies its financial liabilities, other than financial guarantees and loan commitments, as follows;

• Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Financial liabilities are classified as fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or are designated at fair value through profit or loss. Upon initial recognition, transaction costs are directly attributable to the acquisition are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss as incurred. Subsequent changes in fair value is recognized at profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities measured at amortized cost

All financial liabilities other than measured at fair value though profit or loss are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

C. Measurement

i. Initial Measurement

A financial asset or financial liability is measured initially at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. Transaction cost in relation to financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.

ii. Subsequent Measurement

A financial asset or financial liability is subsequently measured either at fair value or at amortized cost based on the classification of the financial asset or liability. Financial asset or liability classified as measured at amortized cost is subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

BEST FINANCE COMPANY LTD. बेष्ट फाडनान्स कम्पनी लि. The amortized cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction for impairment or collectability.

Financial assets classified at fair value are subsequently measured at fair value. The subsequent changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss whereas of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Effective interest rate of loans and advance: While recognizing loans and advances at amortized cost, the Company has opted the carve out provided by the ICAN for determining effective interest rate. As a result of this alternative treatment, the Company has not included the loan processing fees received by the Company while calculating the effective interest rate to be used to amortize the loans and advances justifying that such fees and commission are immaterial to the total income from such loans and advances. The fees and commission are recognized as income in the same period when loan is approved and subsequently implemented/ disbursed.

Staff Loans and Advances: When the transaction price differs from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument, the Company immediately recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value as Prepaid Benefit. The Company accordingly estimates the Prepaid Benefit in relation to Staff Loans and advances given under subsidized rate of interest. While calculating the fair value in case of Staff Loans, the average interest rate (11%) has been considered to be the market rate for the loan. Further, the amortization income and expense of such prepaid benefit is shown both under Interest Income as well as Personnel expense as it is the notional income and expense for the Company.

Base Rate is the minimum lending rate recommended by Nepal Rastra Bank and is calculated separately for each individual bank & financial institutions every month as per the method prescribed by Nepal Rastra Bank.

3.4.1 Derecognition

Derecognition of Financial Assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

Any interest in such transferred financial assets that qualify for derecognition that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset transferred), and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss.

In transactions in which the Company neither retains nor transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a financial asset and it retains control over the asset, the Company continues to recognize the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement, determined by the extent to which it is exposed to changes in the value of the transferred asset.

Derecognition of Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or canceled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.

3.4.2 Determination of Fair Value

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction on the measurement date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

The fair values are determined according to the following hierarchy:

Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 valuations are those with quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in inactive markets and financial instruments valued using models where all significant inputs are observable.

Level 3 portfolios are those where at least one input, which could have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation, is not based on observable market data.

When available, the Company measures the fair value of an instrument using quoted prices in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available and represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. If a market for a financial instrument is not active, the Company establishes fair value using a valuation technique. Valuation techniques include using recent arm's length transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties (if available), reference to the current fair value of other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analyses.

The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument at initial recognition is the transaction price -i.e., the fair value of the consideration given or received. However, in some cases, the fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition may be different to its transaction price. If such fair value is evidenced by comparison with other observable current market transactions in the same instrument (without modification) or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable markets, then the difference is recognized in profit or loss on initial recognized over the life of the instrument. In other cases, the difference is not recognized in profit or loss immediately but is recognized over the life of the instrument on an appropriate basis or when the instrument is redeemed, transferred or sold, or the fair value becomes observable.

All unquoted equity investments are recorded at cost, considering the non-trading of promoter shares up to the date of balance sheet, the market price of such shares could not be ascertained with certainty. Hence, these investments are recognized at cost net of impairment, if any.

3.4.3 Impairment

At each reporting date the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may have been impaired. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is determined. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events occurring after the initial recognition of the asset (a loss event), and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The Company considers the following factors in assessing objective evidence of impairment:

- Whether the counterparty is in default of principal or interest payments.
- When a counterparty files for bankruptcy and this would avoid or delay discharge of its obligation.
- Where the Company initiates legal recourse of recovery in respect of a credit obligation of the counterpart.
- Where the Company consents to a restructuring of the obligation, resulting in a diminished financial obligation, demonstrated by a material forgiveness of debt or postponement of scheduled payments.
- Where there is observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows of a group of financial assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with specific individual financial assets.

The Company considers evidence of impairment for loans and advances and held-to-maturity investment securities at both a specific asset and collective level. Significant loans and advances and held-to-maturity investment securities are assessed for specific impairment. Those found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified.

Loans and advances and held-to-maturity investment securities that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together loans and advances and held-to-maturity investment securities with similar risk characteristics. Impairment test is done on annual basis for trade receivables and other financial assets based on the internal and external indication observed.

In assessing collective impairment, the Company uses statistical modeling of historical trends of the probability of default, the timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, adjusted for management's judgment as to whether current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or less than suggested by historical trends. Default rates, loss rates and the expected timing of future recoveries are regularly benchmarked against actual outcomes to ensure that they remain appropriate.

a) Impairment losses on assets measured at amortized cost As per NAS 39

Financial assets carried at amortized cost such as amounts due from Financial Institution, loans and advances to customers as well as held-to-maturity investments is impaired, and impairment losses are recognized, only if there is objective evidence as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset. The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the deemed recoverable value of loan.

Loans and advances to customers categorized in non-performing loan category are assessed for individual impairment test. The recoverable value of loan is estimated on the basis of realizable value of collateral and the conduct of the borrower/ past experience of the Company. Assets that are individually assessed and for which no impairment exists are grouped with financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assessed for impairment. The credit risk statistics for each group of the loan and advances are determined by management prudently being based on the past experience.

If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring

after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the other reserves and funds (impairment reserve) in other comprehensive income and statement of changes in equity. If a future write–off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the 'Income Statement'.

As per Loan Loss Provision of Nepal Rastra Bank

Loan loss provisions in respect of non-performing loans and advances are based on management's assessment of the degree of impairment of the loans and advances, subject to the minimum provisioning level prescribed in relevant NRB guidelines. Provision is made for possible losses on loans and advances including bills purchased at 1% to 100% on the basis of classification of loans and advances, overdraft and bills purchased in accordance with NRB directives.

Policies Adopted

As per the Carve out notice issued by ICAN, the Company has measured impairment loss on loan and advances as the higher of amount derived as per norms prescribed by Nepal Rastra Bank for loan loss provision and amount determined as per paragraph 63 of NAS 39.

b) Impairment of investment in equity instrument classified as fair value through other comprehensive income

Where objective evidence of impairment exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss (measured as the difference between the amortized cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in the statement of profit or loss) is reclassified from equity and recognized in the profit or loss. A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an equity security below its cost is considered, among other factors in assessing objective evidence of impairment for equity securities.

If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument classified as available-for-sale increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, the impairment loss is reversed through the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in the profit or loss on equity instruments are not reversed through the profit or loss.

3.5 Trading Assets

Trading assets and liabilities are those assets and liabilities that the Company acquires or incurs principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term or holds as part of a portfolio that is managed together for short-term profit or position taking.

Trading assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, with transaction costs recognized in profit or loss. All changes in fair value are recognized as part of net trading income in profit or loss as regarded as fair value through profit & loss account.

3.6 Derivatives Assets and Derivative Liabilities

Derivatives held for risk management purposes include all derivative assets and liabilities that are not classified as trading assets or liabilities. Derivatives held for risk management purposes are measured at fair value in the statement of financial position.

The Company currently does have any derivative assets and derivative liabilities.

3.7 **Property and Equipment**

a. Recognition and Measurement

The cost of an item of property and equipment shall be recognized as an asset, initially recognized at cost, if, and only if:

- It is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity; and
- The cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the following:

- the cost of materials and direct labor;
- any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use;
- when the Company has an obligation to remove the asset or restore the site, an estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located; and
- Capitalized borrowing costs.

The Company adopts cost model for entire class of property and equipment. Neither class of the property and equipment is measured at revaluation model nor is their fair value measured at the reporting date. The items of property and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalized as part of that equipment.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized if it is probable that the future economic benefits from the expenditure will flow to the Company. Ongoing repairs and maintenance to keep the assets in working condition are expensed as incurred. Any

gain or loss on disposal of an item of property and equipment (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognized within other income in profit or loss.

Assets with a value of less than NPR 2,000 are charged off to revenue irrespective of their useful life in the year of purchase.

b. Capital Work in Progress

Fixed assets under construction and cost of assets not ready for use are shown as capital work in progress.

c. Depreciation

Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight- line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful life as per management judgment as follows:

Nature of Assets	Useful Life (years)
Furniture	5
Equipment	5
Vehicles	7
Computers	5
Building	40
Leasehold	5

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each statement of financial position date. The value of the assets fully depreciated but continued to be in use is considered not material.

Depreciation on new assets shall commence from the month subsequent to the month in which the assets is acquired or capitalized. Where assets are disposed off, depreciation shall be calculated up to the month preceding the month of such disposal.

d. Derecognition

The carrying amount of Property and Equipment shall be derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising from derecognition of an item of property and equipment shall be included in profit or loss when the item is derecognized (unless on a sale & lease back). The gain shall not be classified as revenue.

Depreciation method, useful lives and residual value are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted, if any.

3.8 Intangible Assets/ Goodwill

Goodwill

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired in Business Combination is recognized as goodwill. Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Goodwill is reviewed for impairment annually, or more frequently, if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalized on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with the development of software are capitalized where it is probable that it will generate future economic benefits in excess of its cost. Computer software costs are amortized on the basis of expected useful life. Costs associated with maintaining software are recognized as an expense as incurred.

At each reporting date, these assets are assessed for indicators of impairment. In the event that an asset's carrying amount is determined to be greater than its recoverable amount, the asset is written down immediately.

Software is amortized on a straight-line basis in profit or loss over its estimated useful life, from the date that it is available for use. The estimated useful life of software for the current and comparative periods is five years. Software assets with costs less than Rs. 5,000 are charged off on purchases as revenue expenditure.

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

3.9 Investment Property/Non-Current Assets Held for Sale

Investment Property

Investment properties include land or land and buildings other than those classified as property and equipment and noncurrent assets held for sale. Generally, it includes land, land and building acquired by the Company as non-banking assets but not sold as on the reporting date. The Company holds investment property that has been acquired through enforcement of security over the loans and advances.

Non-Current Assets Held for Sale

Non-current assets (such as property) and disposal groups (including both the assets and liabilities of the disposal groups) are classified as held for sale and measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell when: (i) their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through sale; (ii) they are available-for-sale in their present condition; and (iii) their sale is highly probable.

Immediately before the initial classification as held for sale, the carrying amounts of the assets (or assets and liabilities in a disposal group) are measured in accordance with the applicable accounting policies described above.

3.10 Income Tax

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

a. Current Tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or recoverable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Current tax payable also includes any tax liability arising from the declaration of dividends.

b. Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rate applicable to the Company as at the reporting date which is expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognized where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

3.11 Deposits, debts securities issued and subordinated liabilities

a. Deposits

The Company accepts deposits from its customers under account, current, term deposits and margin accounts which allows money to be deposited and withdrawn by the account holder. These transactions are recorded on the Company's books, and the resulting balance is recorded as a liability for the Company and represents the amount owed by the Company to the customer.

b. Debt Securities Issued

It includes debentures, bonds or other debt securities issued by the Company. Deposits, debt securities issued, and subordinated liabilities are initially measured at fair value minus incremental direct transaction costs, and subsequently measured at their amortized cost using the effective interest method, except where the Group designates liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. However, debentures issued by the Company are subordinate to the deposits from customer.

The Company has not issued such instruments till date.

c. Subordinated Liabilities

Subordinated liabilities are those liabilities which at the event of winding up are subordinate to the claims of depositors, debt securities issued and other creditors. The Company does not have any of such subordinated liabilities.

3.12 Provisions

The Company recognizes a provision if, as a result of past event, the Company has a present constructive or legal obligation that can be reliability measured and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation.

A disclosure for contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

A provision for onerous contract is recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the finance from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligation under the contract.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognized in the period in which the change occurs.

3.13 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is the gross inflow of economic benefits during the period arising from the course of the ordinary activities of an entity when those inflows result in increases in equity, other than increases relating to contributions from equity participants. Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is not recognized during the period in which its recoverability of income is not probable. The Company's revenue comprises of interest income, fees and commission, foreign exchange income, cards income, remittance income, banc-assurance commission, etc. and the bases of incomes recognition are as follows:

a. Interest Income

Interest income on available-for-sale assets and financial assets held at amortized cost shall be recognized using the Company's normal interest rate which is very close to effective interest rate using effective interest rate method.

Interest Income on Loans and Advances

For income from loans and advances to customers, initial charges are not amortized over the life of the loan and advances as the income so recognized closely approximates the income that would have been derived under effective interest rate method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. As per the Carve-out Notice issued by ICAN, the calculation includes all fees paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts unless it is immaterial or impracticable to determine reliably, between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Interest Income on Staff Loans and advances:

For measuring the staff loan and advances at fair value which is provided below market rate of interest, market rate has been assumed assessing the current rates of interest in the market. The difference between the loan outstanding and fair value of loan is treated as prepaid employee expenditure. After initial measurement at fair value, the loan is amortized using the rate used to determine fair value. And the prepaid employee expense is amortized as staff expense under NFRS throughout the period of the loan.

Interest Income of impaired assets

Once the recorded value of a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been reduced due to an impairment loss, interest income shall be recognized using the interest rate used to discount the future cash flow for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. However, bank has used the alternative treatment as per carve-out by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset unless the financial asset has been written off either partially or fully.

Suspension of Accrual of Interest Income in loans and advance

Based on the guideline issued by regulator (Nepal Rastra Bank), accrual of interest income on loans and advances are suspended when any of the following criteria is satisfied.

- Loans where there is reasonable doubt about the ultimate collectability of the principal or interest
- Loans against which individual impairment as per NAS 39 or life time impairment as per NFRS 9 has been made
 Loans where contractual payment of principal and/or interest are more than 3 months in arrear and where the net
- realizable value of security is insufficient to cover payment of principal and accrued interest
- Loans where contractual payments of principal and/or interest are more than 12 months in arrears, irrespective of the net realizable value of collateral
- Overdrafts and other short-term facilities which haven't been settled after the expiry of the loan and even not renewed within 3 months of the expiry, and where the net realizable value of the security is insufficient to cover payment of principal and accrued interest,
- Overdraft and other short-term facilities which haven't been settled after the expiry of the loan and even not renewed within 12 months of the expiry irrespective of the net realizable value of collateral

Where there is suspension of accrual of interest income, interest income is recognized on cash basis until there is change in circumstances to resume the accrual of interest income. For, resuming accrual of interest income a period of continued repayment of 12 months can be considered reasonable.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of financial instruments held at fair value through OCI are included in the statement of OCI in the period in which they arise. Contractual interest income and expense on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss is recognized within net interest income.

b. Fees & Commission

Fees and commissions are recognized on an accrual basis when the service has been provided or significant act performed whenever the benefit exceeds cost in determining such value. Whenever, the cost of recognizing fees and commissions on an accrual basis exceeds the benefit in determining such value, the fees and commissions are charged off during the year.

c. Dividend Income

Dividend incomes are recognized when right to receive such dividend is established. Usually this is the ex-dividend date for equity securities. Dividends are presented in net trading income, net income from other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss or other revenue based on the underlying classification of the equity investment.

d. Net Trading Income

Net trading income comprises gains less losses related to trading assets and liabilities, and includes all realized and unrealized fair value changes, interest and dividends.

e. Net Income from other financial instrument at fair value through Profit or Loss

Net income from other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss relates to non-trading derivatives held for risk management purposes that do not form part of qualifying hedge relationships and financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss. It includes all realized and unrealized fair value changes, interest, dividends and foreign exchange differences.

3.14 Interest expense

Interest expense on all financial liabilities including deposits are recognized in profit or loss using effective interest rate method. Interest expense on all trading liabilities are considered to be incidental to the Company's trading operations and are presented together with all other changes in fair value of trading assets and liabilities in net trading income.

3.15 Employees Benefits

a. Short Term Employee Benefits

Short term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is also recognized for the amount expected to be paid under bonus required by the Bonus Act, 2030 to pay the amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably under short term employee benefits.

Short-term employee benefits include all the following items (if payable within 12 months after the end of the reporting period):

- wages, salaries and social security contributions,
- paid annual leave and paid sick leave,
- profit-sharing and bonuses and
- non-monetary benefits

b. Post-Employment Benefits

Post-employment benefit plan includes the followings;

i. Defined Contribution Plan

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognized as personnel expenses in profit or loss in the periods during which related services are rendered.

Contributions to a defined contribution plan that are due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees render the service are discounted to their present value.

All employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under the provident fund, a defined contribution plan, in which both the employee and the Company contribute monthly at a pre-determined rate of 10% of the basic salary. The Company does not assume any future liability for provident fund benefits other than its annual contribution.

ii. Defined Benefit plan

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Any unrecognized past service costs and the fair value of any plan assets are deducted.

The Company recognizes all actuarial gains and losses net of deferred tax arising from defined benefit plans immediately in other comprehensive income and all expenses related to defined benefit plans in employee benefit expense in profit or loss.

The Company recognizes gains and losses on the curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan when the curtailment

or settlement occurs. The gain or loss on curtailment or settlement comprises any resulting change in the fair value of plan assets, any change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation, any related actuarial gains and losses and any past service cost that had not previously been recognized.

iii. Termination Benefits

Termination benefits are recognized as an expense when the Company is demonstrably committed, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognized as an expense if the Company has made an offer of voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably. If benefits are payable more than 12 months after the reporting date, then they are discounted to their present value.

3.16 Leases

Lease payments under an operating lease shall be recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless either:

- (a) Another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit even if the payments to the lessors are not on that basis; or
- (b) The payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. If payments to the lessor vary because of factors other than general inflation, then this condition is not met.

Majority of lease agreements entered by the Company are with the clause of normal increment which the management assumes are in line with the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

The Company operates its branches and ATMs in number of leased facilities under operating lease agreements. The payments to the lessors are structured to increase in line with the general inflation rate to compensate for the lessors' expected inflationary cost increment. The Company during this fiscal year 2019-20 has charged operating lease expense on SLM basis.

3.17 Financial guarantee and loan commitment

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the Company to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Loan commitments are firm commitments to provide credit under pre-specified terms and conditions.

Loan commitment is the commitment where the Company has confirmed its intention to provide funds to a customer or on behalf of a customer in the form of loans, overdrafts, future guarantees, whether cancellable or not, or letters of credit and the Bank has not made payments at the reporting date, those instruments are included in these financial statements as commitments.

3.18 Share Capital and Reserves

The Company classifies capital instruments as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments. Equity is defined as residual interest in total assets of the Finance after deducting all its liabilities. Common shares are classified as equity of the Company and distributions thereon are presented in statement of changes in equity.

Dividends on ordinary shares and preference shares classified as equity are recognized in equity in the period in which they are declared.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of an equity instrument are deducted from the initial measurement of the equity instruments considering the tax benefits achieved thereon.

The reserves include retained earnings and other statutory reserves such as general reserve, regulatory reserve, investment adjustment reserve, CSR reserve etc.

3.19 Earnings per share including diluted earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. The basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

3.20 Rounding Off and Comparative Figures

The financial statements are presented in Nepalese figure, rounded off to the nearest rupee. Previous year figure has been reclassified/ rearranged/ regrouped to facilitate their comparison, where necessary.

Best Finance Company Limited Schedules to Financial Statement

4.1 Cash and cash equivalent

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Cash in Hand		
Balances with B/Fis	51,101,579	48,300,192
Money at call and short notice	853,416,759	737,299,082
Other	-	-
Total	904,518,338	785,599,274

4.2 Due from Nepal Rastra Bank

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Statutory balances with NRB	102,913,577	132,577,050
Securities purchased under resale agreement	-	-
Other deposit and receivable from NRB	-	-
Total	102,913,577	132,577,050

4.3 Placements with Bank and Financial Institutions

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Placement with domestic B/FIs	-	-
Placement with Foreign B/FIs	-	-
Less: Allowances for impairement	-	-
Total	-	-

4.4 Derivative Financial Instruments

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Held for trading		
Interest rate swap		
Forward exchange contract		
Others		
Held for risk management		
Interest rate swap		
Forward exchange contract		
Others		
Total	-	-

4.5 Other Trading assets

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Treasury Bills		-
Government bond		-
NRB bonds		-
Domestic Corporate bonds		-
Equities		-
Other		-
Total		-
Pledged		-
Non- Pledged		-

4.6 Loans and advances to B/FIs

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Loan to Microfinance Institutions	200,158,644	87,523,562
Other	-	-
Less: Allowances for Impairment	2,000,843	(874,950)
Total	198,157,801	86,648,612

4.6.1 Allowances for Impairment

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Balance at the end of Previous Year	874,950	300,000
Impairment loss for the year:	1,125,893	574,950
Charge for the year	1,125,893	574,950
Recoveries/Reversal	-	-
Amount written off	-	-
Balance as at Ashad end	2,000,843	874,950

4.7 Loans and advances to customers

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Loans and advances measured at amortized cost	2,280,712,962	2,130,547,452
Less: Impairment allowances	(346,351,730)	(367,115,450)
Collective Impairment	-	-
Individual Impairment	346,351,730	(367,115,450)
Net amount	1,934,361,232	1,763,432,002
Loan and advances measured at FVTPL	-	-
Total	1,934,361,232	1,763,432,002

4.7.1 Analysis of loan and advances - By product

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Product		
Term Loans	809,676,161	137,654,442
Overdraft	295,286,943	230,751,611
Trust Receipt/Import Loans	-	1,393,000
Demand and other Working Capital Loans	76,378,955	102,429,721
Personal Residential Loans	110,363,400	114,456,249
Real Estate Loans	152,105,154	100,154,181
Margin Lending Loans	17,367,442	16,076,056
Hire Purchase Loans	238,742,388	197,492,490
Deprived Sector Loans	37,759,940	55,921,789
Bills Purchased	-	
Staffs Loans	7,825,041	5,490,789
Other	460,106,485	1,144,075,187
Sub-total	2,205,611,909	2,105,895,515
Interest Receivable	75,101,053	24,651,937
Grand Total	2,280,712,962	2,130,547,452

4.7.2 Analysis of loan and advances - By Currency

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Nepalese Rupee	2,280,712,962	2,130,547,452
Indian Rupee	-	-
United States Dollar	-	-
Great Britain Pound	-	-
Euro	-	-
Japanese Yen	-	-
Chinese Yuan	-	-
Other	-	-
Grand Total	2,280,712,962	2,130,547,452

4.7.3 Analysis of loan and advances - By Collateral

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Secured		
Moveable/Immoveable Assets	2,130,900,951	1,994,822,341
Gold and Silver	2,550,000	4,009,000
Guarantee of Domestic BFIs	-	-
Government Guarantee	4,015,316	4,015,316
Guarantee of International Rated Bank	-	-
Collateral of Export Document	-	-
Collateral of Fixed Deposit Receipt	8,629,250	49,253,992
Collatereal of Government Securities	-	-
Counter Guarantee	-	-
Personal Guarantee	23,477,414	15,626,118
Other Collateral	36,038,978	38,168,748
Sub Total	2,205,611,909	2,105,895,516
Unsecured	75,101,053	24,651,937
Grand Total	2,280,712,962	2,130,547,453

4.7.4 Allowances for Impairment

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Specific allowances for impairment		
Balance at the end of Previous Year	367,115,450	139,389,282
Impairment loss for the year:	(20,763,720)	(44,794,444)
Charge for the year		
Recoveries/reversal during the year	(20,763,720)	(77,890,554)
Write- offs	-	-
Exchange rate variance on foreign currency	-	-
Other movement	-	305,616,721
Balance at the end of this year	346,351,730	367,115,450
Collective allowances for impairment		
Balance at the end of Previous year	-	-
Impairment loss for the year:	-	-
Charge/(reversal) for the year		-
Exchange rate variance on foreign currency	-	-
Other movement	-	-
Balance at Ashad end	-	-
Total allowances for impairment	346,351,730	367,115,450

4.8 Investment in securities

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Investment securities measured at amortized cost	179,053,296	180,000,000
Investment in equity measured at FVTOCI	62,368,370	19,718,848
Total	241,421,666	199,718,848

4.8.1 Investment in securities measured at amortized cost

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Debt Securities	-	-
Government Bond	130,877,472	180,000,000
Government treasury bills	48,175,824	-
Nepal Rastra Bank bonds	-	-
Nepal Rastra Bank deposit instruments	-	-
Other	-	-
Less: Specific allowances for impairment	-	-
Total	179,053,296	180,000,000

4.8.2 Investment in equity measured at fair value through other Other comprehensive income

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Equity Instrument	-	-
Quoted equity securities	49,552,170	6,902,648
Unquoted equity securities	12,816,200	12,816,200
Total	62,368,370	19,718,848



4.8.3 Information relating to investment in equities

Particulars	Bartinglaur 31 Ashadh 2077 31 Ash		1 Ashadh 2076	
rarticulars	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Investment in quoted equity	47,073,307	49,552,170	7,073,307	6,902,648
National Hydro Power Company Ltd.	1,388,982	424,000	1,388,982	512,000
8000 shares of Rs. 173.622 each				
National Micro Finance Bittiya Sanstha Ltd.	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000
25,000 shares of Rs. 100 each				
HIDCL	579,300	847,476	579,300	932,673
6,372 shares of Rs. 100 each				
Nyadi Group Power Co. Ltd.	57,900	73,140	57,900	73,776
636 shares of Rs. 100 each				
Khani Khola Hydro Power Co. Ltd.	1,600	784	1,600	1,056
16 shares of Rs. 100 each				
RSDC Laghu Bitta	1,400	11,382	1,400	6,860
21 shares of Rs. 100 each				
Arun Kabeli Power Co. Ltd.	29,500	34,220	29,500	55,460
295 shares of Rs. 100 each				
Nepal Life Insurance Co. Ltd.	2,480,925	4,866,120	2,480,925	2,784,090
3,862 shares of Rs. 100 each				
United Modi Hydro Power Ltd.	33,700	35,048	33,700	36,733
337 shares of Rs. 100 each				
NIC Asia Balanced Fund	20,000,000	20,760,000	-	-
2000000 shares os Rs.10 each				
NMB Mutual Fund 2000000 shares of Rs.10 each	20,000,000	20,000,000	-	-
Investment in unquoted equity	12,816,200	12,816,200	12,816,200	12,816,200
Nepal Clearing House	2,025,200	2,025,200	2,025,200	2,025,200
24,302 Shares of Rs. 100 Each				
Karja Suchana Kendra	791,000	791,000	791,000	791,000
79,083 Shares of Rs. 100 Each				
General Insurance Company Limited	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
100,000 Shares of Rs. 100 Each				
Total	59,889,507	62,368,370	19,889,507	19,718,848

Investment in unquoted equity are shown at cost considering networth of invested equity are not less than cost.

4.9 Current tax Assets/Liability

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Current tax assets	65,710,500	65,744,197
Current year income tax assets	171,076	65,744,197
Tax assets of prior periods	65,744,197	-
Opening Tax asset adjustment	(204,773)	
Current tax liabilities	24,576,987	17,274,696
Current year income tax liabilities	7,302,291	16,368,891
Tax liabilities of prior periods	17,274,696	905,804
Total	41,133,513	48,469,502

4.10 Investment In subsidiaries

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Investment in Quoted Subsidiaries	-	-
Investment in Unquoted Subsidiaries	-	-
Total Investment	-	-
Less: Impairment Allowances		
Net Carrying Amount	-	-

4.10.1 Investment In quoted subsidiaries

Particulars	31 Ashao	dh 2077	31 Asha	dh 2076
r ai ticulai s	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Ltd				
shares of Rs Each	-	-	-	-
Ltd				
shares of Rs Each	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

4.10.2 Investment In unquoted subsidiaries

Particulars	31 Asha	dh 2077	31 Ashad	lh 2076
r ar ticular s	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Ltd				
shares of Rs Each	-	-	-	-
Ltd				
shares of Rs Each	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

4.10.3 Information relating to subsidiaries of the bank

Doutionland	Percentage of owner	ship held by the bank
Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Ltd		
Ltd	-	-
Total	-	-



4.10.4: Non controlling interest of the subsidiaries

Particulars	Curr	ent Year
	Ltd.	Ltd.
Equity interest held by NCI (%)		-
Profit/(loss) allocated during the year		-
Accumulated balances of NCI as on Ashadh end 2076		-
Dividend paid to NCI		-
Funds used		
NCI as on Ashadh end 2077		
NCI as on Ashadh end 2077	Prev	ious Year
	Ltd.	Ltd.
Equity interest held by NCI (%)		-
Profit/(loss) allocated during the year		-
Accumulated balances of NCI as on Ashadh end 2075		-
Dividend paid to NCI		
Funds used		
NCI as on Ashadh end 2076		

4.11 Investment In associates

Particulars	31 Asha	dh 2077	31 Asha	dh 2076
rarticulars	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Investment in Quoted associates	-	-	-	-
Investment in Unquoted associates	-	-	-	-
Total Investment	-	-	-	-
Less: Impairment Allowances				-
Net Carrying Amount	-	-	-	-

4.11.1 Investment In quoted associates

Particulars	31 Asha	dh 2077	31 Asha	dh 2076
r articulars	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Ltd				
shares of Rs Each	-	-	-	-
Ltd				
shares of Rs Each	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

4.11.2 Investment In unquoted associates

Particulars	31 Asha	dh 2077	31 Asha	dh 2076
r ar ticulars	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

4.11.3: Information relating to associates of the Bank

Particulars	Percentage of own	nership held by the Bank
rarticulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
	-	-
	-	-
Total	-	-

4.11.4: Equity value of associates

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Total	-	-

4.12 Investment Properties

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Investment properties measured at fair value		
Balance as on the end of Previous Year	41,319,893.08	4,197,000.00
Addition/disposal during the year- Net	27,935,048.92	37,122,893.08
Net changes in fair value during the year	-	-
Adjustment/transfer	-	-
Net amount	69,254,942	41,319,893
Investment properties measured at cost		
Balance as on the end of Previous Year	-	-
Addition/disposal during the year	-	-
Adjustment/transfer	-	-
Accumulated depreciation	-	-
Accumulated impairment loss	-	-
Net amount	-	-
Total	69,254,942	41,319,893

Non-current assets (such as property) and disposal groups (including both the assets and liabilities of the disposal groups) are classified as Investment Properties and measured at cost.

Image Building Leavebold Computer & Accessing Values Functione & Functione & Context Real propertione & Context Team context Real propertione & Context Building Functione & Context Building Functione & Context Real propertione & Context Real propertione & Context Building Functione & Context Real propertione & Context Real properitext Real properitext Rea prop	4.13 Property and Equipment										Amount in NPR
Show on 1, M75 Sin M2, Sin M3 $4,005,553$ $1,007,305$ $1,007,305$ $1,007,305$ $1,007,305$ $1,007,305$ $1,007,305$ $1,007,305$ $1,007,305$ $3,92,501,232$ $2,005,232,302$ $2,005,232,302$ $2,005,232,302$ $2,005,232,302$ $2,005,232,302$ $2,005,232,302$ $2,005,232,302$ $1,019,136$ $2,025,232,102$ $2,025,232,020$ $2,025,232,020$ $2,025,232,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,020$ $2,023,232,020,02$	Particulars	Land	Building	Leasehold Properties	Computer & Accessories	Vehicles	Furniture & Fixture	Machinery	Equipment & Others	Total Asar end 2077	Total Asar End 2076 Restated
$r_{rinnacc}$ $r_{s} c_{s} c_{s$	Cost										
88,561,728 61,099,406 12,079,828 14,19,158 13,85,611 847,500 44,487,160 7.36 0,100,406 70,50,930 4,08,50 9,035,615,23 9,095,615,23 9, 9, 10,076 88,561,728 61,099,406 10,650,933 13,692,893 19,93,547 245,493 235,513 24,91,544 26,0436 26,04863 27,04189,197 270 10,076 88,561,728 61,099,406 10,550,63 13,692,603 14,481,50 26,04363 27,04189,197 270 10,075-76 88,561,728 61,099,406 10,550,63 14,395,00 14,493,50 24,343,10 247,560 40,491,543 27,047 10,075-76 88,561,728 61,099,406 12,476,772 20,444,55 24,56,739 24,493,560 27,049 27,047 20,075,871 27,047 10,075-76 51,099,466 12,476,772 20,444,55 24,56,793 24,493,560 24,493,560 24,493,560 24,56,793 24,56,793 24,56,793 24,56,793 24,56,793 24,56,793	As on Shrawan 1, 2075	I	'	506,765	5,743,663	4,805,555	1,087,719	ı	1,882,703		14,026,404
r 3,322,650 498,865 198,561,73 3,395,615,23 9 9 r 88,561,738 61,099,406 10,626,993 13,602,893 11,492,095 23,629,410 847,500 40,491,544 265 ud 2076 88,561,738 61,099,406 10,626,993 13,602,893 11,492,095 24,304,338 847,500 46,400,863 2701,89,197 270 ud 2076 88,561,738 61,099,406 12,586,593 19,350 45,40,338 2701,89,197 270 265 up 075-76 88,561,738 61,099,406 12,476,713 21,040,403 2701,89,197 270 276 up 075-76 88,561,738 61,099,406 12,476,731 11,800 14,93,560 44,98,561 276,190 276,140 276,190 276,190 <t< td=""><td>Addition during the Year</td><td>88,561,728</td><td>61,099,406</td><td>12,079,828</td><td>14,191,758</td><td>11,678,795</td><td>23,216,619</td><td>847,500</td><td>44,487,160</td><td></td><td>256,162,793</td></t<>	Addition during the Year	88,561,728	61,099,406	12,079,828	14,191,758	11,678,795	23,216,619	847,500	44,487,160		256,162,793
Finance 88,561,728 61,099,406 13,602,893 11,492,095 23,639,410 847,500 40,491,544 220,190,197 20, od 2076 88,561,728 61,099,406 12,866,593 19,935,421 16,484,350 24,304,338 847,500 6,309,863 270,190,197 270, od 2077 88,561,728 61,099,406 12,866,593 19,935,421 16,484,350 24,304,338 847,500 6,499,863 270,190,197 270, up 0757/6 1 25,165 12,18,000 149,350 24,344,30 14,93,50 3,783,077 270,190,197 270, up 0757/6 1 23,64,738 14,790,66 14,93,50 4,7480,56 3,783,077 270, up 0757/6 1 2,642,832 14,790,66 14,790,66 47,460 12,46,407 12, 20,66,71 270, up 2007 88,561,778 61,099,406 11,135,752 1,439,556 24,336,56 4,138,55 20,96,06 4,74,66 12,46,407 12,556,579 12,56,579 12,56,579 <	Acquisition			3,282,650	498,865	198,500	1,858,611		3,995,615.23		9,834,241
Finance 88,561,728 61,099,400 10,626,993 15,622,843 11,402,095 22,71,400 64,91,544 226,227 ud 2076 88,561,728 61,099,406 12,586,503 19,935,441 16,494,350 24,304,338 847,500 46,496,863 270,189,97 270, up0 75-76 88,561,728 61,099,406 12,586,503 19,035,400 11,800 (61,111) 46,295,393 277,180 270, up0 75-76 21,24 11,34960 11,400,150 24,304,338 847,500 46,395,863 270,189,97 270, up0 75-76 21,24,32 11,400,150 24,306,178 64,993,460 12,476,772 20,646,783 24,366,783 270,189,97 270, ud 2077 88,561,728 61,099,460 11,400,150 24,366,793 94,8520 24,466,873 270,189,97 270, ud 20767 58,461,783 11,35,752 14,700,150 12,809,566 24,366,774 210,490,745 214,460 12,466,774 209,066,787 214,460 12,466,774 214,460 12,4	Capitalization										
Ind Ind <td>Transferred from Synergy Finance</td> <td>88,561,728</td> <td>61,099,406</td> <td>10,626,993</td> <td>13,692,893</td> <td>11,492,095</td> <td>23,629,410</td> <td>847,500</td> <td>40,491,544</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Transferred from Synergy Finance	88,561,728	61,099,406	10,626,993	13,692,893	11,492,095	23,629,410	847,500	40,491,544		
Indext Index Index Index <td>Disposal during the year</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(1,829,815)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(2, 271, 401)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(26,768,113)</td>	Disposal during the year			(1,829,815)			(2, 271, 401)				(26,768,113)
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Adjustment/Revaluation					(11,800)					
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Balance as on Ashadh end 2076	88,561,728	61,099,406	12,586,593	19,935,421	16,484,350	24,304,338	847,500	46,369,863	270,189,197	270,189,197
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Addition during the Year	I	'							I	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Acquisition			25,165	736,726	1,218,000	149,350		1,653,836	3,783,077	
up of 75-76 (134,98.6) (237,514,41) (3,005,000) (613,11) (642,953,92) (4,498,580) (4,498,580) up of 75-76 85,501,728 61,099,406 12,476,772 20,434,623 14,709,150 23,557,939 847,500 47,380,745 20,907,871 270 rmunt - 20,197,967 5,846,783 11,229,856 6,029,477 23,557,939 847,500 47,1460 47,380,745 20,907,871 270 v Finance - 20,197,967 5,846,783 11,229,856 6,029,477 20,966,004 471,460 3,277,032 99,488,579 99,491,491 12,1460,7360 12	Capitalization									I	
up (15.76) up (13.77) up (13.77) (134,986) (11,806) (11,806) (235,57,939) 847,500 71,380,745 (405,871) 270 nd 2077 88,561,728 61,099,406 12,476,772 20,434,632 14,709,150 25,57,939 847,500 47,380,745 269,067,871 270 rmunt - - 103,568 5,423,895 6,029,477 20,986,004 471,460 34,727,032 99,485,79 99, v Finance 20,197,967 5,846,783 11,229,856 6,029,477 20,986,004 471,460 34,727,032 99,485,779 99, he year 1,244,130 1,135,752 1,839,536 2,438,99 376,040 4,747,194 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,126,947 12,144,10 12,144,10 13,125,946 13,125,946 13,125,946	Disposal during the year				(237,514.41)	(3,005,000)	(613,111)		(642,953.92)	(4,498,580)	
Ind 2077 88,561,728 61,099,406 12,476,772 20,434,632 14,709,150 23,557,939 847,500 47,380,745 269,067,871 270 riment - - 103,568 5,423,895 4,128,952 975,687 - 1,514,306 12,146,407 12, y Finance 20,197,967 5,846,783 11,229,856 6,029,477 20,986,004 471,460 34,727,032 99,488,579 99, he year 1,243,214 1,135,752 1,839,556 5,438,341 1,825,869 376,040 4,247,194 13,125,946 13, he year 1,243,214 1,135,752 1,839,556 2,458,36 2,097,905 (5,097,905) (2,09	Adjustment/Revaluation upto 75-76	ı		(134,986)		11,800	(282,638)			(405,824)	
rruent - - - 103,568 5,423,895 4,128,952 975,687 - - 1,514,407 12,146,407 12, he year 20,197,967 5,846,783 11,229,856 6,029,477 20,966,004 471,460 34,727,032 99,488,579 99, he year 1,243,214 1,135,752 1,839,536 5,438,341 1,825,869 376,040 4,747,194 13,125,946 13, he year 1,243,214 1,135,752 1,839,536 2,458,341 1,825,869 376,040 4,247,194 13,125,946 13, he year 1,244,1180 7,086,103 18,493,237 12,610,321 2,097,9053 2,097,9053 122,656,578 122,646,578 122,946,052 122,946,052 1	Balance as on Ashadh end 2077	88,561,728	61,099,406	12,476,772	20,434,632	14,709,150	23,557,939	847,500	47,380,745	269,067,871	270,189,197
v Finance - - 103,568 5,423,895 4,128,952 975,687 - 1,514,407 12,146,407 12,125,465 99,488,579 99,488,579 99,488,579 99,488,579 99,488,579 99,488,579 99,488,579 99,488,579 99,488,579 99,488,579 99,488,579 91,4106 12,114,149 12,134,140 12,134,610 12,146,470 12,146,470 12,146,470 12,146,470 12,146,470 12,146,470 12,146,470 12,146,470 12,146,470 12,146,470 12,146,470 12,126,486 12,126,486 12,126,486	Depreciation and Impairment										
y Finance $20,197,967$ $5,846,783$ $11,229,856$ $6,029,477$ $20,986,004$ $471,460$ $34,727,032$ $99,488,579$ $99,$ he year $1,243,214$ $1,135,752$ $1,839,536$ $2,458,341$ $1,825,869$ $376,040$ $4,247,194$ $13,125,946$ $13,$ he year $1,241,180$ $7,086,103$ $18,493,287$ $1,825,869$ $376,040$ $4,247,194$ $13,125,946$ $13,$ he year $1,1816,788$ $1,534,512$ $532,340$ $1,388,66,790$ $40,488,532$ $122,656,578$ $122,$ he year $1,816,788$ $1,534,212$ $532,340$ $1,388,000$ $538,917$ $104,094$ $1,218,106$ $7,132,457$ he year $1,816,788$ $1,534,212$ $532,340$ $1,388,000$ $538,917$ $104,094$ $1,221,865,578$ $122,656,578$ $122,656,578$ $122,656,578$ $122,666,578$ $122,666,578$ $122,666,578$ $122,666,578$ $122,666,788$ $122,666,788$ $122,666,788$ $122,666,788$ $122,666,678$ $122,666,788$ 122	As on Shrawan 1, 2075	I	'	103,568	5,423,895	4,128,952	975,687	I	1,514,306	12,146,407	12,146,407
he year 1, 243,214 1,135,752 1,839,536 2,458,341 1,825,869 376,040 4,247,194 13,125,946 13, 12, 12,125,946 13, 12,12,12,12,12,12,12,12,12,12,12,12,12,1	Transferred from Synergy Finance		20,197,967	5,846,783	11,229,856	6,029,477	20,986,004	471,460	34,727,032	99,488,579	99,488,579
he year label{eq:label{eq:label{eq:label}} he year label{eq:label{eq:labele:labeleq:labeleq:labeleq:labeleq:labeleq:labeleq:labeleq:l	Depreciation charge for the year		1,243,214	1,135,752	1,839,536	2,458,341	1,825,869	376,040	4,247,194	13,125,946	13,125,946
he year - 21,441,180 7,086,103 18,493,287 12,610,321 21,689,656 847,500 40,488,532 122,656,578 122, 1,816,788 1,534,212 532,340 1,388,000 538,917 104,094 1,218,106 7,132,457 122, 1,114) (52,416) (1,3111) (2,513,480) (613,111) (642,953,92) (4,007,060) (7,132,457 104,094 1,218,106 7,132,457 104,094 1,218,106 7,132,457 10,002 88,561,728 39,561,728 39,556,739 18,624,595 10,067,981 21,812,482 743,406 42,953,32) (4,007,060) (1,242,134 3,874,029 19,7,020 (208,188) 985,849 (969,226) (4,007,060) (1,242,134 3,874,029 19,7,020 (208,188) 985,849 (969,226) (4,007,060) (1,242,134 3,874,029 19,7,020 (208,188) 985,849 (969,226) (1,242,134 3,874,029 19,7,020 (208,188) 985,849 (969,226) (4,007,060) (1,242,134 3,874,029 2,614,682 743,406 42,049,533 124,812,750 122, 885,561,728 39,555,551 3,908,873 1,810,037 4,641,169 1,745,457 104,094 5,331 58,970,891 147, 255,121 144,245,121 144,245,121 144,451,451 144,451,451 144,451,451 144,451,451 144,451,451 144,451 144,451 144,451 144,451 144,451 144,451	Impairment for the year						(2,097,905)			(2,097,905)	
he year - 21,441,180 7,086,103 18,493,287 12,610,321 21,689,656 847,500 40,488,532 122,656,578 122, 1,816,788 1,534,212 532,340 1,388,000 538,917 104,094 1,218,106 7,132,457 1,32,457 (4,007,060) 7,132,457 122, 1,816,788 1,534,212 8,567,899 18,624,595 10,067,981 21,811,482 743,406 42,953,929 (4,007,060) 1,22,946,855 8,567,899 18,624,595 10,067,981 21,812,482 743,406 42,049,533 124,812,750 122, 88,561,728 39,558,225 5,500,490 1,442,134 3,874,029 2,614,682 743,406 42,049,533 124,812,750 122, 88,561,728 38,561,728 38,561,728 38,561,728 38,561,728 38,551,721 3,908,873 1,810,037 4,641,169 1,745,457 104,094 5,331,212 144,255,121 147, 128,1276 1,745,457 104,094 5,331,212 144,255,121 147, 128,128,128 1,248	Disposals										I
he year $-$ 21,441,180 7,086,103 18,493,287 12,610,321 21,689,656 847,500 40,488,532 122,656,578 15 12,168 1,534,212 532,340 1,388,000 538,917 104,094 1,218,106 7,132,457 1,32,457 1,312,457 1,324,571 1,312,457 1,312,551 1,312	Adjustment			I		(6,449)				(6,449)	(6,449)
he year he year 1,816,788 1,534,212 532,340 1,388,000 538,917 104,094 1,218,106 7,132,457 132,457 1,132,457 1,132,457 1,1141 (5,2,416) (1,3,111) (5,13,480) 1,97,020 (5,13,111) (5,2,95,392) (4,007,060) (4,07,060) 1,97,020 (208,188) 985,849 (96,226) (4,07,060) 1,416,860 (1,416,860) 1,97,020 (208,188) 985,849 (96,226) (4,07,060) (1,416,860) 1,97,020 (208,188) 985,849 (96,226) (4,07,060) (1,412,134 (1,6,98) 1,114,102 (1,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,116) (1,114,114) (5,114,116) (1,114,114) (5,114,116) (1,114,114) (5,114,116) (1,114,114) (5,114,116) (1,114,114) (5,114,116) (1,114,114) (5,114,116) (1,114,114) (5,114,116) (1,114,114) (5,114,114) (5,114,116) (1,114,1	As on Ashadh end 2076	I	21,441,180	7,086,103	18,493,287	12,610,321	21,689,656	847,500	40,488,532	122,656,578	122,656,578
ss (311,114) (52,416) (163,518) (1,416,860) 197,020 (642,953,92) (4,007,060) ss 311,114) (52,416) (163,518) (1,416,860) 197,020 (208,188) 985,849 (969,226) ss 22,946,855 8,567,899 18,624,595 10,067,981 21,812,482 743,406 42,049,533 124,812,750 ss 88,561,728 39,658,225 5,500,490 1,442,134 3,874,029 2,614,682 -	Depreciation charge for the year		1,816,788	1,534,212	532,340	1,388,000	538,917	104,094	1,218,106	7,132,457	
ss (311,114) (52,416) (163,518) (1,416,860) 197,020 (642,953.92) (4,007,060) ss 22,946,855 8,567,899 18,624,595 10,067,981 21,812,482 743,406 42,049,533 124,812,750 ss 88,561,728 39,658,225 5,500,490 1,442,134 3,874,029 2,614,682 - <t< td=""><td>Impairment for the year</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>I</td></t<>	Impairment for the year										I
ss (311,114) (52,416) (163,518) (1,416,860) 197,020 (208,188) 985,849 (969,226) ss 22,946,855 8,567,899 18,624,595 10,067,981 21,812,482 743,406 42,049,533 124,812,750 ss 88,561,728 39,658,225 5,500,490 1,442,134 3,874,029 2,614,682 - <	Disposals				(237,514.41)	(2,513,480)	(613,111)		(642,953.92)	(4,007,060)	
- 22,946,855 8,567,899 18,624,595 10,067,981 21,812,482 743,406 42,049,533 124,812,750 ss 88,561,728 39,658,225 5,500,490 1,442,134 3,874,029 2,614,682 - </td <td>Adjustment upto 75-76</td> <td></td> <td>(311,114)</td> <td>(52,416)</td> <td>(163,518)</td> <td>(1,416,860)</td> <td>197,020</td> <td>(208, 188)</td> <td>985,849</td> <td>(969,226)</td> <td></td>	Adjustment upto 75-76		(311,114)	(52,416)	(163,518)	(1,416,860)	197,020	(208, 188)	985,849	(969,226)	
ss -	As on Ashadh end 2077	1	22,946,855	8,567,899	18,624,595	10,067,981	21,812,482	743,406	42,049,533	124,812,750	122,656,578
88,561,728 39,658,225 5,500,490 1,442,134 3,874,029 2,614,682 - 5,881,331 58,970,891 - 5,881,331 144,255,121 145,121 145,125 1	Capital Work in Progress				ı	I	'	'	I	ı	
88,561,728 39,658,225 5,500,490 1,442,134 3,874,029 2,614,682 - 5,881,331 58,970,891 88,561,728 38,152,551 3,908,873 1,810,037 4,641,169 1,745,457 104,094 5,331,212 144,255,121	Net Book Value										
88,561,728 38,152,551 3,908,873 1,810,037 4,641,169 1,745,457 104,094 5,331,212	As on Ashadh end 2076	88,561,728	39,658,225	5,500,490	1,442,134	3,874,029	2,614,682	I	5,881,331	58,970,891	147,532,619
	As on Ashadh end 2077	88,561,728	38,152,551	3,908,873	1,810,037	4,641,169	1,745,457	104,094	5,331,212	144,255,121	

The cost of an item of property and equipment has been recognized as an asset, initially recognized at cost. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized if it is probable that the future economic benefits from the expenditure will flow to the bank. Ongoing repairs and maintenance to keep the assets in working condition are expensed as incurred. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property and equipment (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognized as other income in profit or loss. Depreciation on these assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to over their estimated useful life as per management judgement.

BFC

BEST FINANCE COMPANY LTD. बेष्ट फाइनान्स कम्पनी लि.

Amount in NPR

4.14 . Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Particulars		Soft	Software		Total Ashadh	Total Ashadh
r ar ticulars	Goodwill	Purchased	Developed	Other	end 2077	end 2076
Cost						
As on Shrawan 1, 2075	-	768,000	-	-	768,000	768,000
Addition during the Year	-	388,720	-	-	388,720	-
Acquisition		-			-	-
Capitalization	-	-	-	-	-	
Transferred from Synergy Finance Ltd		388,720			388,720	166,336
Disposal during the year	-	-	-	-	-	
Adjustment/Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance as on Ashadh end 2076	-	1,156,720	-	-	1,156,720	934,336
Addition during the Year	-	-	-	-	-	
Acquisition		649,750			649,750	
Capitalization	-	-	-	-	-	
Disposal during the year	-	-	-	-	-	
Adjustment/Revaluation	-		-	-	-	
Balance as on Ashadh end 2077	-	1,806,470	-	-	1,806,470	-
Amortization and Impairment						
As on Shrawan 1, 2075	-	235,520	-	-	235,520	235,520
Transferred from Synergy Finance Ltd		222,384			222,384	
Amortization charge for the Year	-	66,896	-	-	66,896	66,896
Impairment for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment	-	3,408	-	-	-	3,408
As on Ashadh end 2076	-	528,208	-	-	528,208	305,824
Amortization charge for the Year	-	210,864	-	-	210,864	-
Impairment for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment	-	73,664	-	-	73,664	-
As on Ashadh end 2077	-	812,736	-	-	812,736	-
Capital Work in Progress	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Book Value						
As on Ashadh end 2076	-	628,512	-	-	628,512	628,512
As on Ashadh end 2077	-	993,734	-		993,734	

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalized on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring the specific software to use. Costs associated with the development of software are capitalized where it is probable that it will generate future economic benefits in excess of its cost. Computer software costs are amortized on the basis of estimated useful life. Costs associated with maintaining software are recognized as an expense as incurred.



4.15 Deferred Taxes Assets/(Liabilities)

	Current Year		
Particulars	Deferred Tax Assets	Deferred Tax Liabilities	Net Deferred Tax Assets /(Liabilities)
Deferred tax on temporary differences on following items			
Loans and Advances to BFIs	-	-	-
Loans and Advances to Customers	-	-	-
Investment Properties	-	-	-
Investment Securities	-	743,659	(743,659)
Property and Equipment	2,551,671	-	2,551,671
Employees' Defined Benefit Plan	11,053,771		11,053,771
Lease Liabilities	820,954		820,954
Provisions LLP	-	1,307,007	(1,307,007)
Other Temporary Differences	-	-	-
Deferred tax on temporary differences	14,426,396	2,050,666	12,375,729
Deferred tax on carry forward of unused tax losses			-
Deferred tax due to changes in tax rate			-
Net Deferred Tax Asset (Liabilities) as on 32 Ashadh, 2077			12,375,729
Deferred Tax (Asset)/ Liabilities as on Shrawan 01, 2076			5,702,192
Origination/(Reversal) during the year			18,077,921
Deferred Tax expense/(income) recognized in profit or loss			(20,128,588)
Deferred Tax expense/(income) recognized in Other			2,050,666
Comprehensive Income			-
Deferred Tax expense/(income) recognized directly in equity			-

	Previous Year		
Particulars	Deferred Tax	Deferred Tax	Net Deferred Tax
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets /(Liabilities)
Deferred tax on temporary differences on following items			
Loans and Advances to BFIs	-	-	-
Loans and Advances to Customers	-	-	-
Investment Properties	-	-	-
Investment Securities	-	-	-
Investment In Associates	(18,953,536)	-	(18,953,536)
Property and Equipment	9,483,690	-	9,483,690
Employees' Defined Benefit Plan	2,400,268	-	2,400,268
Employees' Leave Liability	1,367,386	-	1,367,386
Lease Liabilities	-	-	-
Provisions LLP	(5,702,192)	-	(5,702,192)
Other Temporary Differences		-	-
Deferred tax on temporary differences	-	-	-
Deferred tax on carry forward of unused tax losses			(5,702,192)
Deferred tax due to changes in tax rate			(5,939,330)
Net Deferred Tax Asset (Liabilities) as on year end of 2074/75			(11,641,522)
Deferred Tax (Asset)/ Liabilities as on Shrawan 01, 2074			87,773,513
Origination/(Reversal) during the year			(99,466,233)
Deferred Tax (expense)/income recognized in profit or loss			(25,966,627)
Deferred Tax (expense)/income recognized in Other			51,198
Comprehensive Income			
Deferred Tax (expense)/income recognized directly in equity			-

4.16 Other Assets

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Assets held for sale	-	-
Other non banking assets	-	-
Bills receivable	-	-
Accounts receivable	1,326,494	11,803,736
Accrued income	-	-
Prepayments and deposit	1,895,820	813,895
Income tax deposit	-	-
Deferred employee expenditure	339,074	-
Other	6,553,340	31,649,353
Stationary Stock	645,533	638,856
Commission Receivable	-	-
Deposit	-	30,364,558
Branch Reconciliation	-	-
Unwinding of Interest	348,355	645,939
Gratuity Surplus	4,356,691	
Other	1,202,761	
Total	10,114,728	44,266,984

4.17 Due to Bank and Financial Institutions

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Money market deposits	-	-
Interbank borrowing	-	-
Settlement and clearing accounts	-	-
Other deposits from BFIs	238,508,000	90,903,000
Total	238,508,000	90,903,000

The balances in accounts maintained with the Bank by other local financial institutions have been presented under this head. Interbank borrowing, interbank deposit, balances on settlement and clearing accounts as well as other amount due to bank and financial institution are also presented under this head.

4.18 Due to Nepal Rastra Bank

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Refinance from NRB	-	-
Standing Liquidity Facility	-	-
Lender of Last Resort facility from NRB	-	-
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	-	-
Other Payable to NRB	-	-
Total	-	-

The amount payable to NRB shall include amount of refinance facilities, standing liquidity facility, lender of last resort, sale and repurchace agreements, deposit from NRB etc.



4.19 Derivative Financial instruments

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Held for Trading		
Interest Rate Swap	-	-
Currency Swap	-	-
Forward Exchange Contracts		
Others		
Held for Risk Management		
Interest Rate Swap		
Currency Swap		
Forward Exchange Contracts.		
Others	-	-
Total	-	-

4.20 Deposits from customers

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Institutions Customers:		
Term deposits	116,975,000	83,954,000
Call deposits	178,856,027	213,369,871
Current deposits	7,739,131	8,199,000
Other	43,902,039	-
Individual Customers:		
Term deposits	1,194,201,000	1,126,736,466
Saving deposits	944,407,105	839,206,994
Current deposits	12,547,114	20,933,163
Other	-	-
Total	2,498,627,416	2,292,399,494

4.20.1 Currency wise analysis of deposit from customers

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Nepalese Rupee	2,498,627,416	2,292,399,494
Indian Rupee	-	-
United State dollar		
Great Britain pound		
Euro		
Japenese yen	-	-
Chinese Yuan	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	2,498,627,416	2,292,399,494

4.21 Borrowings

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Domestic Borrowing		
Nepal Government		
Other Institutions	-	-
Other		
Foreign Borrowing		
Foreign Bank and Financial Institutions		
Multilateral Development Banks		
Other institutions		
Total	-	-

4.22 Provisions

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Provisions for redundancy	-	-
Provision for restructuring	-	-
Pending legal issues and tax litigation	-	-
Onerous contracts	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	-	-

4.22.1 Movement in Provisions

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Balance at Shrawan 1, 2074	-	-
Provisions made during the year		
Provisions used during the year		
Provisions reversed during the year		
Unwind of discount		
Balance at Ashad end, 2075	-	-

4.23 Other Liabilities

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Liability for employees defined benefit obligations		31,612,300
Liability for long-service leave	9,785,714	8,000,893
Short-term employee benefits	-	-
Bills payable	-	-
Creditors and accruals	8,450,811	11,556,229
Interest payable on deposit	10,848,234	12,450,135
Interest payable on borrowing	-	-
Liabilities on defered grant income	-	-
Unpaid Dividend	594,563	594,563
Liabilities under Finance Lease	2,736,513	4,557,954
Employee bonus payable	7,166,601	11,777,443
Other	32,932,134	31,715,394
Audit Fee Payable	613,250	390,250
TDS Payable	3,890,525	4,088,308
Interest TDS	2,879,053	
Salary TDS	396,492	
Other TDS	614,980	
Others	28,428,359	27,236,836
Interest Rebate COVID-19 (2% AND 10%)	5,300,649	
Payable-2 DAYS INT. CALL A/C 076/77	135,970	
Interest Suspense Due to NBA	20,915,430	
Other Payable	1,004,468	
Provisions	1,071,842	
Total	72,514,571	112,264,912

4.23.1. Defined Benefit Obligation

The amounts recognised in the statements of financials positions are as follows :

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Present value of unfunded obligations	-	-
Present value of funded obligations	-	-
Total present value of obligations	-	-
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Present value of net obligations	-	-
Recognised liability for defined benefit obligations	-	-

4.23.2: Plan Assets

Plan assets comprise

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Equity securities	-	-
Government bonds	-	-
Bank deposit	-	-
Other	27,750,962	31,612,300
Total	27,750,962	31,612,300
Actual Return on plan assets		

4.23.3: Movement in the present value of defined benefit obligations

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Defined benefit obligations at Shrawan 1, 2076	46,874,530	32,697,751
Actuarial losses	1,237,316	15,724,777
Benefits paid by the plan	(33,489,389)	(8,466,844)
Current service costs; Past Service Cost and interest	8,771,814	6,918,846
Defined benefit obligations at Ashad end, 2077	23,394,271	46,874,530

4.23.4: Movement in the fair value of plan assets

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Fair value of plan assets at Shrawan 1, 2076	31,612,300	32,697,751
Contributions paid into the plan	602,410	5,490,525
Benefits paid during the year	(6,606,846)	(8,466,845)
Actuarial (losses) gains	(702,009)	(1,051,929)
Expected return on plan assets	2,845,107	2,942,798
Fair value of plan assets at Ashad end, 2077	27,750,962	31,612,300

4.23.5: Amount recognised in profit or loss

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Current service costs	-	-
Interest on obligation	-	-
Acturial (gain)/loss		
Expected return on plan assets	-	-
Total	-	-

4.23.6: Amount recognised in other comprehensive income

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Acturial (gain)/loss	(2,465,150)	5,406,207
Total	(2,465,150)	5,406,207

4.23.7: Actuarial assumptions

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Discount rate	9.00%	9.00%
Expected return on plan asset	9.00%	9.00%
Future salary increase	10.00%	10.00%
Withdrawal rate	10.00%	10.00%

4.24 Debt secutities issued

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Debt securities issued designated as at fair value through profit or loss	-	-
Debt securities issued at amortised cost	-	-
Total	-	-



4.25 Subordinate Liabilities

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Redeemable preference shares		-
Irredemable cumulative preference shares (liabilities component)		-
Other		-
Total		

4.26 Share Capital

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Ordinary Shares	828,913,789	810,015,789
Convertible Preference Shares (Equity component)	-	-
Irredemable Preference Shares (Equity component)	-	-
Perpetual debt (Equity component only)	-	-
Total	828,913,789	810,015,789

4.26.1 Share capital detail

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Authorized Capital		
10,000,000 Ordinary Share of Rs. 100 each	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000
Issued capital		
8,905,242.37 Ordinary Share of Rs. 100 each	890,524,237	890,524,237
Subscribed and paid up capital		
8,289,137.89 Ordinary Share of Rs. 100 each	828,913,789	810,015,789
Total	828,913,789	810,015,789

4.26.2 Ordinary Share Ownership

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077		31 Ashadh 2076	
	% of holding	Amount	% of holding	Amount
Domestic ownership	100%	828,913,789	100%	810,015,789
Nepal Government	-	-	-	-
"A" class licensed institutions	-	-	-	-
Other licensed intitutions	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions (Promoters)	-	-	-	-
Public	40.73%	337,602,672	39.35%	318,714,672
Other (Promoters)	59.27%	491,311,117	60.65%	491,301,117
Foreign ownership	-	-	-	-
Total	100%	828,913,789	100%	810,015,789

S.No	Name of Share Holders	Number of Shares	%
1	Rajendra Kumar Sharma	714,042	8.61
2	Robinda Prasad Shrestha	413,412	4.99
3	Devendra Prasad Dhoju	374,841	4.52
4	Rajendra Prasad Dhoju	351,022	4.23
5	Laxmi Shrestha	208,094	2.51
6	Indra Lal Shrestha	200,584	2.42
7	Ramvha Shrestha	165,231	1.99
8	Milan Thapa	145,586	1.76
9	Bindu Gaire Sharma	145,450	1.75
10	Ran Kumari Shrestha	130,026	1.57
11	Bijula Thapa Khadka	117,797	1.42
12	Yubaraj Sharma	106,434	1.28
13	Durga Vohra	88,071	1.06
14	Bandana Sapkota	81,923	0.99
15	Gauri Shrestha	75,582	0.91
16	Nachong Gurung	63,437	0.77
17	Amulya Manandhar	58,967	0.71
18	Bikash Bahadur Shrestha	58,954	0.71
19	Bishnu Bahadur K.C.	56,340	0.68
20	Ram Krishna Neupane	52,152	0.63
21	Jamuna Kumari Thapa	47,486	0.57
22	Nirmala Kumari Suwal	43,604	0.53
23	Kapur Prasad vaijoo	42,902	0.52
	Total	3,741,937	45.14

Note: Shareholders holding 0.5% or more Shares

4.27 Reserves

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Statutory general reserve	185,171,356	169,706,215
Exchange equilisation reserve	-	-
Corporate social responsibility reserve	2,512,606	2,166,023
Capital Redemption Reserve	-	-
Regulatory reserve	163,908,302	111,627,788
Investment adjustment reserve	-	-
Capital reserve	3,628,619	3,628,619
Assets revaluation reserve	-	-
Fair value reserve	4,784,888	(119,461)
Dividend equalisation reserve	-	-
Actuarial gain	-	-
Special reserve	-	-
Deferred Tax Reserve	-	
Other reserve	5,039	502,820
Total	360,010,810	287,512,003

4.28 Contingent liabilities and commitments

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Contingent liabilities	200,000	450,000
Undrawn and undisbursed facilities	63,197,000	-
Capital commitment	-	-
Lease Commitment	-	-
Litigation	19,987,287	19,987,287
Total	83,384,287	20,437,287

4.28.1: Contingent Liabilities

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Acceptance and documentary credit	-	-
Bills for collection	-	-
Forward exchange contracts	-	-
Guarantees	200,000	450,000
Underwriting commitment	-	-
Other commitments	-	-
Total	200,000	450,000

4.28.2: Undrawn and undisbursed facilities

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Undisbursed amount of loans	-	-
Undrawn limits of overdrafts	63,197,000	-
Undrawn limits of credit cards	-	-
Undrawn limits of letter of credit	-	-
Undrawn limits of guarantee	-	-
Total	63,197,000	-

4.28.3: Capital commitments

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Capital commitments in relation to Property and Equipment		
Approved and contracted for		
Approved but not contracted for		
Sub total		
Capital commitments in relation to Intangible assets		
Approved and contracted for		
Approved but not contracted for		
Sub total		
Total		-

4.28.4: Lease commitments

Particulars	31 Ashadh 2077	31 Ashadh 2076
Operating lease commitments		
Future minimum lease payments under non cancellable		
operating lease, where the bank is lessee		
Not later than 1 year	-	-
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	-	-
Later than 5 years	-	-
Sub total	-	-
Finance lease commitments		
Future minimum lease payments under non cancellable operating lease, where the		
bank is lessee		
Not later than 1 year	-	-
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	-	-
Later than 5 years	-	-
Sub total	-	-
Grand Total	-	-

4.28.5: Litigation

The bank's litigations are generally related to its ordinary course of business pending on various jurisdiction. Litigations are mainly in the nature of income tax. Other litigations include cases pending in various courts & tribunal in Nepal pertaining to assets recovered from the borrowers.

4.29 Interest Income

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Cash and cash equivalent	43,790,541	39,557,006
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	-	-
Placement with bank and financial institutions	-	-
Loan and advances to bank and financial institutions	19,437,121	
Loans and advances to customers	312,384,472	320,917,211
Investment securities	6,808,457	9,497,716
Loan and advances to staff	-	643,066
Other Interest Income	-	
Total interest income	382,420,591	370,614,999

4.30 Interest Expense

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Due to bank and financial institutions	1,249,3001	-
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	-	-
Deposits from customers	219,883,165	213,205,495
Borrowing	-	-
Debt securities issued	-	-
Subordinated liabilities	-	-
Other Charges	-	-
Total Interest expense	232,376,166	213,205,495

4.31 Fees and commission income

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Loan administration fees		
Service fees	11,683,496	15,454,186
Consortium fees	-	-
Commitment fees	-	-
DD/TT/Swift fees	-	-
Credit card/ATM issuance and renewal fees	-	-
Renewal fees	-	-
Prepayment and swap fees	-	-
Investment banking fees	-	-
Asset management fees	-	-
Brokerage fees	-	-
Remittance fees	-	-
Commission on letter of credit	-	-
Commission on guarantee contracts issued	-	-
Commission on share underwriting/issue	-	-
Locker rental	43,125	35,625
Other fees and commision income	1,870,427	3,124,850
Total Fees and Commission Income	13,597,048	18,614,661

4.32 Fees and commission Expense

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
ATM management fees	587,577	-
VISA/Master card fees	-	-
Guarantee commission	-	-
Brokerage	-	-
DD/TT/Swift fees.	-	-
Remittance fees and commission	-	-
Other fees and commission expense	-	-
Total Fees and Commission Expense	587,577	-

4.33 Net Trading Income

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Changes in fair value of trading assets		
Gain/loss on disposal of trading assets	-	-
Interest income on trading assets	-	-
Dividend income on trading assets	-	-
Gain/loss foreign exchange transation	-	-
Other	-	-
Net Trading Income	-	-

4.34 Other Operating Income

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Foreign exchange revauation gain		
Gain/loss on sale of investment securities	-	-
Fair value gain/loss on investment properties	-	-
Dividend on equity instruments	519,051	1,120,343
Gain/loss on sale of property and equipment	(16,801)	108,978
Gain/loss on sale of investment property	625,000	-
Operating lease income	-	-
Gain/loss on sale of gold and silver	-	-
Locker rent	-	-
Other	-	73,468,098
Total	1,127,250	74,697,419

4.35 Impairment charge/(reversal) for loan and other losses

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Impairment charge/(reversal) on loan and advances to B/FIs		-
Impairment charge/(reversal) on loan and advances to customer	(19,637,826)	(77,315,604)
Impairment charge/(reversal) on financial investment	-	-
Impairment charge/(reversal) on placement with banks and financial institutions	-	-
Impairment charge/(reversal) on property and equipment	-	-
Impairment charge/(reversal) on goodwill and intangible assets	-	-
Impairment charge/(reversal) on investment properties	-	2,738,976
Total	(19,637,826)	(74,576,628)



4.36 Personal Expenses

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Salary	31,122,193	28,855,221
Allowances	20,974,073	18,961,251
Gratuity Expense	857,175	5,490,525
Provident Fund	2,992,045	2,699,944
Uniform	1,692,990	1,903,419
Training & development expense	60,455	640,826
Leave encashment	6,351,232	4,613,932
Medical	2,296,387	1,989,554
Insurance	304,812	359,503
Employees incentive	-	-
Cash-settled share-based payments	-	-
Pension expense	-	-
Finance expense under NFRS	386,964	643,066
Other expenses related to staff	283,452	585,420
Subtotal	67,321,778	66,742,661
Employees bonus	7,166,601	11,777,443
Grand Total	74,488,379	78,520,104

4.37 Other Operating Expenses

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Directors' fee	553,500	732,500
Directors' expense	497,740	820,772
Auditors' remuneration	621,500	622,222
Other audit related expense	389,502	78,041
Professional and legal expense	481,765	364,071
Office administration expense	33,509,286	27,057,226
Operating lease expense	-	21,134,341
Operating expense of investment properties	-	-
Corporate social responsibility expense	-	5,500
Onerous lease provisions	-	-
Other	1,818,262	1,731,865
Repair & Maintenance Buildings	119,510	123,195
Repair & Maintenance Vehicle	526,472	520,712
Repair & Maintenance Machinery	9,040	
Repair & Maintenance Others	118,998	367,479
Repair & Maint Office Equipment & Furniture	695,364	720,479
Share Issue Expenses	348,878	-
Deposit Premium	-	-
Total	37,871,555	52,546,538

4.37 1 Ofice Administration Expenses

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Insurance	1,689,845	1,419,920
Postage, Telephone,	2,816,985	3,005,907
Printing & Stationery	1,202,768	2,350,803
Newspaper & Periodicals	52,175	143,772
Advertisements	752,185	1,557,217
Travelling Expenses	1,007,571	1,509,434
Fuel Expenses	813,258	1,022,878
Entertainment	-	-
AGM Expenses	174,769	421,280
Annual Fee	409,238	835,840
Office Expenses	21,136,972	968,052
Technical Service Fees	2,400,030	4,708,829
Other Fees & taxes	373,449	1,280,175
Miscelleneous Expenses	680,041	7,833,120
Total	33,509,286	27,057,226

4.38 Depreciation and Amortisation

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Depreciation on property and equipment	7,132,457	13,125,946
Depreciation on investment property	-	-
Amortisation of intangible assets	210,864	66,896
Total	7,343,321	13,192,842

Depreciation is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of an asset over its useful life. Amortization is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of an intangible asset over its useful life. Depreciation measured and recognized as per NFRS on property and equipment, and investment properties, and amortization of intangible assets is presented under this head.

4.39 Non Operating Income

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Recovery of Loan written off	-	-
Other Income	926,204	-
Total	926,204	-

4.40 Non Operating expense

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Loan written off	542,512	2,316,487
Redundancy provision	-	-
Expense of restructuring	-	
Other expense.	-	(742,846)
Total	542,512	1,573,641

4.41 Income Tax Expenses

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Current Tax Expenses	7,302,291	17,274,696
Current Year	7,302,291	16,368,891
Adjustment for Prior Years	-	905,804.43
Deferred tax Expenses	(20,128,588)	99,466,233
Origination and Reversal of Temporary Differences	(20,128,588)	99,466,233
Change in tax Rate	-	-
Recognition of Previously unrecognized Tax Losses	-	-
Total Income tax expense	(12,826,297)	116,740,929

The amount of income tax on net taxable profit is recognized and presented under this account head. This account head includes current tax expense and deferred tax expense/deferred tax income.

4.41.1: Reconciliation of Tax Expenses and Accounting Profit

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Profit Before Tax	64,499,409	179,465,086
Tax Amount at the Rate of 30%	19,349,823	53,839,525.74
Add: Tax Effect of the expenses that are not deductible for tax purpose	(112,434)	14,704,695
Less: Tax Effect on Exempt Income		(26,894,198)
Add/Less: Tax Effect on other Items	(11,935,097)	(25,281,131)
Total Income Tax Expenses	7,302,291	16,368,891
Effective Tax Rate	11.32%	9.12%

Best Finance Company Limited Comparison of Unaudited and Audited Financial Statements as of FY 2076/77

Rs. in '000'

	As per unaudited	As per Audited	Varia	nce	
Statement of Financial Position	Financial Statement	Financial Statement	In amount	In %	Reasons for Variance
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalent	904,518	904,518	(0)	0%	
Due from NRB and placements with BFIs	102,914	102,914	0	0%	
Loan and advances	2,080,648	2,132,519	(51,871)	-2%	Fair Value measurement of loans and advances
Investments Securities	267,642	241,422	26,220	10%	Regrouping of items
Investment in subsidiaries and associates	-	-	-	0%	
Property and Equipment	144,405	144,255	150	0%	Restated balance due to Depreciation method
Goodwill and intangible assets	1,349	994	355	26%	Restated balance due to accumulated amortization
Other assets	214,900	132,879	82,021	38%	Regrouping of items
Total Assets	3,716,376	3,659,500	56,876	2%	
Capital and Liabilities					
Paid up Capital	828,914	828,914	0	0%	
Reserves and surplus	28,250	20,937	7,313	26%	Increase in profit due to NFRS provisions
Deposits	2,737,135	2,737,135	(0)	0%	
Borrowings	-	-	-	0%	
Bond and Debenture	-	-	-	0%	
Other liabilities and provisions	122,077	72,515	49,562	41%	Regrouping of items
Total Capital and Liabilities	3,716,376	3,659,500	56,876	2%	
Statement of Profit or Loss					
Interest income	388,623	382,421	6,202	2%	Amortization of Staff Loan Benefit and interest rebate (2% and 10%)
Interest expense	(232,240)	(232,376)	136	0%	Two day call interest payable booked
Net interest income	156,383	150,044	6,339	4%	
Fee and commission income	975	13,597	(12,622)	-1295%	Regrouping/rearranging of items
Fee and commission expense	-	(588)	588	0%	Regrouping/rearranging of items
Net fee and commission income	975	13,009	(12,034)	-1234%	
Other operating income	12,505	1,127	11,378	91%	
Total operating income	169,863	164,181	5,682	3%	
Impairment charge/(reversal) for loans and other losses	(37,454)	(19,638)	(17,816)	48%	Adjustment as per NRB Circular
Net operating income	207,317	183,819	23,498	11%	
Personnel expenses	75,632	74,488	1,144	2%	Amortization of Staff Loan Benefit and interest rebate (2% and 10%)



Other operating expenses	48,611	45,215	3,396	7%	Inclusion of CSR Expenses
Operating profit	83,074	64,116	18,958	23%	
Non operating income/expense	278	384	(106)	-38%	
Profit before tax	83,352	64,499	18,853	23%	
Income tax	25,349	12,826	12,523	49%	Cumulative tax effect of different adjustments
Profit /(loss) for the period	58,003	77,326	(19,323)	-33%	
Other comprehensive income	58,123	4,785	53,338	92%	Deferred Tax Adjustment on items of OCI
Total comprehensive income	116,126	82,111	34,015	29%	
Distributable Profit					
Opening Retained Earnings	(300,342)	(351,615)			
Opening Adjustments	-	709			
Net profit/(loss) as per profit or loss	58,003	77,326	(19,323)	-33%	
Add/Less: Regulatory adjustment as per NRB Directive	(63,461)	(68,519)	5,058	-8%	
Free profit/(loss) after regulatory adjustments	(305,800)	(342,100)	36,300	-12%	NRB Adjustment for LLP

Best Finance Company Limited Statement of Distributable Profit or Loss For the year ended 31 Ashadh 2077 (15 July 2020) (As per NRB Regulation)

Amount in NPR

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Opening Retained Earnings	(351,615,021)	(131,817,164)
Adjustment +/(-)	708,666	(157,722,153)
Net profit or (loss) as per statement of profit or loss	77,325,706	62,724,157
<u>Appropriations:</u>		
a. General reserve	15,465,141	12,544,831
b. Foreign exchange fluctuation fund	-	-
c. Capital redemption reserve	-	-
d. Corporate social responsibility fund	773,257	627,242
e. Employees' training fund	-	-
f. Other	-	-
Profit or (loss) before regulatory adjustment	61,087,308	49,552,084
<u>Regulatory adjustment :</u>		
a. Interest receivable (-)/previous accrued interest received (+)	(18,826,538)	(11,250,631)
b. Short loan loss provision in accounts (-)/reversal (+)	-	-
c. Short provision for possible losses on investment (-)/reversal (+)	877,526	(877,526)
d. Short loan loss provision on Non Banking Assets (-)/resersal (+)	(17,599,081)	(26,031,533)
e. Deferred tax assets recognised (-)/ reversal (+)	(12,375,729)	-
f. Goodwill recognised (-)/ impairment of Goodwill (+)	-	-
g. Bargain purchase gain recognised (-)/resersal (+)	-	(73,468,098)
h. Acturial loss recognised (-)/reversal (+)	(4,356,691)	-
i. Other (+/-)	-	-
Distributable profit or (loss)	(342,099,561)	(351,615,021)

5. Disclosures and Additional Information

5.1. Risk Management

Introduction and Overview

In Compliance with Nepal Rastra Bank Directive on 6 "Corporate Governance", the Board of Company has established a Risk Management Committee with clear terms of reference. As at the date of this report, the Risk Management Committee comprised of following

S. No	Member of Risk Management Committee	Designation
1	Non-Executive Director from Promoter	Coordinator
2	Non-Executive Director from Promoter	Member
3	Operation Head	Member
4	Risk Management Head	Member Secretary

The Committees meet least four times annually. The committee oversees and reviews the fundamental prudential risks.

Risk is inherent in the Company's activities but is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls. This process of risk management is critical to the Company's continuing profitability and each individual within the Company is accountable for the risk exposures relating to his or her responsibilities.

Governance Framework

Risk Management Committee of the Company has formed to review the credit risk, Market risk, and liquidity risk of the institution.

The Company's risk management framework are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the institution to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Through it, the Company seeks to efficiently manage credit, market and liquidity risks which arise directly through the Institution's commercial activities as well as operational, regulatory and reputational risks which arise as a normal consequence of any business undertaking. As part of this framework, the institution uses a set of principles that describes its risk management culture. The institution, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Major risk area and mitigation mechanism is as given below.

5.1.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the probability of loss of principle and reward associated with it due to failure of counterparty to meet its contractual obligations to pay the Company in accordance with agreed terms. Credit Risk Management is ultimately the responsibility of the Board of Directors. Hence overall strategy as well as significant policies have to be reviewed by the board regularly. Further, Senior Management is responsible for implementing the Company's credit risk management strategies and policies and ensuring that procedures are put in place to manage and control credit risk and the quality of credit portfolio in accordance with these policies.

5.1.2 Market Risk

The Company's foreign exchange risk stems from foreign exchange position taking and commercial dealing. All foreign exchange positions are managed by the Treasury. Fluctuation in foreign exchange rates can have a significant impact on a Company's financial position. The Company has adopted measures to appropriately hedge the risks that arise while carrying out international trade transactions. Code of ethics for treasury dealers is in place to ensure that professionalism and confidentiality are maintained and ethical dealing practices observed. The Company treasury dealers have gained exposure to international markets as well in addition to having undergone appropriate trainings.

5.1.3 Liquidity Risk

The Company has set internal risk appetite in terms of managing its liquidity risk. Adequate cushion is maintained in terms of liquidity. Asset-liability management is also a part of the Treasury functions and it guided by the Company's Asset Liability Management policy. This is further reviewed by the Company's ALCO and Risk Management Committee.

The following table depicts the maturity profile of the investment portfolio on an undiscounted cash flow basis which is designed and managed to meet the required level of liquidity as and when liquidity outgo arises taking into consideration the time horizon of the financial liabilities of the business.

				Amount in	(NPR '000)
Particulars	1-90 Days	91-180 Days	181-365 Days	Over 1 Year	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalent	904,518	-	-	-	904,518
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	102,914	-	-	-	102,914
Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-
Other trading assets	-	-	-	-	-
Loan and advances to B/FIs	198,158	-	-	-	198,158
Loans and advances to customers	721,092	138,430	295,284	779,555	1,934,361
Investment securities	-	50000	-	191,421	241,421
Investment in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	278,128	-	-	-	278,128
Total Assets	2,204,810	188,430	295,284	970,976	3,659,500
Liabilities					
Due to Bank and Financial Institutions	238,508	-	-	-	238,508
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits from customers	455,800	480,389	368,203	1,194,235	2,498,627
Borrowing	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities issued	-	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	11,986	15352	32059	13118	72,515
Total Liabilities	706,294	495,741	400,262	1,207,353	2,809,650

i. Operational risk

Operational risk is inherent in all business activities. Whilst risks can never be eliminated, at Best Finance we follow a number of procedures and practices like Business Continuity Plan, Whistle Blowing – A Culture of Speaking Up to manage and mitigate preserve and create value of our business.

We manage our operational risks through standardization of internal processes and monitoring mechanisms. Data security, dual control, periodic departmental reviews and quality assessment are some of the tools that are used to manage risks.

Critical risk areas are discussed at the management level as well as Risk Management Committee which updates issues with priority to the Bank's Board to necessary actions and strategic directions.

Compliance and Assurance / Operations Risk Unit

Recognizing the importance of Operations Risk in terms of managing day-to-day business, we have a full-fledged Operational Risk under the Risk Management Unit.

5.2. Capital Management

5.2.1 Qualitative disclosures

The Board shall be primarily responsible for ensuring the current and future capital needs of the bank in relation to strategic objectives. The management shall review and understand the nature and level of various risks that the bank is confronting in the course of different business activities and how this risk relates to capital levels and accordingly implement sound risk management framework specifying control measures to tackle each risk factor.

5.2.2 Quantitative disclosures

a) Capital Structure and Capital Adequacy

i. Tier 1 capital and a breakdown of its components

		Amount in (NPR '000)
S.N	Particulars	Amount
а	Paid up Capital	828,914
b	Share Premium / Capital Reserve	3,025
c	Proposed Bonus Shares	-
d	Statutory General Reserve	185,171
e	Retained Earnings	(342,099)
f	Un-audited Current Year Cumulative Profit	-
g	Capital Adjustment Reserve	-
h	Other Free Reserves	3,629
i	Less: Deferred Tax Assets	-
j	Less: Intangible Assets	-
k	Less: Investment in equity of institutions with financial interests	-
	Core (Tier-1) Capital	678,640

ii. Tier 2 capital and a breakdown of its components

		Amount in (NPR '000)
S.N.	Particulars	Amount
а	Subordinated Term Debt	
b	General Loan Loss Provision	30,326
с	Exchange Equalization Reserve	
d	Investment Adjustment Reserve	
e	Other Reserve	
	Supplementary (Tier-2) Capital	30,377

iii. Total qualifying capital

		Amount in (NPR '000)
S. N.	Particulars	Amounts
А	Core Capital	678,640
В	Supplementary Capital	30,326
	Total Qualifying Capital (Total Capital Fund)	708,966

iv. Capital Adequacy Ratio

Capital Adequacy Ratio of the Company as per Base II as on Ashadh 2077 is 27.97% & 29.22% of Core Capital Fund and Total Capital Find respectively.

v. Summary of Company's internal approach to assess the adequacy of capital to support current and future activities, if applicable

The Company formulates an annual business plan, with prescribed plan for every business functions including deposits, lending, product developments and customer service. These plans are made in consideration of the competitive environment and business sustainability as well as overall risk inherent in banking business.

Capital Plan is a part of the Company's business plan. Capital Plan is formulated so as to fund the planned business growth and to meet regulatory requirements on minimum capital and capital adequacy.

Result of the scenario-based approach is used as input to the capital contingency plan. The financial consequences following various scenarios and potential events/actions are estimated and adequacy of capital in those scenarios is tested. The results are discussed broadly at senior management level and in board meetings.

vi. Summary of the terms, conditions and main features of all capital instruments, especially in case of subordinated term debts including hybrid capital instruments

Ordinary share capital: The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of NPR 100 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company after distribution of preferential amount. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

b) Risk Exposures

i. Risk weighted exposures for Credit Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk

		Amount in NPR '000
S.N.	Risk Weighted Exposure	Amount
a	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	2,215,150
b	Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	210,954
с	Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	-
	Total Risk Weighted Exposure	2,426,104

ii. Risk Weighted Exposures under each of 11 categories of Credit Risk

		Amount in NPR '000
S.N.	Risk Classification	RWE
а	Claims on Govt. and Central Bank	-
b	Claims on other Financial Entities	-
с	Claims on Banks	
d	Claims on Corporate and Securities Firm	351,097
e	Claims on Regulatory Retail Portfolio	1,133,783
f	Claims secured by Residential Properties	84,964
g	Claims secured by Commercial Real Estate	
h	Past due Claims	181,593
i	High Risk Claims	92,545
j	Other Assets	338,442
k	Off balance sheet items	32,726
	Total	2,215,150

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						Amount in NPR '000
A. Balance Sheet Exposure	Gross Book Value (A)	Specific Provision & Valuation Adjustments (B)	Eligible CRM	Net Value (D) (A-B-C)	Risk Weight (E)	Risk Weight Exposure (D *E)
Cash Balance	904,518	1	1	904,518	0%0	'
Balance With Nepal Rastra Bank	102,914	T		102,914	%0	•
Gold	I	T	•	I	0%0	•
Investment in Nepalese Government Securities	179,053	1	1	179,053	%0	•
All Claims on Government of Nepal	1	1	1	I	%0	•
Investment in Nepal Rastra Bank securities	I	1	•	I	%0	•
All claims on Nepal Rastra Bank	1	1		I	%0	•
Claims on Foreign Government and Central Bank (ECA 0-1)	ı	1	I	I	0%0	I
Claims on Foreign Government and Central Bank (ECA -2)	I	1	I	ı	20%	I
Claims on Foreign Government and Central Bank(ECA -3)	I	I	I	I	50%	I
Claims on Foreign Government and Central Bank(ECA-4-6)	I	I	I	I	100%	I
Claims on Foreign Government and Central Bank(ECA-7)	I	I	I	I	150%	I
Claims On BIS, IMF, ECB, EC and on Multilateral Development Banks (MDB's) recognized by the framework	I	1	I	I	0%	T
Claims on Other Multilateral Development Banks	I	I	-	I	100%	I
Claims on Public Sector Entity (ECA 0-1)	-	1	-	I	20%	•
Claims on Public Sector Entity (ECA 2)	1	1	-	I	50%	•
Claims on Public Sector Entity (ECA 3-6)	1	I	-	I	100%	
Claims on Public Sector Entity (ECA 7)	1	1	-	I	150%	1
Claims on domestic banks that meet capital adequacy requirements	I	I	I	I	20%	I
Claims on domestic banks that do not meet capital adequacy requirements	I	ı	I	'	100%	

2,182,424		3,084,000	C/ 1 ,11	700,024	4,121,100	IUIAL
265,753	100%	265,753	' !	125,625	391,378	Other Assets
I	20%	I	I	I	1	Cash in transit and other cash items in the process of collection
·	0%0	I	'	I		Interest receivable/claim on government securities
3,913	50%	7,825		T	7,825	Staff Loan secured by residential property
19,224	150%	12,816	1		12,816	Investments in equity and other capital instruments of institutions not listed in the stock exchange
49,552	100%	49,552	I	1	49,552	Investments in equity and other capital instruments of institutions listed in the stock exchange
15,682	100%	15,682	'	1	15,682	Lending against securities (bonds & shares)
76,863	150%	51,242	1		51,242	High Risk claims (Venture capital, private equity investments, personal loans and credit card receivables)
181,593	150%	121,062	1	267,658	388,720	Past due claims (except for claim secured by residential properties)
1	100%	I	I	I		Claims secured by Commercial real estate
7,092	100%	7,092	ı	32,279	39,371	Claims secured by residential properties (Overdue)
I	150%	I	I	1	I	Claims not fully secured by residential properties
77,872	60%	129,787	-	1	129,787	Claims secured by residential properties
78,112	100%	78,112	I	I	78,112	Claims fulfilling all criterion of regulatory retail except granularity
1,055,671	75%	1,407,561	11,475	1	1,419,036	Regulatory Retail Portfolio (Not Overdue)
1	150%	I	I	I	I	Claims on Foreign Corporates (ECA 7)
1	100%	I		I	I	Claims on Foreign Corporates (ECA 3-6)
1	50%	I	-	1	I	Claims on Foreign Corporates (ECA-2)
	20%	I	-	1	I	Claims on Foreign Corporates (ECA 0-1)
351,097	100%	351,097	I	1	351,097	Claims on Domestic Corporates
I	20%	ı	ı		'	Claims on foreign bank incorporated in SAARC region operating with a buffer of 1% above their respective regulatory capital requirement
I	150%	I	1	1	I	Claims on foreign bank (ECA Rating 7)
1	100%	I		I	I	Claims on foreign bank (ECA Rating 3-6)
	50%	1	•	1	1	Claims on foreign bank (ECA Rating 2)
I	20%	'	'	1		Claims on foreign bank (ECA Rating 0-1)



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(ECA Rating 0-1) ()	LC Commitments With Original Maturity Over 6 months (domestic counterparty)	I	I	I	1	50%	1
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Image <th< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>I</td><td>I</td><td>I</td><td>100%</td><td>1</td></th<>		-	I	I	I	100%	1
g committed $ 50\%$ Bank's Securities or Posting of Securities $ 50\%$ $ 100\%$ $ 100\%$ $ 100\%$ $ 100\%$ $ -$	foreign counterparty (ECA Rating -7)	1	I	I	I	150%	-
Bank's Securities or Posting of Securities100%c Agreements, Assets sale with recourse100%c Poo' reverse repo)100%spo' reverse repo)100%vment Guarantee100%uarantee100%uarantee100%s and Endorsements100%sion of Partly paid shares and Securities63,197-63,19720%Credit commitments (Short term)63,197-63,19720%	Underwriting commitments	-	I	I	I	50%	-
sets sale with recourse - - - 100% sets sale with recourse - - - 100% recourse - - - - 100% recourse - - - - 100% recourse - - - 100% - resource - - - 100% - shares and Securities - - - 100% - ints (Short term) 63,197 - - - 100% -	Lending of Bank's Securities or Posting of Securities as collateral	I	I	I	1	100%	I
1 - - - - - 100% 1 - - - - - 100% 1 - - - - - 100% 1 - - - - 100% 1 - - - 100% 1 - - - 100% 1 - - - 100% 1 - - - 100% 1 - - - - 100% 1 - - - - 100% -	Repurchase Agreements, Assets sale with recourse (including repo/ reverse repo)	I	I	I	I	100%	I
Image: Mark Series Image:	Advance Payment Guarantee	1	I	I	I	100%	-
Intersection - - - - - 100% Intersection - - - - 100% -	Financial Guarantee	-	I	I	I	100%	-
inities - - - 100% 63,197 - - 63,197 20%	Acceptances and Endorsements	-	I	I	I	100%	1
63,197 63,197 20%	Unpaid portion of Partly paid shares and Securities	-	I	I	I	100%	1
	Irrevocable Credit commitments (Short term)	63,197	I	I	63,197	20%	12,639

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Claims on foreign hank incornorated in SAARC region		-	I	I	0200	
operating with a buffer of 1% above their respective regulatory capital requirement	'		I	1	20%	I
Other Contingent Liabilities 1	19,987	'	1	19,987	100%	19,987
Unpaid Guarantee Claims			1	1	200%	1
TOTAL 8	83,384	1	'	83,384		32,726
Total RWE for credit Risk (A) +(B) 4,20	4,204,487	425,562	11,475	3,767,450		2,215,150
Adjustments under Pillar II						
Add: 10% of the loan and facilities in excess of Single Obligor Limits (6.4 a 3)						
Add: 1% of the contract(sale) value in case of the sale of credit with recourse (6.4 a 4)						
Total RWE for credit Risk (After Bank's adjustments4,20of Pillar II)1	4,204,487	425,562	11,475	3,767,450		2,215,150



d) Amount of NPAs (both Gross and Net)

		Amount in NPR '000	
Particulars	Currer	nt Year	
Particulars	Gross NPAs	Net NPAs	
Restructured / Reschedule Loans			
Sub Standard Loans	61,734,555	46,300,916	
Doubtful Loans	31,775,384	15,887,692	
Loss	271,115,456	-	
Total NPAs	359,625,395	59,688,608	

5.3. Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities

				Am	ount in NPR '000
		As	at	As	at
Financial assets	Notes	15-Ju	ıl-20	16-Jı	ıl-19
	Notes	Carrying Value	Fair value	Carrying Value	Fair value
Assets					
Assets carried at Amortized Cost					
Cash and cash equivalent	4.1	904,518	904,518	785,599	785,599
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	4.2	102,914	102,914	132,577	132,577
Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions	4.3			-	-
Loans and advances to customers	4.7	1,934,361	1,934,361	1,763,432	1,763,432
Sub Total		2,941,793	2,941,793	2,681,608	2,681,608
Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)					
Derivative financial instruments.	4.4			-	-
Investment securities	4.8	241,422	241,422	199,719	199,719
Investment in subsidiaries	4.10			-	-
Sub Total		241,422	241,422	199,719	199,719
Liabilities					
Liabilities carried at Amortized Cost					
Due to Bank and Financial Institutions	4.17	238,508	238,508	90,903	90,903
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	4.18			-	-
Deposits from customers	4.20	2,498,627	2,498,627	2,292,399	2,292,399
Debt securities issued	4.24			-	-
Sub Total		2,737,135	2,737,135	2,383,302	2,383,302
Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)					
Derivative financial instruments	4.19			-	-

5.3.1. Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Amount in NPR '000

Particulars	Fair value Hierarchy (Level)	As at 15 July 2020	As at 16 July 2019
Fair Value through profit and loss			
Financial Assets			
Forward exchange Contract			
Financial Liabilities			
Forward exchange Contract			
Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income			
Financial assets			
Investment securities at OCI			
- Quoted equity securities	1	49,552	6,902
- Unquoted equity securities	3	12,816	12,816
Investment in subsidiaries			
Total		62,368	19,718
Financial Instruments held at amortized cost			
Financial assets			
Debt securities	3		-
Government bonds	3	130,877	180,000
Government treasury bills	3	48,176	-
Nepal Rastra Bank bonds	3		-
Nepal Rastra Bank deposit instruments	3		-
Loan and advances to B/FIs	3		
Loans and advances to customers	3		
Other			
Accounts receivable			
Accrued Income			
Total			
Financial liabilities			
Due to Bank and Financial Institutions	3	238,508	90.903
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	3		
Deposits from customers	3	2,498,627	2,292,399
Borrowing			
Provisions			
Other liabilities		51,754	29,079
Debt securities issued			
Subordinated Liabilities			
Total		2,788,889	2,412,381

5.4. Operating Segment Information

5.4.1 General Information

The Company has identified its segments on the basis of its geographical business presence in seven provinces of the country.

Information about profit or loss, assets and liabilities

			Am	ount in NPR Full Figure
Particulars	Province 3	Province 4	Province 5	Total
Revenues from external customers	88,062,314	34,248,947	157,106,800	279,418,061
Intersegment revenues	-	-	-	-
Net revenues	88,062,314	34,248,947	157,106,800	279,418,061
Interest revenue	142,678,122	40,926,008	198,816,461	382,420,591
Interest expense	104,497,007	22,689,676	105,189,484	232,376,166
Net interest revenue (b)	38,181,115	18,236,332	93,626,977	150,044,425
Depreciation and amortization	4,042,121	286,932	3,014,268	7,343,321
Segment profit / (loss) before tax	16,412,868	7,839,229	40,247,312	64,499,409
Impairment of assets	198,667,125	59,558,110	90,127,338	348,352,574
Segment assets	1,907,168,024	283,996,490	1,468,335,867	3,659,500,381
Segment liabilities	1,105,404,170	276,157,260	1,428,088,556	2,809,649,986

5.4.2 Reconciliation of reportable, segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

Revenue	
Total revenue for reportable segments	382,420,591
Other revenues	
Elimination of intersegment revenues	
Entity's revenue	

Profit or Loss	
Total profit or loss for reportable segments	64,499,409
Other profit or loss	
Elimination of intersegment profits	
Profit before income tax	

Assets	
Total assets for reportable segments	3,659,500,381
Other assets	
Total assets	

Liabilities	
Total liabilities for reportable segments	2,809,649,986
Other liabilities	
Total liabilities	

5.4.3 Information about product and services

The Company offers different ranges of banking products and services across all operating segments. All branches in each segment are equipped to provide services of each type to customers through themselves or through other branch/ central units under same or different segment. However, some branches may be operated to provide specialized banking service based on management's assessment of the market niche.

5.4.4 Information about geographical areas

The operating segments identified above are based on geographical presence of the branches in seven provinces of the country.

Α	Domestic	Revenue
	Province 1	-
	Province 2	-
	Province 3	142,678,112
	Province 4	40,926,008
	Province 5	198,816,461
	Province 6	-
	Province 7	-
В	Foreign	-
	Total	382,420,591

Information about major customers

Revenue from single external customer does not exceed 10% or more of entity's revenue.

5.5. Contingent Liabilities and Commitment

Contingent Liabilities

Where the Company undertakes to make a payment on behalf of its customer for guarantees issued for which an obligation to make a payment has not arisen at the reporting date, those are included in the financial statement as contingent liabilities. Company has tax litigation of Rs 19,987,287 and liabilities for guarantee issued of Rs 200,000 is also accounted under this head as presented in schedule 4.28.

Commitments:

Where the Company has confirmed its intention to provide funds to a customer or on behalf of a customer in the form of loans, overdrafts, future guarantees, whether cancellable or not and the Company has not made payments at the Details of contingent liabilities and commitments are given in note 4.28.

5.6. Related Party Disclosures

The Company identifies its Board of Directors, Key Management Personnel comprising of the CEO and other executive officials and its Subsidiary Companies as the related parties under the requirements of NAS 24. The related parties of the Company are listed below:

Particulars	Relationship
Amir Dhoj Pradhan	Director
Milan Thapa	Director
Suraj Kshetri	Director
Krishnahari Shrestha	Director
Dipak Dhakal	Director
Bimal Prasad Dhakal	Director
Toya Raj Adhikari	Key Managerial Personnel
Rajesh Prasad Manandhar	Key Managerial Personnel
Ram Krishna Karki	Key Managerial Personnel
Manan Man Shakya	Key Managerial Personnel

5.6.1 Board Member Allowances and Facilities

All members of the Board of Directors are non-executive directors and no executive compensation is paid to the directors.

The directors are paid Meeting Fees for their attendances in meeting of the Board of Directors and other Board Level Committees. The Chairman of the Board of Directors is paid NPR 4,000 per meeting attended while other members of the board receive NPR 3,500 per meeting attended. In addition, the directors are reimbursed with Magazine and Article expenses of NPR 1,500 per month. Travelling expenses incurred for attending the meetings of the Board of Directors and other Board Level Committees are also reimbursed to the directors other than those based in Kathmandu. Directors other than those based in Kathmandu also receive daily allowance of NPR 4,000 per day for each day spent in Kathmandu for the purpose of attending the meetings of the Board of Directors.

Particulars	This Year (NPR)	Previous Year (NPR)
Board Meeting Fee	445,000.00	613,500.00
Audit Committee Fee	35,000.00	56,000.00
Risk Management Committee fee	35,000.00	28,000.00
Money Laundering Prevention Committee	28,000.00	10,500.00
Human Resource Committee Fee	10,500.00	10,500.00
Special Committee Fee(Recovery Committee)		14,000.00
Other meeting expenses	497,739.96	820,771.76

The details of the compensations paid to the directors are as under:

5.6.2 Loans and Advances extended to Promoters:

The Company has not extended any loans to promoters during the year.

5.6.3 Compensation Details for Key Management Personnel

Compensations paid to Key Management Personnel (which includes CEO and other executive officials) during the fiscal year is presented below. In addition, other non-monetary perquisites are provided to the Key Management Personnel as per the Company's Human Resource Policy and employment terms and conditions.

		Amount in NPR'000
Particulars	This Year (NPR '000)	Previous Year (NPR '000)
Salary and Allowances		
CEO	3,597.27	2,925.64
Other Key Management Personnel	1,130.97	1,718.03
Total	4,728.24	4,643.67
Other Benefits*		
CEO	717.30	143.85
Other Key Management Personnel	378.61	162.41
Total	1,095.91	306.27

Post-Employment Benefits**

*Other Benefits include Staff Bonus paid out of profit for previous year.

**Post-employment benefits are actuarially determined on overall basis for all employees.

5.7. Merger and Acquisition

The Company has acquired Synergy Finance Limited during the financial year and has started joint operation from 2075.04.17

During the financial year 2075.2076 the Company acquired Synergy Finance Limited a "C" Class licensed financial institution operating in 10 districts during the FY 2016/17 and started joint operations after transfer of all assets and liabilities of Synergy Finance on 17th Shrawan 2075. The existing shareholders of erstwhile Synergy Finance were issued ordinary equity shares of the Company at the approved share swap ratio of 1:1.

Particulars	Amount (Rs '000)
Assets Acquired	
Cash Balance	47,966
Balance with NRB	99,331
Balance with Banks And Financial Institutions	491,312
Government Bond	250,000
Investment in Shares	9,695
Provisions	-725
Loans and Advances	1,677,215
Provisions for Loans and Advances	-305,617
Fixed Assets	150,951
Non Banking Assets	34,153
Provisions For Non Banking Assets	-34,153
Interest Receivable	140,970
Interest Suspense	-140,970
Deferred Tax assets	87,774
Other Assets	101,343
Total	2,609,245
Liabilities Acquired	
Statutory General Reserve	108,215
Capital Adjustment Reserve	3,629
Deferred Tax Reserve	87,774
Share Premium	522
Corporate Social Responsibility fund	1,290
Employee Training Fund	902
Retained Earnings	-307,212
Deposits Liabilities	2,018,606
Other Liabilities	147,640
Total	2,061,366
Net Assets Acquired	547,877

The details of Fair assets and liabilities acquired from Synergy Finance Ltd. are as follows:

5.8. Events after reporting date

The Company monitors and assesses events that may have potential impact to qualify as adjusting and/or non-adjusting events after the end of the reporting period. All adjusting events are adjusted in the books with additional disclosures and non-adjusting material events are disclosed in the notes with possible financial impact, to the extent ascertainable.

There are no material events that have occurred subsequent to 15 July 2020 till the signing of this financial statement.

5.9. Investment Property (Non-Banking Assets)

Non-Banking Assets (NBA) has been shown under investment property. It has been recognized at lower of fair value of collateral or amount due at the time of assuming of NBA. During the year NBA of Rs 4,090,000 has been sold and new

NBA of Rs. 32,025,049 has been booked.

		A	mount in NPR '000
Borrower Name	Date of assuming NBA	31 Ashadh 2077	32 Ashadh 2076
Rajesh Kumar Chaurasiya	2059.08.06	2,559,952	2,559,952
Usha Shrestha	2069.02.26	7,185,061	7,185,061
Shambu Prashad Jaisawal	2065.03.29	7,417,815	7,417,815
Manel Aryal	2074.03.30	750,000	750,000
Mohamad Miya Hajam	2074 Jestha	15,120,065	15,120,065
Roshan Kumar Gauttam	2074.04.28	4,197,000	4,197,000
Devendra/Nirmaya Bhandari	2076.04.01	30,167,964	-
Shova Sapkota	2076.11.20	1,857,085	-
Tarka Bahadur Shrestha	2075.12.29	-	4,090,000
Total		69,254,942	41,319,893

5.10. Interest Income

Total interest receivable on loans and advances for 76-77 is Rs 310,643,486. Interest receivable recognized as interest income for 76-77 is Rs. 75,175,362. Rs. 27,433,827 of interest receivable recognized has been collected up to Ashwin end 2077. Interest receivable recognized as interest income is adjusted against cash interest collected up to Ashwin end 2077 and staff bonus and taxes (calculated on interest receivable recognized as interest income) before transferring to regulatory reserve as per NRB Directives. Interest income other than Rs 75,175,362 is received in cash.

During 76-77 finance has granted a total of Rs. 5,514,647 as interest rebate as per NRB direction for COVID-19. Interest rebate of 2% amounts to Rs 4,513,869 whereas interest rebate for 10% amounts to Rs 1,000,778. Rs 213,998 of interest rebate was granted up to Ashad end 2077 and Rs 5,300,649 Interest rebate was granted subsequently in 77-78 which has been accounted as Interest rebate in schedule 4.23.

5.11. Earnings per share

The Company measures earning per share on the basis of the earning attributable to the equity shareholders for the period. The number of shares is taken as the weighted average number of shares for the relevant period as required by NAS 33 Earnings per Share.

Particulars	Units	Year ended 15-Jul-20	Year ended 16-Jul-19
Profit attributable to equity shareholders (a)	NPR'000	77,326	62,724
Weighted average of number of equity shares used in computing basic earnings per share (b)	In 000	8,242	7,824
Basic and diluted earnings per equity share of Rs 100 each (a/b)	Rs	9.38	8.02
Revised basis earning per share	Rs	9.38	8.02

As there are no potential ordinary shares that would dilute current earning of equity holders, basic EPS and diluted EPS are equal for the period presented. Revised basis earning per share has been adjusted retrospectively calculated based on para 64 of NAS 33.

5.12. Proposed Distributions (Dividends and Bonus Shares)

There are no proposed distributions during the year.

5.13. Unpaid Dividends

As at the reporting date, unpaid dividend over five years amounts to as follows.

		IVI R. 000
Particulars	As at 15 July 2020	As at 16 July 2019
Not collected for more than 5 years	595	595
Not collected up to 5 years	-	-
Total	595	595

5.14. Non-performing assets

The Company's non-performing assets stood at 15.00% as at balance sheet date. The total non-performing assets as at Balance sheet date is NPR 348,352,573 and loan loss provision.

	Am	ount in NPR Full Figure
Loan Category	Current year	Previous Year
Performing Loan	2,038,245,808	1,777,212,166
Pass Loans	1,337,412,594	1,619,960,482
Watchlist Loans	700,833,214	157,251,684
Non-performing Loans	359,625,395	410,687,560
Restructured/		
Rescheduled Loans		
Substandard Loans	61,734,555	52,581,842
Doubtful Loans	26,775,384	54,645,937
Loss Loans	271,115,456	303,459,782
Gross Loans and Advances	2,397,871,203	2,187,899,726

5.15. Loans Written Off

The Company has written off loans amounting total during the year FY 2076-77.

Borrower Name	Amount
Bhagirath Chapagai	5,286.38
Janak Bahadur Waiwa	25,663.08
Bom Bahadur Thapa	33,748.32
Santosh Mudbari	54,354.73
Santosh Mudbari	3,796.8
Santosh Mudbari	2,000
Krishna Kumar Ghalan	63,941.37
Krishna Kumar Ghalan	3,796.8
Mohan Dutraj	78,682.68
Mohan Dutraj	3,796.8
Gopal Prasad Dhakal	80,875.62
Gopal Prasad Dhakal	3,796.8
Gopal Prasad Dhakal	2,000
Ganesh Gyawali	82,812.95
Sushil Kumar Khatri	92,163.21
Sushil Kumar Khatri	3,796.8
Sushil Kumar Khatri	2,000
Total	542,512.34

5.16. Concentration of Deposits, Loans & Advances and Contingents

Amount in NPR Million

Particulars	Loans & Advances and Bills Purchased		Deposits &	Borrowings	Non-F	unded
	CY	PY	CY	PY	CY	PY
Total Amount Outstanding	2,398	2,188	2,737	2,383	-	-
Highest Exposure of a Single Unit	35	35	99	90	-	-
Concentration of exposure	1.45%	1.58%	3.61%	3.80%	-	-

* CY= Current Year, PY = Previous Year

For the calculation of concentration, loans and advances is total loans extended to the customers except staff loans and interest accruals on loans and the deposits is total deposits from the customers excluding interest payables.

Single Obligor Limit and Sector-wise Limit (Directive No. 3) for both funded and non-funded are within the limit as prescribed by NRB directives.

5.17. Principal Financial Indicators

Particulars	Indicators	F. Y. 2072/2073*	F. Y. 2073/2074*	F. Y. 2074/2075*	F. Y. 2075/2076	F. Y. 2076/2077
1. Percentage of Net Profit/Gross Income	%	51%	-24%	102%	20%	47%
2. Earnings Per Share	NPR	1.77	(2.39)	14.31	12.06	9.38
3. Market Value per Share	NPR	-	410.00	120.00	101.00	96.00
4. Price Earning Ratio	Ratio	-	(171.59)	8.39	8.37	10.23
5. Dividend on share capital (Bonus share + Cash dividend)	%	-	-	-	-	-
6. Cash Dividend on share capital	%	-	-	-	-	-
7. Interest Income/Loans & Advances and Investments	%	2.40%	10.77%	13.94%	20.61%	17.29%
8. Employee Expenses/Total Operating Expenses	%	51.80%	21.62%	51.04%	51.98%	56.24%
9. Interest Expenses on Total Deposits and Borrowings	%	4.25%	5.56%	7.31%	7.33%	9.08%
10. Exchange Fluctuation Gain/Total Income	%	-	-	-	-	-
11. Staff Bonus/ Total Staff Expenses	%	-	-	49.65%	18.83%	10.65%
12. Net Profit/Loans & Advances	%	1.36%	-2.63%	15.18%	5.37%	3.88%
13. Net Profit/ Total Assets	%	2.83%	-2.40%	0.09%	3.02%	2.24%
14. Total Credit/Deposit	%	169.57%	173.40%	133.52%	76.36%	85.35%
15. Total Operating Expenses/Total Assets	%	18.76%	16.84%	3.82%	3.93%	3.46%
16. Adequacy of Capital Fund on Risk Weightage Assets						
a. Core Capital	%	0.29%	29.46%	59.43%	31.03%	27.97%
b. Supplementary Capital	%	0.01%	0.10%	0.40%	1.31%	1.25%
c. Total Capital Fund	%	0.30%	29.56%	59.83%	32.34%	29.22%
17. Liquidity (CRR)	%	10.64%	14.27%	5.86%	5.29%	3.34%
18. Non Performing Loans/Total Loans	%	99.69%	84.93%	49.29%	18.46%	15.00%
19. Weighted Average Interest Rate Spread	%	6.97%	4.80%	14.78%	4.81%	5.97%
20. Base Rate	%	-	28.86%	26.60%	15.48%	12.50%
21. LCY Interest Spread (Calculated as per NRB Directive)	%	6.97%	4.80%	14.78%	4.81%	5.97%
22. Book Net worth Rs in Lacs	NPR	151	979	2,200	7,246	8,499
23. Total Shares	Number	1,322,280	1,322,280	2,975,130	8,100,158	8,289,138
24. Net Worth Per Share	NPR	-	140.76	135.71	141.81	102.53
25. Total Employees	Number	28	17	21	122	121

*Figures for FY upto 2074/75 are as per previous GAAP

SN	Name of Shareholder	No of Shares	%
1	Rajendra Kumar Sharma	631,741.00	7.62
2	Robinda Prasad Shrestha	413,412.00	4.99
3	Devendra Prasad Dhoju	374,841.77	4.52
4	Rajendra Prasad Dhoju	351,022.00	4.23
5	Chitra Kumar Shrestha	342,301.40	4.13
6	Indra Lal Shrestha	200,584.00	2.42
7	Ramvha Shrestha	165,231.27	1.99
8	Laxmi Shrestha	158,094.00	1.91
9	Milan Thapa	145,586.00	1.76
10	Kumar Poudel	139,000.00	1.68
11	Ran Kumari Shrestha	130,026.00	1.57
12	Yubaraj Sharma	100,809.00	1.22
13	Durga Vohra	88,071.00	1.06
14	Gauri Shrestha	75,582.00	0.91
15	Jamuna Kumari Thapa	70,000.00	0.84
16	Nachong Gurung	63,437.00	0.77
17	Amulya Manandhar	58,967.00	0.71
18	Bikas Bahadur Shrestha	58,954.00	0.71
19	Rahul Agrawal	57,517.00	0.69
20	Bishnu Bahadur K.C	56,340.00	0.68
21	Manita Khatri	52,340.00	0.63
22	Ram Krishna Neupane	52,152.00	0.63
23	Ram Hari Neupane	50,026.00	0.60
24	Gauri Shrestha	44,460.00	0.54
25	Nirmala Kumari Suwal	43,604.00	0.53
26	Kapoor Prasad Vaijoo	42,902.00	0.52

5.18. Shareholders holding more than 0.5% Shares

5.19. Reserves

5.19.1 General Reserve

The movement in general reserve during the year is as follows:

		Amount in NPR 000
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Opening Balance	169,706,215	48,945,909
Transfer as per BAFIA	15,465,141	12,544,831
Transfer from Synergy	-	108,215,475
Closing balance	185,171,356	169,706,215

And a start in NDD (000

As required by Section 44 of Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 2073 (BAFIA), 20% of the current year's net profit amounting to NPR 15,232,641 (Previous Year NPR 12,544,831) has been transferred to General Reserve.

5.19.2 Fair Value Reserve

Fair value Reserve as at 31Ashad 2077 (15 July 2020) stands at NPR 4,784,888. During the year, Available for Sale investments are marked to market on a regular basis and the difference is adjusted through OCI reserve which amounts to Rs. 1,735,204 net of taxes. A ctuarial gain of Rs 3,049,684 net of taxes has been credited during the year in the account.

5.19.3 Corporate Social Responsibility

As per the NRB directive no. 6.16 on the Corporate Social Responsibility, the Company has allocated 1% of the net profit of current fiscal year for CSR activities.

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Opening CSR Fund	2,166,022	425,692
Add: 1% profit this year	773,257	627,242
Transfer from Synergy Finance	-	1,290,459
Less: CSR Expenses	426,673	177,370
Closing CSR Fund	2,512,606	2,166,022

5.19.4 Employees Training Fund

NRB Directive 6 requires BFI to incur expenses towards employee training and development equivalent to at least 3% of the preceding year's total staff expenses which amounts to NPR 2,002,278 (excluding staff bonus). Total training expenses of this year amounted to NPR 497,781.

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Opening Fund	502,820	112,043
Transfer from Synergy	-	902,195
Add: 3% of Last year staff expenses	-	267,373
Actual Staff training	497,781	640,826
Amount transferred from P/L Appropriation	-	-
Expenses incurred through the fund	497,781	(511,419)
Closing Training fund	5,039	502,820

5.19.5 Regulatory Reserve

During the year regulatory reserve has been credited for Rs 53,158,040 and Rs 877, 526 has been reversed. Movement in regulatory reserve during 2076-77 is presented below

	Mov	ement During the	Closing Balance	
Particulars	Opening Balance 75-76	Addition during 76-77	Reversal during 76-77	76-77
Investment Property	26,031,533	17,599,082	-	43,630,615
Interest Income	11,250,631	18,826,538	-	30,077,179
Actuarial Loss/(gain) on Gratuity	-	4,356,691	-	4,356,691
Provision for Investment	877,526	-	(877,526)	-
Bargain purchase Gain	73,468,098	-	-	73,468,098
Deferred Tax Assets	-	12,375,729	-	12,375,729
Total	111,627,788	53,158,040	(877,526)	163,908,302

5.20 Property Plant and Equipment

Property Plant and Equipment has been restated in financial statements. Restatement impact of Rs. 699,081.31(gain) has been adjusted against Opening retained earnings in financial statements.

5.21 Retained Earnings

Opening Retained earnings has been adjusted by Rs 708,666. Rs 699,081.31 relates to restatement of property plant and equipment and Rs 9,585 is adjustment regarding inter head adjustments.



नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक वित्त कम्पनी सुपरिवेक्षण विभाग गैर-स्थलगत सुपरिवेक्षण इकाई केन्द्रीय कार्यालय बालुवाटार, काठमाडौँ फोन : ४४१९६०४/४४१९२५० फ्याक्स : ४४१५१८ इमेल : fsidreportsfc@nrb.org.np Web : <u>www.nrb.org.np</u> पोष्ट बक्स : ७३

मिति २०७७/१२/०८

पत्रसंख्याः- वि.कं.सु.वि./अफसाइट/एजिएम/**१५**/२० श्री **बेप्ट फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड** किमलादी, काठमाडौँ ।



महाशय,

तहाँवाट पेश गरिएका वित्तीय विवरण तथा अन्य कागजातका आधारमा प्रचलित कानुनी व्यवस्थाको पालना गर्ने गरी आ.व. २०७६/७७ को वार्षिक हिसाब वार्षिक साधारण सभामा स्वीकृतिको लागि पेश गरी सार्वजनिक गर्न देहायको निर्देशन सहित सहमति प्रदान गरिएको व्यहोरा निर्णयानुसार अनुरोध गर्दछ ।

- यस बैंकले दिएका निर्देशन पालना गर्न तथा लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा उल्लेख गरिएका कैफियतहरु सुधार गर्न तथा त्यस्ता कैफियतहरु पुनः दोहोरिन नदिने व्यवस्था गर्नुहन ।
- २. नियमित रुपमा System Audit गर्ने व्यवस्था मिलाउनु हुन ।
- ३. यस बैंकबाट जारी एकीकृत निर्देशन बमोजिम सुशासन इकाइ गठन गरी जानकारी दिन् हुन ।
- ४. यस बैंकबाट जारी ब्याज आम्दानी लेखाडून सम्बन्धी मार्गदर्शन पूर्ण रुपमा लागू गर्नु हन ।
- संस्थाले सकार गरेको गैर बैड्रिङ्ग सम्पत्ति यथाशीघ्र संस्थाको नाममा ल्याउन् हन ।
- ६. सम्पत्ति शुद्धीकरण (मनी लाउण्डरिङ्ग) निवारण ऐन, २०६४(दोस्रो संशोधन, २०७०), सम्पत्ति शुद्धीकरण (मनि लाउण्डरिङ्ग) निवारण नियमावली, २०७३ तथा नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट जारी भएको एकीकृत निर्देशन तथा परिपत्रका व्यवस्थाहरुको पूर्ण पालना गर्न संचालक समिति र प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृतको ध्यानाकर्षण गराइन्छ।
- ७. कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ को दफा १८२(९) बमोर्जिम साधारणसभाबाट स्वीकृत भई ४ वर्षसम्म पनि दावी नपरेको भुक्तानी दिन बाँकी लाभाशलाई लगानीकर्ता संरक्षण कोषमा दाखिला गर्नुहुन ।

उपर्युक्त निर्देशनलाई त्यस संस्थाको वार्षिक प्रतिवेदनको छुट्टै पानामा प्रकाशित गर्नु हुन अनुरोध गर्दछु ।

भवदीय,

(अपिल सुबेदी) संहायक निर्देशक

<u>बोधार्थ</u>ः

- नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक
 - बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था नियमन विभाग।
- २. वित्त कम्पनी सुपरिवेक्षण विभाग, प्रतिवेदन कार्यान्वयन इकाई, बेष्ट फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड ।

आ.ब. २०७६ ⁄ ०७७ को वित्तिय विवरण प्रकाशनको लागि नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट प्राप्त भएको निर्देशन सम्बन्धमा संचालक समितिको प्रतिक्रिया

नेपाल राष्ट बैकद्धारा यस संस्थाको २४ औं साधारणसभा प्रयोजनको लागि आ.ब. २०७६/०७७ को वित्तिय विवरण प्रकाशन गर्न दिईएको निर्देशनहरुमा देहाय बमोजिमका संचालक समितिको प्रतिक्रिया तयार गरी नेपाल राष्ट बैकमा पेश गर्ने तथा वार्षिक प्रतिवेदनमा छटै पानामा प्रकाहशन गर्ने निर्णय गरियो।

- तहांबाट दिएका निर्देशनहरुको पालना तथा लेखापरिक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा उल्लेख गरिएका कैफियतहरुको सुधार तथा अन्पालना गर्ने तथा त्यस्ता कैफियतहरु प्नः दोहोरिन नदिने आवश्यक व्यवस्था मिलाइने व्यहोरा अन्रोध छ ।
- २. तहांको निर्देशन बमोजिम नियमित रुपमा System Audit गर्ने व्यवस्था मिलाइने व्यहोरा अनुरोध छ ।
- ३. ने.रा.बै. बाट जारी एकीकृत निर्देशन बमोजिम सुशासन इकाइ गठन गरी जानकारी पठाइने व्यहोरा अनुरोध छ ।
- ४. ने.रा.बै. बाट जारी आम्दानी लेखाङ्कन सम्बन्धी मार्गदर्शन पुर्ण रुपमा लागु गरिने व्यहोरा अनुरोध छ ।
- ४. संस्थाले सकार गरेको गैर बैंकिङ्ग सम्पति संस्थाको नाममा ल्याइसकेको व्यहोरा अनुरोध छ ।
- ६. सम्पती शुद्धिकरण (मनि लाउण्डरिङ्ग) निवारण ऐन, २०६४ (दोस्रो संशोधन, २०७०), सम्पती शुद्धिकरण (मनि लाउण्डरिङ्ग) निवारण नियमावली, २०७३ तथा नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट जारी भएको एकीकृत निर्देशन तथा परिपत्रका व्यवस्थाहरुको पूर्ण पालना गरिने व्यहोरा अनुरोध छ।
- ७. कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ को दफा १८२(९) बमोजिम साधारणसभाबाट स्वीकृत भई ४ बर्षसम्म पनि दावी नपरेको भुक्तानी दिन बाँकी लाभाशंलाई लगानीकर्ता संरक्षण कोषमा दाखिला गर्न दिइएको निर्देशन अनुसार गरिने व्यहोरा अनुरोध छ ।



नोट तथा टिपोट

प्रतिनिधि (प्रोक्सी) नियुक्त गर्ने निवेदन फारम

श्री सञ्चालक समिति बेष्ट फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड कमलादी, काठमाडौँ

विषय : प्रतिनिधि (प्रोक्सी) नियुक्त गरेको बारे।

महाशय,

लाई प्रतिनिधि मनोनित गरी पठाएको छु/छौं।

निवेदकः

दस्तखत	:
नाम	:
ठेगाना	:
शेयर प्रमाण पत्र नं.	:
D-Mat No.	:
जम्मा शेयर संख्या	:
मितिः	:

<u>द्रष्टव्यः</u>

प्रतिनिधि नियुक्त गर्न चाहने शेयरधनीले संस्थाको अर्को शेयरधनीलाई मात्र प्रतिनिधि नियुक्त गर्न सक्नु हुनेछ र सो सम्बन्धी प्रोक्सी फारम सभा शुरु हुनु भन्दा ४८ घण्टा अगावै संस्थाको प्रधान कार्यालय, कमलादी, काठमाडौंमा बुफाई सक्नु पर्नेछ ।

बेष्ट फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड

प्रधान कार्यालय, कमलादी, काठमाडौं

चौबिसौं वार्षिक साधारण सभामा उपस्थित हुन जारी गरिएको

प्रवेश-पत्र

कम्पनी सचिव

(सभामा भाग लिन आउंदा यो प्रवेश पत्रमा शेयरधनीको नाम, दस्तखत, साधारण शेयरको प्र.प.नं., साधारण शेयर संख्या तथा शेयरधनी परिचय नं. अनिवार्य रुपमा उल्लेख गरी साथै लिई आउनुपर्नेछ 1)